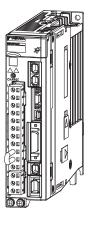
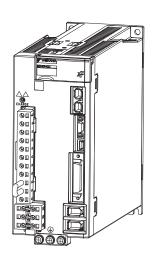
YASKAWA

Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-III Communications Standard Servo Profile Command Manual

 Σ_{I}^{T}





MECHATROLINK-III
Communication Settings

Command Format

Main Commands

Subcommands

Operation Sequence

Function/Command Related Parameters

Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands

Common Parameters

Virtual Memory Space

MANUAL NO. SIEP S800001 31E

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the information contained in this publication.

About this Manual

This manual describes the specifications of standard servo profile commands used in MECHATROLINK-III communications for the following MECHATROLINK-III communications reference input type SERVOPACKs, the basic operations using these commands, and the parameters for these commands.

- Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACKs (Models: SGD7S-□□□□20□)
- Σ-7-Series Σ-7W SERVOPACKs (Models: SGD7W-□□□□20□)

Read and understand this manual to ensure correct usage of the Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives.

Keep this manual in a safe place so that it can be referred to whenever necessary.

- Supported Profile Version: Ver. 1.0
- Targeted Readers

Users who incorporate the standard servo profile commands in controllers Users who design applications for host controllers that use standard servo profile commands directly

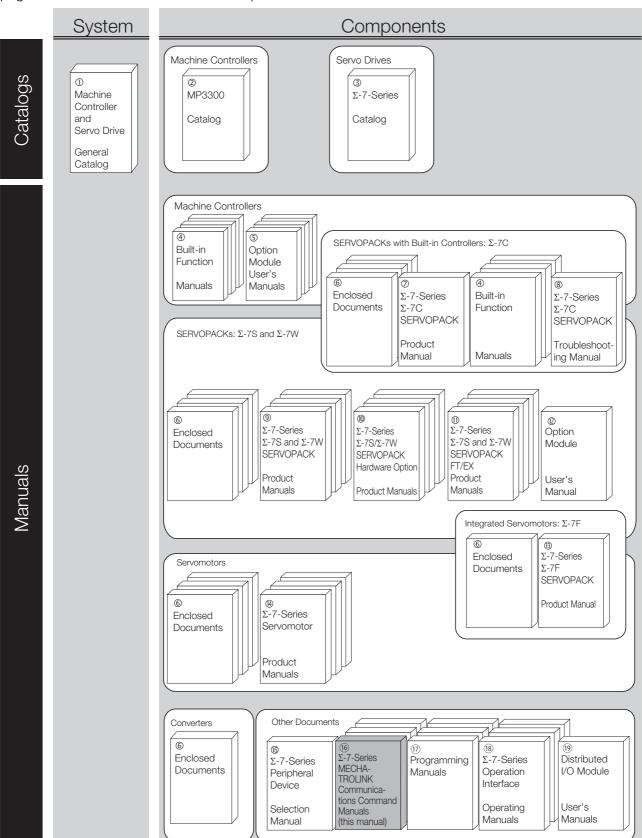
Outline of Manual

The contents of the chapters of this manual are described in the following table. Refer to these chapters as required.

Chapter	Chapter Title	Contents
1	MECHATROLINK-III Communication Settings	Provides detailed information on MECHATROLINK-III communications.
2	Command Format	Describes the common specifications for all commands and the command format.
3	Main Commands	Provides detailed information on the main commands.
4	Subcommands	Provides detailed information on the subcommands.
5	Operation Sequence	Describes basic operation sequences using MECHATROLINK-III communications.
6	Function/Command Related Parameters	Describes the parameter settings required for executing commands and functions.
7	Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands	Describes the alarms and warnings that may occur in MECHA-TROLINK-III communications.
8	Common Parameters	Provides detailed information on the common parameters.
9	Virtual Memory Space	Provides detailed information on the virtual memory space.

Related Documents

The relationships between the documents that are related to the Servo Drives are shown in the following figure. The numbers in the figure correspond to the numbers in the table on the following pages. Refer to these documents as required.



Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
Machine Controller and Servo Drive General Catalog	Machine Controller and AC Servo Drive Solutions Catalog	KAEP S800001 22	Describes the features and application examples for combinations of MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives.
② MP3300 Catalog	Machine Controller MP3300	KAEP C880725 03	Provides detailed information on MP3300 Machine Controllers, including features and specifications.
③ Σ-7-Series Catalog	AC Servo Drives Σ-7 Series	KAEP S800001 23	Provides detailed information on Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives, including features and specifications.
0	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Motion Control User's Manual	SIEP S800002 03	Provides detailed information on the specifications, system configuration, and application methods of the Motion Control Function Modules (SVD, SVC4, and SVR4) for Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
Built-in Function Manuals	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Communications User's Manual	SIEP C880725 12	Provides detailed information on the specifications, system configuration, and communications connection methods for the Ethernet communications that are used with MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ -7-Series Σ -7C SERVO-PACKs.
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Communication Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 04	
⑤ Option Module User's Manuals	Machine Controller MP2000 Series 262IF-01 FL-net Communication Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 36	Provide detailed information on the specifications and communications methods for the Communications Modules that can be mounted to MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVO-
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series 263IF-01 EtherNet/IP Communications Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 39	PACKs.
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series I/O Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 34	
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Analog Input/Analog Output Module AI-01/AO-01 User's Manual	SIEP C880700 26	Provide detailed information on the specifications and communications methods for the I/O Modules that can be mounted to MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Counter Module CNTR-01 User's Manual	SIEP C880700 27	Continued on part page

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Continued from previous page. Description
Ciassilication	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive	Document No.	Provides detailed information for
	Σ-7S, Σ-7W, and Σ-7C SER- VOPACK Safety Precautions	TOMP C710828 00	the safe usage of Σ -7-Series SERVOPACKs.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Safety Precautions Option Module	TOBP C720829 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Option Modules.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Command Option Module	TOBP C720829 01	Provides detailed procedures for installing a Command Option Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Fully-closed Module	TOBP C720829 03	Provides detailed procedures for installing the Fully-Closed Module in a SERVOPACK.
© Enclosed Documents	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Safety Module	TOBP C720829 06	Provides detailed procedures for installing the Safety Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide INDEXER Module	TOBP C720829 02	Provides detailed procedures for installing the INDEXER Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide DeviceNet Module	TOBP C720829 07	Provides detailed procedures for installing the DeviceNet Module in a SERVOPACK.
	AC Servo Drive Rotary Servomotor Safety Precautions	TOBP C230260 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Rotary Servomo- tors and Direct Drive Servomotors.
	AC Servomotor Linear Σ Series Safety Precautions	TOBP C230800 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Linear Servomotors.
	Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ -7F Integrated Servomotor Safety Precautions	TOMP C710828 05	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Σ -7-Series Σ -7F Integrated Servomotors.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7F Converter Safety Precautions	TOMP C710828 06	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Σ -7-Series Σ -7F Converters.
⑦ Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACK Product Manual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Product Manual	SIEP S800002 04	Provides detailed information on selecting Σ -7-Series Σ -7C SERVO-PACKs; installing, connecting, setting, testing in trial operation, and tuning Servo Drives; writing, monitoring, and maintaining programs; and other information.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Troubleshooting Manual	SIEP S800002 07	Provides detailed troubleshooting information for Σ -7-Series Σ -7C SERVOPACKs.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-III Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 28	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-II Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 27	
⑤Σ-7-SeriesΣ-78/Σ-7W	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 26	Provide detailed information on selecting Σ -7-Series Σ -7S and Σ -7W SERVOPACKs; installing, connecting, setting, testing in trial operation, tuning, monitoring, and maintaining Server Drives; and other information.
Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK Command Option Attachable Type with INDEXER Module Product Manual	SIEP S800001 64	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK Command Option Attachable Type with DeviceNet Module Product Manual	SIEP S800001 70	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-III Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 29	
© Σ-7-Series Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK with Hard- ware Option Specifica- tions Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifica- tions Dynamic Brake Product Manual	SIEP S800001 73	Provide detailed information on Hardware Options for Σ-7-Series
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W/Σ-7C SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifica- tions HWBB Function Product Manual	SIEP S800001 72	SERVOPACKS.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Continued from previous page. Description
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Index- ing Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 84	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Track- ing Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 89	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7-S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Application with Special Motor, SGM7D Motor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 91	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Press and Injection Molding Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 94	
^① Σ-7-Series	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Transfer and Alignment Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 95	Provide detailed information on the FT/EX Option for Σ-7-Series SERVOPACKs.
Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK FT/EX Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Torque/Force Assistance for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 09	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Cutting Application Feed Shaft Motor Product Manual	SIEP S800002 10	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Three-Point Latching for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 17	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Semi-/Fully-Closed Loop Control Online Switching for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 27	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Gantry Applications Product Manual	SIEP S800002 29	
© Option Module User's Manual	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series User's Manual Safety Module	SIEP C720829 06	Provides detailed information required for the design and maintenance of a Safety Module.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
Giassification	Document Name	Document No.	Provides detailed information on
[®] Σ-7-Series Σ-7F SERVOPACK Product Manual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800002 24	selecting Σ -7-Series Σ -7F Integrated Servomotors and Σ -7F Converters; installing, connecting, setting, testing in trial operation, tuning, monitoring, and maintaining Server Drives; and other information.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Rotary Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 36	
ΦΣ-7-SeriesServomotorProduct Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Linear Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 37	Provide detailed information on selecting, installing, and connecting the Σ -7-Series Servomotors.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Direct Drive Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 38	
[®] Σ-7 Series Peripheral Device Selection Manual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Peripheral Device Selection Manual	SIEP S800001 32	Provides detailed information required to select cables, peripheral devices, and options for Σ -7-Series Servo Systems.
® Σ-7-Series	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-II Communications Command Manual	SIEP S800001 30	Provides detailed information on the MECHATROLINK-II communications commands that are used for a Σ-7-Series Servo System.
MECHATROLINK Communications Command Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-III Communications Standard Servo Profile Command Manual	This manual (SIEP S800001 31)	Provides detailed information on the MECHATROLINK-III communications standard servo profile commands that are used for a Σ -7-Series Servo System.
	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Ladder Programming Manual	SIEP C880725 13	Provides detailed information on the ladder programming specifications and instructions for MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
Trogramming Manuals	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Motion Programming Manual	SIEP C880725 14	Provides detailed information on the motion programming and sequence programming specifications and instructions for MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
18	Machine Controller MP2000/MP3000 Series Engineering Tool MPE720 Version 7 User's Manual	SIEP C880761 03	Describes in detail how to operate MPE720 version 7.
Σ-7 Series Operation Interface Operating Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Digital Operator Operating Manual	SIEP S800001 33	Describes the operating procedures for a Digital Operator for a Σ-7-Series Servo System.
	AC Servo Drive Engineering Tool SigmaWin+ Operation Manual	SIET S800001 34	Provides detailed operating procedures for the SigmaWin+ Engineering Tool for a Σ -7-Series Servo System.
® Distributed I/O Module User's Manuals	MECHATROLINK-III Compatible I/O Module User's Manual	SIEP C880781 04	Describes the functions, specifications, operating methods, and MECHATROLINK-III communications for the Remote I/O Modules for MP2000/MP3000-Series Machine Controllers.

<lssued by the MECHATROLINK Members Association>

Document Name	Document Number
MECHATROLINK-III Protocol Specifications	MMA TDEP 020A
MECHATROLINK-III Command Specifications for Standard Servo Profile	MMA TDEP 021A

Using This Manual

◆ Technical Terms Used in This Manual

The following terms are used in this manual.

Basic Term	Meaning
Transmission Cycle	The transmission cycle is the cycle in the MAC (Media Access Control) layer. It is the communication cycle for physically sending data to the transmission path. The transmission cycle is unaffected by the services provided by the application layer.
Communication Cycle	The communication cycle is the cycle for application layer. The communication cycle is set to an integral multiple of the transmission cycle.
Synchronous Commands (Classification S)	For commands of this type, commands are sent and response are received every communication cycle. The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are refreshed and checked every communication cycle. Synchronous commands can be used only during synchronous communications (Phase 3).
Asynchronous Com- mands (Classification A)	For commands of this type, commands are sent and response are received asynchronously to the communication cycle. Subsequent commands can be sent after confirming the completion of processing of the slave station that received the command. The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are not checked.
Common Commands	Commands that are common for MECHATROLINK-III communications, independent of profiles
Servo Commands	Commands that are defined in the standard servo profile and specific to SERVOPACKs
Motion Commands	Among servo commands, the following commands are called motion commands. INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, and TRQCTRL
Absolute Encoder	The general term used for absolute encoders with batteries and batteryless absolute encoders. In cases where the general term causes confusion, the term "batteryless absolute encoder" may also be used.



Be sure that you fully understand each command and use the commands in the order appropriate for your application.

Incorrect usage of the commands can result not only unexpected motions, but in a serious accident. Special care and verification must be taken for usage of the commands in order to avoid accidents. Be sure to also establish safety measures for the system.

This manual does not apply to users who use MP-series motion controllers for controlling Σ -7-Series SERVOPACKs.

◆ Differences in Terms for Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors

There are differences in the terms that are used for Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors. This manual primarily describes Rotary Servomotors. If you are using a Linear Servomotor, you need to interpret the terms as given in the following table.

Rotary Servomotors	Linear Servomotors
torque	force
moment of inertia	mass
rotation	movement
forward rotation and reverse rotation	forward movement and reverse movement
CW and CCW pulse trains	forward and reverse pulse trains
rotary encoder	linear encoder
absolute rotary encoder	absolute linear encoder
incremental rotary encoder	incremental linear encoder
unit: min ⁻¹	unit: mm/s
unit: N·m	unit: N

Notation Used in this Manual

■ Notation for Reverse Signals

The names of reverse signals (i.e., ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal abbreviation.

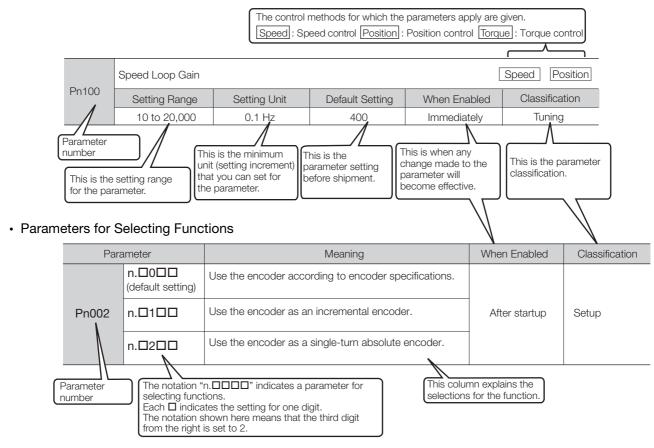
Notation Example

BK is written as /BK.

■ Notation for Parameters

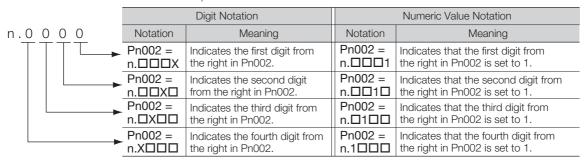
The notation depends on whether the parameter requires a numeric setting (parameter for numeric setting) or requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

· Parameters for Numeric Settings



Notation Example

Notation Examples for Pn002



♦ Trademarks

- MECHATROLINK is a trademark of the MECHATROLINK Members Association.
- Other product names and company names are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective company. "TM" and the ® mark do not appear with product or company names in this manual.

◆ Visual Aids

The following aids are used to indicate certain types of information for easier reference.



Indicates precautions or restrictions that must be observed. Also indicates alarm displays and other precautions that will not result in machine damage.



Indicates definitions of difficult terms or terms that have not been previously explained in this manual.

Example Indicates operating or setting examples.

Information Indicates supplemental information to deepen understanding or useful information.

Safety Precautions

Safety Information

To prevent personal injury and equipment damage in advance, the following signal words are used to indicate safety precautions in this document. The signal words are used to classify the hazards and the degree of damage or injury that may occur if a product is used incorrectly. Information marked as shown below is important for safety. Always read this information and heed the precautions that are provided.

DANGER

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, are likely to result in loss of life, serious injury, or fire.

WARNING

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in loss of life, serious injury, or fire.

M CAUTION

 Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, or in fire.

NOTICE

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in property damage.

Safety Precautions That Must Always Be Observed

General Precautions

DANGER

- Read and understand this manual to ensure the safe usage of the product.
- Keep this manual in a safe, convenient place so that it can be referred to whenever necessary. Make sure that it is delivered to the final user of the product.
- Do not remove covers, cables, connectors, or optional devices while power is being supplied to the SERVOPACK.

There is a risk of electric shock, operational failure of the product, or burning.

WARNING

- Use a power supply with specifications (number of phases, voltage, frequency, and AC/DC type) that are appropriate for the product.
 There is a risk of burning, electric shock, or fire.
- Connect the ground terminals on the SERVOPACK and Servomotor to ground poles according to local electrical codes (100 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 100-VAC or 200-VAC power supply, and 10 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 400-VAC power supply). There is a risk of electric shock or fire.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the product.
 There is a risk of fire or failure.
 The warranty is void for the product if you disassemble, repair, or modify it.

CAUTION

- The SERVOPACK heat sinks, regenerative resistors, External Dynamic Brake Resistors, Servomotors, and other components can be very hot while power is ON or soon after the power is turned OFF. Implement safety measures, such as installing covers, so that hands and parts such as cables do not come into contact with hot components.
 There is a risk of burn injury.
- For a 24-VDC power supply, use a power supply device with double insulation or reinforced insulation.

There is a risk of electric shock.

- Do not damage, pull on, apply excessive force to, place heavy objects on, or pinch cables. There is a risk of failure, damage, or electric shock.
- The person who designs the system that uses the hard wire base block safety function must have a complete knowledge of the related safety standards and a complete understanding of the instructions in this document.

There is a risk of injury, product damage, or machine damage.

 Do not use the product in an environment that is subject to water, corrosive gases, or flammable gases, or near flammable materials.

There is a risk of electric shock or fire.

- Do not attempt to use a SERVOPACK or Servomotor that is damaged or that has missing parts.
- Install external emergency stop circuits that shut OFF the power supply and stops operation immediately when an error occurs.
- In locations with poor power supply conditions, install the necessary protective devices (such as AC reactors) to ensure that the input power is supplied within the specified voltage range.
 There is a risk of damage to the SERVOPACK.
- Use a Noise Filter to minimize the effects of electromagnetic interference. Electronic devices used near the SERVOPACK may be affected by electromagnetic interference.
- Always use a Servomotor and SERVOPACK in one of the specified combinations.
- Do not touch a SERVOPACK or Servomotor with wet hands.
 There is a risk of product failure.

■ Storage Precautions

M CAUTION

 Do not place an excessive load on the product during storage. (Follow all instructions on the packages.)

There is a risk of injury or damage.

NOTICE

- Do not install or store the product in any of the following locations.
 - · Locations that are subject to direct sunlight
 - · Locations that are subject to ambient temperatures that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to relative humidities that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to condensation as the result of extreme changes in temperature
 - · Locations that are subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - · Locations that are near flammable materials
 - · Locations that are subject to dust, salts, or iron powder
 - Locations that are subject to water, oil, or chemicals
 - Locations that are subject to vibration or shock that exceeds product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to radiation

If you store or install the product in any of the above locations, the product may fail or be damaged.

■ Transportation Precautions

↑ CAUTION

- Transport the product in a way that is suitable to the mass of the product.
- Do not use the eyebolts on a SERVOPACK or Servomotor to move the machine. There is a risk of damage or injury.
- When you handle a SERVOPACK or Servomotor, be careful of sharp parts, such as the corners. There is a risk of injury.
- Do not place an excessive load on the product during transportation. (Follow all instructions on the packages.)

There is a risk of injury or damage.

- Do not hold onto the front cover or connectors when you move a SERVOPACK.
 There is a risk of the SERVOPACK falling.
- A SERVOPACK or Servomotor is a precision device. Do not drop it or subject it to strong shock. There is a risk of failure or damage.
- Do not subject connectors to shock.

 There is a risk of faulty connections or damage.
- If disinfectants or insecticides must be used to treat packing materials such as wooden frames, plywood, or pallets, the packing materials must be treated before the product is packaged, and methods other than fumigation must be used.

Example: Heat treatment, where materials are kiln-dried to a core temperature of 56°C for 30 minutes or more.

If the electronic products, which include stand-alone products and products installed in machines, are packed with fumigated wooden materials, the electrical components may be greatly damaged by the gases or fumes resulting from the fumigation process. In particular, disinfectants containing halogen, which includes chlorine, fluorine, bromine, or iodine can contribute to the erosion of the capacitors.

Do not overtighten the eyebolts on a SERVOPACK or Servomotor.
 If you use a tool to overtighten the eyebolts, the tapped holes may be damaged.

■ Installation Precautions

CAUTION

- Install the Servomotor or SERVOPACK in a way that will support the mass given in technical documents.
- Install SERVOPACKs, Servomotors, regenerative resistors, and External Dynamic Brake Resistors on nonflammable materials.

Installation directly onto or near flammable materials may result in fire.

 Provide the specified clearances between the SERVOPACK and the control panel as well as with other devices.

There is a risk of fire or failure.

- Install the SERVOPACK in the specified orientation. There is a risk of fire or failure.
- Do not step on or place a heavy object on the product. There is a risk of failure, damage, or injury.
- Do not allow any foreign matter to enter the SERVOPACK or Servomotor.
 There is a risk of failure or fire.

- Do not install or store the product in any of the following locations.
 - · Locations that are subject to direct sunlight
 - · Locations that are subject to ambient temperatures that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to relative humidities that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to condensation as the result of extreme changes in temperature
 - Locations that are subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - · Locations that are near flammable materials
 - · Locations that are subject to dust, salts, or iron powder
 - Locations that are subject to water, oil, or chemicals
 - · Locations that are subject to vibration or shock that exceeds product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to radiation

If you store or install the product in any of the above locations, the product may fail or be damaged.

- Use the product in an environment that is appropriate for the product specifications. If you use the product in an environment that exceeds product specifications, the product may fail or be damaged.
- A SERVOPACK or Servomotor is a precision device. Do not drop it or subject it to strong shock.
 There is a risk of failure or damage.
- Always install a SERVOPACK in a control panel.
- Do not allow any foreign matter to enter a SERVOPACK or a Servomotor with a Cooling Fan and do not cover the outlet from the Servomotor's cooling fan.
 There is a risk of failure.

Wiring Precautions

A DANGER

Do not change any wiring while power is being supplied.
 There is a risk of electric shock or injury.

WARNING

- Wiring and inspections must be performed only by qualified engineers. There is a risk of electric shock or product failure.
- Check all wiring and power supplies carefully.

 Incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application to the output circuits may cause short-circuit failures. If a short-circuit failure occurs as a result of any of these causes, the holding brake will not work. This could damage the machine or cause an accident that may result in death or injury.
- Connect the AC and DC power supplies to the specified SERVOPACK terminals.
 - Connect an AC power supply to the L1, L2, and L3 terminals and the L1C and L2C terminals on the SERVOPACK.
 - Connect a DC power supply to the B1/⊕ and ⊕2 terminals and the L1C and L2C terminals on the SERVOPACK.

There is a risk of failure or fire.

 If you use a SERVOPACK that supports a Dynamic Brake Option, connect an External Dynamic Brake Resistor that is suitable for the machine and equipment specifications to the specified terminals.

There is a risk of unexpected operation, machine damage, burning, or injury when an emergency stop is performed.

CAUTION

Wait for at least six minutes after turning OFF the power supply (with a SERVOPACK for a 100-VAC power supply input, wait for at least nine minutes) and then make sure that the CHARGE indicator is not lit before starting wiring or inspection work. Do not touch the power supply terminals while the CHARGE lamp is lit because high voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK even after turning OFF the power supply.

There is a risk of electric shock.

 Observe the precautions and instructions for wiring and trial operation precisely as described in this document.

Failures caused by incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application in the brake circuit may cause the SERVOPACK to fail, damage the equipment, or cause an accident resulting in death or injury.

- Check the wiring to be sure it has been performed correctly.
 Connectors and pin layouts are sometimes different for different models. Always confirm the pin layouts in technical documents for your model before operation.
 There is a risk of failure or malfunction.
- Connect wires to power supply terminals and motor connection terminals securely with the specified methods and tightening torque.
 Insufficient tightening may cause wires and terminal blocks to generate heat due to faulty contact, possibly resulting in fire.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded multi-twisted-pair cables for I/O Signal Cables and Encoder Cables.
- The maximum wiring length is 3 m for I/O Signal Cables, and 50 m for Encoder Cables or Servomotor Main Circuit Cables.
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the SERVOPACK's main circuit terminals.
 - Turn ON the power supply to the SERVOPACK only after all wiring, including the main circuit terminals, has been completed.
 - If a connector is used for the main circuit terminals, remove the main circuit connector from the SER-VOPACK before you wire it.
 - Insert only one wire per insertion hole in the main circuit terminals.
 - When you insert a wire, make sure that the conductor wire (e.g., whiskers) does not come into contact with adjacent wires.
- Install molded-case circuit breakers and other safety measures to provide protection against short circuits in external wiring.

There is a risk of fire or failure.

NOTICE

- Whenever possible, use the Cables specified by Yaskawa.
 If you use any other cables, confirm the rated current and application environment of your model and use the wiring materials specified by Yaskawa or equivalent materials.
- Securely tighten cable connector screws and lock mechanisms.
 Insufficient tightening may result in cable connectors falling off during operation.
- Do not bundle power lines (e.g., the Main Circuit Cable) and low-current lines (e.g., the I/O Signal Cables or Encoder Cables) together or run them through the same duct. If you do not place power lines and low-current lines in separate ducts, separate them by at least 30 cm.
 If the cables are too close to each other, malfunctions may occur due to noise affecting the low-current lines.
- Install a battery at either the host controller or on the Encoder Cable.

 If you install batteries both at the host controller and on the Encoder Cable at the same time, you will create a loop circuit between the batteries, resulting in a risk of damage or burning.
- When connecting a battery, connect the polarity correctly. There is a risk of battery rupture or encoder failure.

Operation Precautions

WARNING

- Before starting operation with a machine connected, change the settings of the switches and parameters to match the machine.
 - Unexpected machine operation, failure, or personal injury may occur if operation is started before appropriate settings are made.
- Do not radically change the settings of the parameters.

 There is a risk of unstable operation, machine damage, or injury.
- Install limit switches or stoppers at the ends of the moving parts of the machine to prevent unexpected accidents.

There is a risk of machine damage or injury.

- For trial operation, securely mount the Servomotor and disconnect it from the machine. There is a risk of injury.
- Forcing the motor to stop for overtravel is disabled when the Jog, Origin Search, or Easy FFT utility function is executed. Take necessary precautions.

 There is a risk of machine damage or injury.
- When an alarm occurs, the Servomotor will coast to a stop or stop with the dynamic brake
 according to the SERVOPACK Option specifications and settings. The coasting distance will
 change with the moment of inertia of the load and the resistance of the External Dynamic Brake
 Resistor. Check the coasting distance during trial operation and implement suitable safety measures on the machine.
- Do not enter the machine's range of motion during operation. There is a risk of injury.
- Do not touch the moving parts of the Servomotor or machine during operation. There is a risk of injury.

⚠ CAUTION

- Design the system to ensure safety even when problems, such as broken signal lines, occur.
 For example, the P-OT and N-OT signals are set in the default settings to operate on the safe side if a signal line breaks. Do not change the polarity of this type of signal.
- When overtravel occurs, the power supply to the motor is turned OFF and the brake is released.
 If you use the Servomotor to drive a vertical load, set the Servomotor to enter a zero-clamped state after the Servomotor stops. Also, install safety devices (such as an external brake or counterweight) to prevent the moving parts of the machine from falling.
- Always turn OFF the servo before you turn OFF the power supply. If you turn OFF the main circuit power supply or control power supply during operation before you turn OFF the servo, the Servomotor will stop as follows:
 - If you turn OFF the main circuit power supply during operation without turning OFF the servo, the Servomotor will stop abruptly with the dynamic brake.
 - If you turn OFF the control power supply without turning OFF the servo, the stopping method that is used by the Servomotor depends on the model of the SERVOPACK. For details, refer to the manual for the SERVOPACK.
 - If you use a SERVOPACK that supports a Dynamic Brake Option, the Servomotor stopping methods will be different from the stopping methods used without the Option or for other Hardware Option specifications.

Refer to the following manual for details.

- Σ-7-Series Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifications Dynamic Brake Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 73)
- Do not use the dynamic brake for any application other than an emergency stop.

 There is a risk of failure due to rapid deterioration of elements in the SERVOPACK and the risk of unexpected operation, machine damage, burning, or injury.

- When you adjust the gain during system commissioning, use a measuring instrument to monitor the torque waveform and speed waveform and confirm that there is no vibration.
 If a high gain causes vibration, the Servomotor will be damaged quickly.
- Do not frequently turn the power supply ON and OFF. After you have started actual operation, allow at least one hour between turning the power supply ON and OFF (as a guideline).
 Do not use the product in applications that require the power supply to be turned ON and OFF frequently.

The elements in the SERVOPACK will deteriorate quickly.

- An alarm or warning may occur if communications are performed with the host controller while the SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator is operating.
 If an alarm or warning occurs, it may interrupt the current process and stop the system.
- After you complete trial operation of the machine and facilities, use the SigmaWin+ to back up

the settings of the SERVOPACK parameters. You can use them to reset the parameters after SERVOPACK replacement.

If you do not copy backed up parameter settings, normal operation may not be possible after a faulty SERVOPACK is replaced, possibly resulting in machine or equipment damage.

■ Maintenance and Inspection Precautions

A DANGER

Do not change any wiring while power is being supplied.
 There is a risk of electric shock or injury.

♠ WARNING

• Wiring and inspections must be performed only by qualified engineers. There is a risk of electric shock or product failure.

M CAUTION

- Wait for at least six minutes after turning OFF the power supply (with a SERVOPACK for a 100-VAC power supply input, wait for at least nine minutes) and then make sure that the CHARGE indicator is not lit before starting wiring or inspection work. Do not touch the power supply terminals while the CHARGE lamp is lit because high voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK even after turning OFF the power supply.
 There is a risk of electric shock.
- Before you replace a SERVOPACK, back up the settings of the SERVOPACK parameters. Copy
 the backed up parameter settings to the new SERVOPACK and confirm that they were copied
 correctly.

If you do not copy backed up parameter settings or if the copy operation is not completed normally, normal operation may not be possible, possibly resulting in machine or equipment damage.

NOTICE

 Discharge all static electricity from your body before you operate any of the buttons or switches inside the front cover of the SERVOPACK.
 There is a risk of equipment damage.

■ Troubleshooting Precautions

⚠ WARNING

The product may suddenly start to operate when the power supply is recovered after a momentary power interruption. Design the machine to ensure human safety when operation restarts.
 There is a risk of injury.

CAUTION

- When an alarm occurs, remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety. Then reset the alarm or turn the power supply OFF and ON again to restart operation.
 There is a risk of injury or machine damage.
- If the Servo ON signal is input to the SERVOPACK and an alarm is reset, the Servomotor may suddenly restart operation. Confirm that the servo is OFF and ensure safety before you reset an alarm.

There is a risk of injury or machine damage.

- Always insert a magnetic contactor in the line between the main circuit power supply and the
 main circuit power supply terminals on the SERVOPACK so that the power supply can be shut
 OFF at the main circuit power supply.
 - If a magnetic contactor is not connected when the SERVOPACK fails, a large current may flow, possibly resulting in fire.
- If an alarm occurs, shut OFF the main circuit power supply.

 There is a risk of fire due to a regenerative resistor overheating as the result of regenerative transistor failure.
- Install a ground fault detector against overloads and short-circuiting or install a molded-case circuit breaker combined with a ground fault detector.
 There is a risk of SERVOPACK failure or fire if a ground fault occurs.
- The holding brake on a Servomotor will not ensure safety if there is the possibility that an external force (including gravity) may move the current position and create a hazardous situation when power is interrupted or an error occurs. If an external force may cause movement, install an external braking mechanism that ensures safety.

General Precautions

- Figures provided in this document are typical examples or conceptual representations. There may be differences between them and actual wiring, circuits, and products.
- The products shown in illustrations in this document are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace all covers and protective guards before you use the product.
- If you need a new copy of this document because it has been lost or damaged, contact your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this document.
- This document is subject to change without notice for product improvements, specifications changes, and improvements to the manual itself.
 We will update the document number of the document and issue revisions when changes are made.
- Any and all quality guarantees provided by Yaskawa are null and void if the customer modifies
 the product in any way. Yaskawa disavows any responsibility for damages or losses that are
 caused by modified products.

Warranty

◆ Details of Warranty

■ Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called the "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

■ Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the above warranty period.

This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- · Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- Use of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

◆ Limitations of Liability

- Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

Suitability for Use

- It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
- Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
- Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
- Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
- Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
- · Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

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MECHATROLINK-III Communication Settings

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1.1

Layers

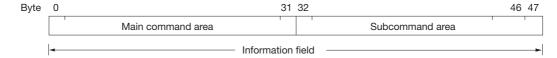
The MECHATROLINK-III communications layers have functions equivalent to layers 1, 2, and 7 in the OSI (Open System Interconnection) reference model.

OSI	MECHATROLINK-III Protocol
Layer 7: Application layer	MECHATROLINK-III application layer
Layers 3 to 6	None
Layer 2: Data link layer	ASIC dedicated to MECHATROLINK-III
Layer 1: Physical layer	Standard Ethernet PHY IEEE 802.3u

This manual describes standard servo profile commands for the application layer.

1.2 Frame Structure

A standard servo profile command is composed of the combination of a main command and a subcommand as shown below. It is also possible to use a main command alone.

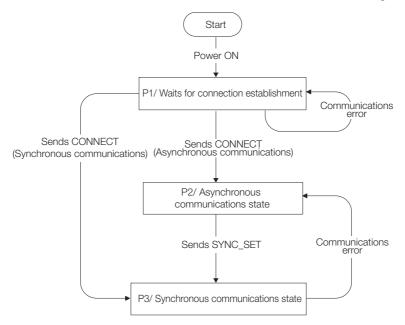


Classification	Byte	Command Response			
Information Field	0 to 31	Used by main commands.			
	32 to 47	Used by subcommands. The subcommands for servo commands use byte 33 to byte 48.			
		Note: In some main commands, subcommand	cannot be used.		

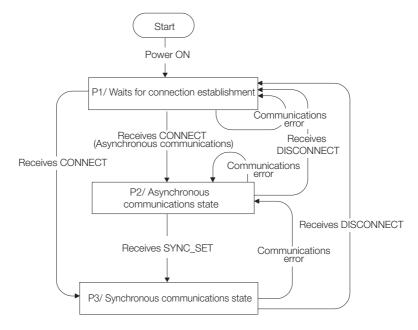
The application layer interfaces with only the information field.

1.3 State Transition Diagram

The master and slave station state transitions are shown in the following diagrams.



Master Station State Transition



Slave Station State Transition

Phase	Abbreviation	Description
1	P1	Waiting for establishment of connection.
2	P2	Asynchronous communications enabled. Only asynchronous commands can be used.
3	P3	Synchronous communications enabled. Both synchronous and asynchronous commands can be used.

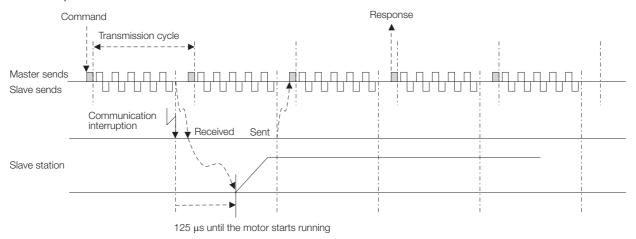
1.4 Command and Response Timing

This section describes command execution timing at the SERVOPACK and monitored data input timing at the master station.

These timings are constant, regardless of the transmission cycle and communication cycle.

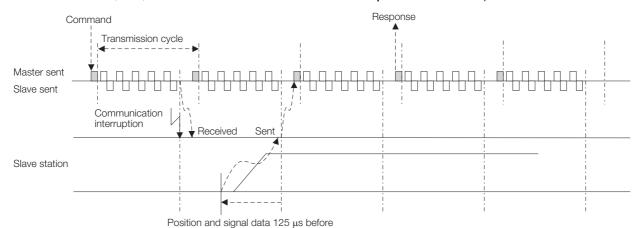
1.4.1 Command Data Execution Timing

Motion commands (such as POSING and INTERPOLATE), and the servo command control and servo command I/O signals (SVCMD_CTRL and SVCMD_IO) are executed 125 μ s after their reception.



1.4.2 Monitored Data Input Timing

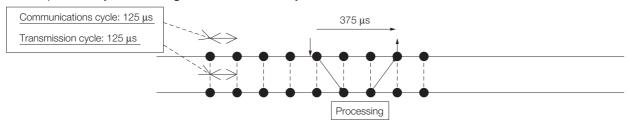
The monitor, I/O, and status data are the data of 125 µs before the response is sent.



1.4.3 Transmission Cycle and Communications Cycle (Support for 125 μs)

1.4.3 Transmission Cycle and Communications Cycle (Support for 125 μs)

By adopting a shorter transmission cycle, the command throughput of the host controller is improved by eliminating transmission delays.



1.5 List of Commands

1.5.1 Command Types

Standard servo profile commands are classified into common commands and servo commands.

Common commands:Commands that are common for MECHATROLINK-III communications, independent of profiles

Servo commands:Commands that are defined in the standard servo profile and specific to SERVOPACKs

1.5.2 Main Commands

The standard servo profile main commands used for Σ -7-Series SERVOPACKs are listed below.

Category	Com- mand Code	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference
	00h	NOP	No operation command	Nothing is performed.	3.1.1
	03h	ID_RD	Read ID command	Reads the device ID.	3.1.2
	04h	CONFIG	Device setup request command	Enables the current parameter settings.	3.1.3
	05h	ALM_RD	Read alarm/ warning command	Reads the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.1.4
	06h	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/ warning state com- mand	Clears the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.1.5
Common Com- mands	0Dh	SYNC_SET	Request for establishing synchronization command	Starts synchronous communications.	3.1.6
	0Eh	CONNECT	Request for establishing connection command	Requests the establishment of a connection and setting of the communication mode.	3.1.7
	0Fh	DISCON- NECT	Request for releasing connection command	Requests disconnection.	3.1.8
	1Dh	MEM_RD	Read memory com- mand	Reads data from virtual memory.	3.1.9
	1Eh	MEM_WR	Write memory com- mand	Writes data to virtual memory.	3.1.10

1.5.2 Main Commands

Continued from previous page.

	_				Continuou nom provious page.	
Category	Com- mand Code	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference	
	20h	POS_SET	Set coordinates com- mand	Sets the coordinate system.	3.2.1	
	21h	BRK_ON	Request for applying brake command	Turns the brake signal OFF and applies the holding brake.	3.2.2	
	22h	BRK_OFF	Release brake com- mand	Turns the brake signal ON and releases the holding brake.	3.2.3	
	23h	SENS_ON	Request for turning sensor ON command	Turns the encoder power supply ON, and gets the position data.	3.2.4	
	24h	SENS_OFF	Request for turning sensor OFF command	Turns the encoder power supply OFF.	3.2.5	
	30h	SMON	Monitor servo status command	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.	3.2.6	
	31h	SV_ON	Servo ON command	Turns the servo of the motor ON.	3.2.7	
	32h	SV_OFF	Servo OFF command	Turns the servo of the motor OFF.	3.2.8	
	34h	INTERPO- LATE	Interpolation command	Starts interpolation feeding.	3.2.9	
	35h	POSING	Positioning command	Starts positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD).	3.2.10	
Servo Com-	36h	FEED	Constant speed feed command	Starts constant speed feeding at the target speed (TSPD).	3.2.11	
mands	37h	EX_FEED	Positioning at constant speed by external input command	Starts constant speed feeding at the target speed (TSPD). When an external signal is input part way through, positioning to the specified position is performed from the external signal input position.	3.2.12	
	39h	EX_POSING	Positioning by external input command	Starts positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD). When an external signal is input part way through, positioning to the specified position is performed from the external signal input position.	3.2.13	
	3Ah	ZRET	Zero point return command	Performs zero point return.	3.2.14	
	3Ch	VELCTRL	Velocity control com- mand	Controls speed.	3.2.15	
	3Dh	TRQCTRL	Torque control com- mand	Controls torque.	3.2.16	
	40h	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter command	Reads the specified servo parameter.	3.2.17	
	41h	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter command	Writes the specified servo parameter.	3.2.18	

1.5.3 Subcommands

The standard servo profile subcommands used for Σ -7-Series SERVOPACKs are listed below.

Category	Com- mand Code	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference
	00h	NOP	No operation com- mand	Nothing is performed.	4.2
	05h	ALM_RD	Read alarm/ warning command	Reads the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	4.3
	06h	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/ warning state com- mand	Clears the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	4.4
Servo Com-	1Dh	MEM_RD	Read memory com- mand	Reads data from virtual memory.	4.5
mands	1Eh	MEM_WR	Write memory com- mand	Writes data to virtual memory.	4.6
	30h	SMON	Monitor servo status command	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.	4.7
	40h	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter command	Reads the specified servo parameter.	4.8
	41h	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter command	Writes the specified servo parameter.	4.9

1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands

The combinations of main commands and subcommands are listed below. When an invalid combination is specified, an alarm (SUBCMD_ALM = BH (A.95E)) occurs.

	Main Command				Subcon	nmands			
			ALM_RD (05h)	ALM_ CLR (06h)	MEM_ RD (1Dh)	MEM_ WR (1Eh)	SMON (30h)	SVPRM _RD (40h)	SVPRM _WR (41h)
	NOP (00h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ID_RD (03h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CONFIG (04h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	ALM_RD (05h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
Com-	ALM_CLR (06h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
mon Com-	SYNC_SET (0Dh)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
mands	CONNECT (0Eh)	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	DISCONNECT (0Fh)	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	MEM_RD (1Dh)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	MEM_WR (1Eh)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×

1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands

Continued from previous page.

					Subcon	nmands		·	
	Main Command	NOP (00h)	ALM_RD (05h)	ALM_ CLR (06h)	MEM_ RD (1Dh)	MEM_ WR (1Eh)	SMON (30h)	SVPRM _RD (40h)	SVPRM _WR (41h)
	POS_SET (20h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	BRK_ON (21h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	BRK_OFF (22h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	SENS_ON (23h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	SENS_OFF (24h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	SMON (30h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SV_ON (31h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SV_OFF (32h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Servo Com-	INTERPOLATE (34h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
mands	POSING (35h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FEED (36h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EX_FEED (37h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EX_POSING (39h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ZRET (3Ah)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	VELCTRL (3Ch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TRQCTRL (3Dh)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SVPRM_RD (40h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	SVPRM_WR (41h)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×

O: Can be combined

x: Cannot be combined

Information

Even for a valid combination, a command error (A.95A) occurs if the execution conditions of the commands are not satisfied.

Example

If initialization of a parameter is attempted by the MEM_WR command while sending the SV_ON command (during the servo ON state), a command error (A.95A) occurs instead of a command interference error (A.95E).

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2.1 Common Command Format

This section describes the specifications that are common for all commands.

The format that is common for the commands sent from the master station and the responses returned from slave stations is shown below.

The format of a command can be divided into the main command area (32 bytes) and the sub-command area (16 bytes). The subcommand area is used to supplement the main command with another command. Whether the subcommand area is used or not is determined by the setting of the number of transmission bytes. When the number of transmission bytes is 32, the subcommand area is not used.

Both the main command area and subcommand area are divided into the command header section and the command data section.

Fields in the command header section of the main command area

Command: CMD, WDT, CMD_CTRL
Response: RCMD, RWDT, CMD_STAT

Fields in the command header section of the subcommand area

Command: SUBCMD, SUB_CTRL
Response: RSUBCMD, SUB_STAT

	Byte	Command	Response	Description
	0	CMD	RCMD	• CMD/RCMD:
	1	WDT	RWDT	Command code specified for individual commands. Refer to the following section.
	2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD) on page
	3	OIVID_OTTIL	01VID_01711	2-5.
	4			• WDT/RWDT: Refer to the following section. [2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT) on page
	5			2-6.
	6			CMD_CTRL: Refer to the following section.
_	7			2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL) on page 2-6.
	8			CMD_STAT: Refer to the following section.
	9			2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT) on page
	10			2-7.
	11			CMD_DATA/RSP_DATA: Specified for individual commands.
	12			
	13 14			
Main	15			
Command	16			
Area	17			
	18	CMD_DATA	RSP_DATA	
	19			
	20			
	21			
	22			
	23			
	24			
	25			
	26			
	27			
	28			
	29			
	30			
	31			

Continued from previous page.

	Byte	Command	Response	Description
	32	SUBCMD	RSUBCMD	SUBCMD/RSUBCMD:
	33	SUB_CTRL		Command code specified for individual commands. Refer to the following section.
	34		SUB_STAT	■ 4.1 Subcommands on page 4-2.
	35			SUB_CTRL: Refer to the following section.
	36			2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL) on
Sub- command	37			page 2-11.
Area	38			SUB_STAT: Refer to the following section. 2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB STAT) on
	:	SUB_CMD_DATA	CLID DOD DATA	page 2-12.
	:	SOB_CIVID_DATA	SUB_NSF_DATA	SUB_CMD_DATA/SUB_RSP_DATA:
-	45			Specified for individual commands. Refer to the following chapter.
	46			Tag Chapter 4 Subcommands.
	47			

2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area

This section describes the command header section of the main command area.

2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD)

This is the command code that defines the meaning of the messaging. Byte 0 of the command format is defined as the CMD/RCMD field. The data set in this field of the response data is a copy of that of the command data.

The following table shows the command codes.

Code	Profile	Command	Command	Operation	Applicability*1	Communica- tion Phases*3		
O1h	1 101110	Code	Communa	Oporation	Applicability			
O2h PRM_WR Write parameter x*2 - x x		00h	NOP	No operation	0	_	0	0
O3h		01h	PRM_RD	Read parameter	×*2	-	×	×
O4h CONFIG Device setup request Δ - O O O5h ALM_RD Read alarm/warning Δ - O O O O6h ALM_CLR Clear alarm/warning state O - O O O O O O O O		02h	PRM_WR	Write parameter	×*2	_	×	×
Common Commands 06h ALM_RD Read alarm/warning Δ - O O 06h ALM_CLR Clear alarm/warning state O - O O O O O O O O O O O O A A A - O O O O O O A A A - O O A A A A - O O A		03h	ID_RD	Read ID	0	_	0	0
Common Commands 06h ALM_CLR Clear alarm/warning state O - O O 0Dh SYNC_SET Request for establishing synchronization O - O Δ 0Eh CONNECT Request for establishing connection O O Δ Δ 0Fh DISCONNECT Request for releasing connection O O O O 1Bh PPRM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Write stored parameter x*2 - X X 1Dh MEM_RD Write stored parameter x*2 - X <td></td> <td>04h</td> <td>CONFIG</td> <td>Device setup request</td> <td>Δ</td> <td>_</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>		04h	CONFIG	Device setup request	Δ	_	0	0
ODh SYNC_SET Request for establishing synchronization O		05h	ALM_RD	Read alarm/warning	Δ	-	0	0
ODh		06h	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	0	-	0	0
OEh CONNECT Hequest for establishing connection O Δ Δ 0Fh DISCONNECT Request for releasing connection O	Com-	0Dh	SYNC_SET		0	_	0	Δ
1Bh PPRM_RD Read stored parameter x*2 - x x 1Ch PPRM_WR Write stored parameter x*2 - x x 1Dh MEM_RD Read memory Δ - 0 0 1Eh MEM_WR Write memory Δ - 0 0 1Eh MEM_WR Write memory Δ - 0 0 20h POS_SET Set coordinates 0 - 0 0 21h BRK_ON Request for applying brake 0 - 0 0 22h BRK_OFF Release brake 0 - 0 0 23h SENS_ON Request for turning sensor ON 0 - 0 0 24h SENS_OFF Request for turning sensor ON 0 - 0 0 30h SMON Monitor servo status 0 - 0 0 31h SV_ON Servo ON 0 - 0 0 32h SV_OFF Servo OFF 0 - 0 0 35h POSING Positioning 0 - 0 0 37h EX_FEED Positioning at constant speed feed 0 - 0 0 39h EX_POSING Positioning by external input 0 - 0 0 30h TRQCTRL Velocity control 0 - 0 0 40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - 0 0 30h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - 0 0 30h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - 0 0 30h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - 0 0 30h TRQCTRL Torque control 0 - 0 0 30h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - 0 0 30h TRQCTRL Torque control 0 - 0 0 30h TRQCTRL TOTQUE control 0 - 0 0	manas	0Eh	CONNECT		0	0	Δ	Δ
1Ch		0Fh	DISCONNECT	,	0	0	0	0
1Dh MEM_RD Read memory Δ		1Bh	PPRM_RD	Read stored parameter	×*2	_	×	×
1Eh MEM_WR Write memory Δ		1Ch	PPRM_WR	Write stored parameter	×*2	_	×	×
20h		1Dh	MEM_RD	Read memory	Δ	_	0	0
21h		1Eh	MEM_WR	Write memory	Δ	-	0	0
22h		20h	POS_SET	Set coordinates	0	-	0	0
23h SENS_ON Request for turning sensor ON O - O O		21h	BRK_ON	Request for applying brake	0	_	0	0
24h SENS_OFF Request for turning sensor O - O O		22h	BRK_OFF	Release brake	0	_	0	0
SENS_OFF OFF OFF		23h	SENS_ON	Request for turning sensor ON	0	ı	0	0
31h SV_ON Servo ON O - O O		24h	SENS_OFF		0	1	0	0
Servo Commands 32h SV_OFF Servo OFF O - O <th< td=""><td></td><td>30h</td><td>SMON</td><td>Monitor servo status</td><td>0</td><td>_</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></th<>		30h	SMON	Monitor servo status	0	_	0	0
Servo Commands 34h INTERPOLATE Interpolation O - × O 35h POSING Positioning O - O O 36h FEED Constant speed feed O - O O 37h EX_FEED Positioning at constant speed by external input O - O O 39h EX_POSING Positioning by external input O - O O 3Ah ZRET Zero point return O - O O 3Ch VELCTRL Velocity control O - O O 3Dh TRQCTRL Torque control O - O O 40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - O O		31h	SV_ON	Servo ON	0	_	0	0
S411 INTERPOLATE Interpolation		32h	SV_OFF	Servo OFF	0	ı	0	0
mands 35h POSING Positioning O - O		34h	INTERPOLATE	Interpolation	0	1	×	0
37h EX_FEED Positioning at constant speed by external input O - O O 39h EX_POSING Positioning by external input O - O O 3Ah ZRET Zero point return O - O O 3Ch VELCTRL Velocity control O - O O 3Dh TRQCTRL Torque control O - O O 40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - O O		35h	POSING	Positioning	0	1	0	0
3/Π EX_FEED by external input O - O O 39h EX_POSING Positioning by external input O - O O 3Ah ZRET Zero point return O - O O 3Ch VELCTRL Velocity control O - O O 3Dh TRQCTRL Torque control O - O O 40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - O O		36h	FEED	Constant speed feed	0	1	0	0
3Ah ZRET Zero point return O - O O 3Ch VELCTRL Velocity control O - O O 3Dh TRQCTRL Torque control O - O O 40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ - O O		37h	EX_FEED		0	ı	0	0
3ChVELCTRLVelocity controlO-O3DhTRQCTRLTorque controlO-O40hSVPRM_RDRead servo parameterΔ-O		39h	EX_POSING	Positioning by external input	0	ı	0	0
3DhTRQCTRLTorque controlO-O40hSVPRM_RDRead servo parameterΔ-O		3Ah	ZRET	Zero point return	0	ı	0	0
40h SVPRM_RD Read servo parameter Δ – O O		3Ch	VELCTRL	Velocity control	0	_	0	0
		3Dh	TRQCTRL	Torque control	0	_	0	0
41h SVPRM WR Write servo parameter O - O O		40h	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter	Δ	_	0	0
		41h	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	0	_	0	0

^{*1.} This column shows whether the commands can be used with the Σ-7 Series.
O: Can be used, Δ: Can be used with restrictions (Refer to the section for each command for actual restrictions.), x: Cannot be used.

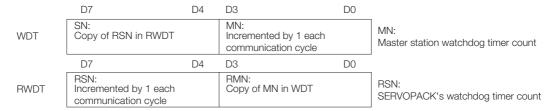
2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT)

- *2. The standard servo command profile does not use PRM_RD, PRM_WR, PPRM_RD and PPRM_WR, but uses SVPRM_RD and SVPRM_WR instead.
- *3. O: Can be executed, Δ: Ignored, ×: Command error, -: Indefinite response data Refer to the following section for details.
 ■ 1.3 State Transition Diagram on page 1-4.

2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT)

The details of the watchdog timer (WDT) data in commands and responses are described below.

Byte 1 of the command/response format is specified as the WDT/RWDT field.



The watchdog data (WDT) is checked after establishing synchronous communications (phase 3).

The watchdog data (RWDT) at the SERVOPACK will be refreshed regardless of the establishment of synchronous communications.

2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL)

The following describes the command control data.

Byte 2 and byte 3 of the command format are specified as the CMD_CTRL field.

The designation in the CMD_CTRL field is valid even when an alarm specified by CMD_ALM has occurred.

The CMD_CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
CME	D_ID	Reserved	Reserved	ALM_CLR	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
Reserved							

ALM_CLR: Clear Alarm/Warning State

Definition

Clears the alarms and warnings that have occurred in the SERVOPACK.

0: Clear alarm/warning disabled

1: Clear alarm/warning triggered

Description

Clears the alarm/warning state at the leading edge.

The same processing as when ALM_CLR_MODE = 0 for the ALM_CLR command (the current alarm/warning state is cleared) is performed.

CMD ID: Command ID

Definition

The master station uses the command ID to have a slave station acknowledge that the command is a new command when the master station sends the same command repeatedly to the slave station.

Applicable commands: EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET A value in the range 0 to 3 is used.

Description

Since the slave station returns the CMD_ID of the command being executed, the master station can decisively judge the command to which the slave station sent the response. While CMD_RDY = 0 (while the execution process of the command is incomplete), the slave station disregards commands that have a different CMD_ID and continues the execution of the command being executed.

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT)

The following describes the status of responses.

Byte 2 and byte 3 of the response format are specified as the CMD_STAT field.

The CMD_STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
RCMD_ID		Reserved	Reserved	ALM_CL- R_CMP	CMDRDY	D_WAR	D_ALM	
bit 15	bit 15 bit 14		bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
COMM_ALM					CMD	_ALM		

D_ALM

Definition

This bit indicates the device alarm state of the slave station.

- 1: A device-specific alarm has occurred.
- 0: Other state (normal state, or the alarm specified by COMM_ALM or CMD_ALM has occurred.)

◆ Description

- When a device-specific alarm other than the alarm state specified by COMM_ALM and CMD_ALM has occurred, the D_ALM status bit is set to "1."
 D_ALM is independent of COMM_ALM and CMD_ALM.
- When a device-specific alarm has occurred and D_ALM is set to "1" in the servo ON state, the servo OFF state is established.
- When the slave station shifts from the alarm state to the normal state as a result of the execution of the ALM CLR command or CMD CTRL.ALM CLR, this bit is set to "0."

Example Device alarm: Position Deviation Overflow (A.D00) → D_ALM = 1

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT)

D_WAR

Definition

This bit indicates the device warning state of the slave station.

1: A device-specific warning has occurred.

0: Other state (normal state, or the alarm specified by COMM_ALM or CMD_ALM has occurred.)

Description

- When a device-specific warning other than the warning state specified by COMM_ALM or CMD_ALM has occurred, the D_WAR status bit is set to "1."
 D WAR is independent of COMM ALM and CMD ALM.
- When a device-specific warning has occurred and the D_WAR status bit is set to "1" in the servo ON state, the servo ON state is retained.
- When the slave station shifts from the device warning state to the normal state as a result of the execution of the ALM_CLR command or CMD_CTRL.ALM_CLR, this bit is set to "0."

Example

Device warning: Overload (A.910) → D_WAR = 1

CMDRDY

Definition

This bit indicates whether the slave station is ready to receive commands.

- 1: Command reception enabled
- 0: Command reception disabled

Description

- CMDRDY = 0 means that command processing is in progress. While CMDRDY = 0, the slave station continues to process the current command, but the slave station will discard new commands received while CMDRDY = 0.
 - Only the DISCONNECT command is executed immediately regardless of the CMDRDY value.
- Completion of command execution is confirmed in accordance with the completion confirmation method of each command.
- The hold time for CMDRDY = 0 is specified for each command.
- If command execution is possible despite an alarm or warning state, CMDRDY is set to "1."

ALM CLR CMP

Definition

This bit indicates the execution state of the ALM_CLR command.

1: Execution of the ALM CLR command (CMD CTRL.ALM CLR) completed

0: Other

Description

- ALM_CLR_CMP is set to "1" in the following cases.
 - When the alarm clear processing executed by the ALM_CLR command has been completed
 - ALM_CLR_CMP is set to "1" when the alarm cannot be cleared as well.
 - When the alarm clear processing time (approx. 200 ms) has elapsed after receiving the ALM CLR command.
 - ALM_CLR_CMP is set to "1" when the alarm cannot be cleared as well.
- ALM_CLR_CMP can be cancelled by setting "0" for CMD_CTRL.ALM_CLR.

RCMD ID

Definition

This is the echo-back of the CMD_ID in the CMD_CTRL field of the command data.

♦ Description

- This is the identification code of the same commands that the slave station has received contiguously.
- Returns the CMD_ID of the command format.

CMD ALM

♦ Definition

This bit indicates the validation result of the command.

♦ Description

- CMD_ALM indicates whether the command is valid or not. The results of validations of the command codes, and the combinations of commands and the data in the command frame are notified.
- CMD_ALM is independent of COMM_ALM, D_ALM and D_WAR.
- If a normal command is received after the occurrence of a command error, CMD_ALM is automatically cleared.
- The phase doesn't change even if the status of CMD_ALM is not "0." The servo ON/OFF state doesn't change either.

Code		Description	Remark				
Normal	0	Normal	-				
	1	Invalid data	The slave station notifies the warning state, but oper-				
	2	_	ates at the specified value or the value on clamping at the maximum or minimum value.				
	3	_	The maximum or minimum value.				
Warning	4	_					
	5	_					
	6	_					
	7	_					
	8	Unsupported command received	The slave station notifies the alarm state and the command is not executed.				
	9	Invalid data					
	А	Command execution condition error					
Alarm	В	Subcommand combination error					
	С	Phase error					
	D	_					
	Е	_					
	F	_					

Example

Command error: Data Setting Warning 2 (A.94B) \rightarrow CMD_ALM = 9h



Check the status of CMD_ALM with the host controller for every communication cycle and perform appropriate processing because CMD_ALM will be automatically cleared.

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT)

COMM_ALM

◆ Definition

This bit indicates the MECHATROLINK communications error status.

Description

- COMM_ALM shows if the data transmission in the physical or application layer has completed normally or not.
- COMM_ALM is independent of CMD_ALM, D_ALM and D_WAR.
- COMM_ALM is cleared by the ALM_CLR command or CMD_CTRL.ALM_CLR.

Code		Description	Remark				
Normal	0	Normal	-				
	1	FCS error	Occurs when an error is detected once.				
	2	Command data not received	The servo ON state is retained when an error is detected in the servo ON state.				
	3	Synchronous frame not received	Error detection method 1:FCS error				
Warning	4	_	The SERVOPACK detects FCS errors.				
	5	_	2:Command data not received The SERVOPACK detects that command data has not				
	6	_	been received.				
	7	_	3:Synchronous frame not received The SERVOPACK detects that the synchronous frame has not been received.				
	8	FCS error	Occurs when an error is detected in the following				
	9	Command data not received	detection methods. • If the system is in communication phase 3, it will shift				
	А	Synchronous frame not received	to communication phase 2. • Establishes the servo OFF state.				
Alarm	В	Synchronization interval error	Error detection method				
	С	WDT error	18, 9, A: Set if an error is detected twice consecutively using the error detection method for warnings 1, 2				
	D	_	and 3 described above.				
	Е	_	B, C: Set immediately upon occurrence of a single				
	F	_	error.				

Example

Communications error (warning):MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (A.960) \rightarrow COMM_ALM = 2h

Communications error (alarm):Reception Error in MECHATROLINK Communications (A.E60) \rightarrow COMM_ALM = 9h

2.3 Command Header Section of Subcommand Area

Subcommands use byte 32 to byte 47 of the data field and function as a supplementary command to the main command. This subsection describes the command header section of the subcommand area.

2.3.1 Subcommand Codes (SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD)

This is the subcommand code that specifies the meaning of the subcommand messaging. Byte 32 of the command format is defined as the SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD field. The data set in this field of the response data is a copy of that of the command data.

The following table shows the subcommand codes.

Profile	Command Code	Command	Operation		nmunica Phases*²	
	Code			1	2	3
	00h	NOP	No operation	-	0	0
	05h	ALM_RD*1	Read alarm/warning	-	0	0
	06h	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	_	0	0
Servo Com-	1Dh	MEM_RD*1	Read memory command	-	0	0
mands	1Eh	MEM_WR*1	Write memory command	_	0	0
	30h	SMON	Monitor servo status	_	0	0
	40h	SVPRM_RD*1	Read servo parameter	_	0	0
	41h	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	_	0	0

^{*1.} Specification restrictions apply (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL)

The following describes the subcommand control data.

Byte 33 to byte 35 of the command format are specified as the SUB_CTRL field.

The SUB_CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

SUB CTRL Field

_							
bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
Reserved Reserved			Reserved				
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
	SEL_N	MON4		Reserved			
b:+ 00	b:+ 00	b:+ 01	b:+ 00	b:± 10	b:+ 10	b:+ 17	b:t 10
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
SEL_MON6				SEL_N	MON5		

^{*2.} O: Can be executed, Δ : Ignored, \times : Command error, -: Indefinite response data

2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT)

Details of Control Bits

The following table shows the details of the control bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
12 to 15	SEL_MON4	Monitor selection 4	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.
16 to 19	SEL_MON5	Monitor selection 5	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.
20 to 23	SEL_MON6	Monitor selection 6	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.

2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT)

The following describes the subcommand status of responses.

Byte 33 to byte 35 of the response format are specified as the SUB_STAT field.

The SUB_STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

SUB_STAT Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0		
Rese	erved	Rese	rved	Reserved	SUBCMDRDY	Reserved	Reserved		
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8		
	SEL_	MON4			SUBCMD_ALM				
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16		
DIL ZU	DIL ZZ	DIL Z I	DIL 20	DIL 13	DIL 10	DIL 17	טונ וט		
SEL_MON6				SEL_N	10N5				

Details of Status Bits

The following table shows the details of the status bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
2	SUBCMDRDY*	Subcommand ready	1	Subcommand reception enabled
۷	30BCMDHD1.	Subcommand ready	0	Other
8 to 11	SUBCMD_ALM	Subcommand alarm	0 to 15	Refer to the following section. 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT) on page 2-7.
12 to 15	SEL_MON4	Monitor selection 4	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)
16 to 19	SEL_MON5	Monitor selection 5	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)
20 to 23	SEL_MON6	Monitor selection 6	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)

 $[\]ast$ When no subcommand is used, the SUBCMDRDY status bit is set to "1."

2.4 Servo Command Format

This section describes the specifications of the servo commands.

The servo commands are specified by the 32-byte command and response data in the communication specifications as shown in the table below.

The command/response data area can be expanded to 48 bytes by using subcommands. For the subcommands, refer to the following chapter.

Chapter 4 Subcommands

The following table shows the format of the servo command and response data.

Byte	Command	Response	Description		
0	CMD	RCMD	CMD_CTRL: Refer to the following section.		
1	WDT	RWDT	2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL) on page 2-6.		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• CMD_STAT: Refer to the following section. © 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT) on page 2-7.		
3	OIVID_OTTIL	OND_STAT	• SVCMD_CTRL: Refer to the following section.		
4			2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL) on		
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	page 2-14.		
6	OVOIND_OTTLE	0 V O I V I D _ O I / (I	• SVCMD_STAT: Refer to the following section. [2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT) on page		
7			2-16.		
8			SVCMD_IO: Refer to the following section.		
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	2.6 Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO) on page 2-22.		
10		0 V 0 IVI D_10	• CMD_DATA/RSP_DATA:		
11			Specified for individual commands.		
12	_				
13	-				
14	-				
15	-				
16	=				
17	=				
18	=				
19	=				
20	_				
21	CMD_DATA	RSP_DATA			
22	-				
23	-				
24	_				
25	-				
26	_				
27	_				
28	_				
30	-				
31	-				
O I	II.				

2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL)

2.5

Command Header Section

For the details of the command header section (command code, watchdog data and command control fields), refer to the following section.

2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area on page 2-5

2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL)

Byte 4 to byte 7 of the command format are specified as the SVCMD_CTRL field. The control bit specifies a motion command for a slave station.

The SVCMD_CTRL field contains auxiliary data for the specified command and the control bits have no meaning with commands other than the command that specified the data.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

The SVCMD_CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

SVCMD CTRL Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
Reser	ved (0)	ACC	CFIL	STOP_	MODE	CMD_ CANCEL	CMD_ PAUSE
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
Reser	ved (0)	LT_S	SEL2	LT_SEL1		LT_REQ2	LT_REQ1
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
	SEL_N	MON2			SEL_I	MON1	
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24
Reserved (0)				SEL_I	MON3		

Details of Control Bits

The following table shows the details of the control bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing		
		Pause of Move	0	None	Level		
0	CMD_PAUSE	Command	1	Move command pause command			
	Pauses execution of mands according to		, EX_FE	ED, EX_POSING, ZRET and \	/ELCTRL com-		
		Cancellation of	0	None			
1	CMD_CANCEL	Move Command	1	Cancellation of move command	Level		
	Cancels execution mands according to		D, EX_FE	ED, EX_POSING, ZRET and	VELCTRL com-		
-			0	Stop after deceleration			
	STOD MODE	Selection of Stop	1	Immediate stop	Level		
2, 3	STOP_MODE	Mode	2	Reserved	Level		
			3	Reserved			
	Selects the stop mode for CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL.						

2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL)

Continued from previous page.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing		
			0	No position reference filter			
	ACCFIL	Selection of Position Refer-	1	Exponential function position reference filter	Level		
4, 5	7.00112	ence Filter	2	Movement average position reference filter			
			3	Reserved			
	To be set when spe	ecifying the position r		1	T		
0	LT_REQ1	Latch Request 1	0	None	Leading edge		
8	Degranda latab bu	the Cueleses on an av	1	Request for latch			
	Requests latch by	the C phase or an ex					
	LT_REQ2	Latch Request 2	0	None Request for latch	Leading edge		
9	Poguaste latab by:	the C phase or an ex		·			
		s the continuous late					
			0	C phase			
	LT_SEL1	Latch Signal	1	External input signal 1	Leading edge of		
	LI_OLL1	Select 1	2	External input signal 2	LT_REQ1		
			3	External input signal 3			
10, 11	However, if you will set LT_SEL1 and L Make a setting diffe [Important] The Σ-7F Integrated	T_SEL2 to C phase. erent from LT_SEL2. d Servomotor (Model	ted Serv : SGF7□	romotor (Model: SGF7□-□□ 1-□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ supposet to external input signal 1	orts C phase only.		
	This setting is disal		0	C phase	, 2, 01 3.		
		Latch Signal	1	External input signal 1	Leading edge of		
	LT_SEL2	Select 2	2	External input signal 2	LT_REQ2		
			3	External input signal 3			
12, 13	However, if you will set LT_SEL1 and L Make a setting diffe When the continuo the parameter is us [Important] The Σ-7F Integrated	T_SEL2 to C phase. erent from LT_SEL1. us latch mode is sele sed. d Servomotor (Model	cted, this	for LT_REQ2. romotor (Model: SGF7	the signal set with		
16 to 18	SEL_MON1	Monitor Selection	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level		
	Sets the monitor in	formation.	Į.		1		
19 to 22	SEL_MON2	Monitor Selection 2	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level		
	Sets the monitor information.						
23 to 26	SEL_MON3	Monitor Selection 3	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level		
	Sets the monitor information.						

2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT)

Byte 4 to byte 7 of the response format are specified as the SVCMD_STAT field. The status bit indicates the status of the slave station.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

The SVCMD_STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

SVCMD STAT Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
Reserv	ved (0)	ACC	OFIL	Reser	ved (0)	CMD _CANCEL _CMP	CMD _PAUSE _CMP
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
Reserv	/ed (0)	SV_ON	M_RDY	PON	POS_RDY	L_CMP2	L_CMP1
					•		
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
	SEL_N	MON2			SEL_M	MON1	
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24
Reserved (0)				SEL_N	MON3		

Details of Status Bits

The following table shows the details of the status bits.

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting		
	CMD_PAUSE_ Completion of Pause of		0	Incomplete (when pausing commanded)		
0	CMP	Move Command	1	Pausing of move command completed		
	The status used to j ING, ZRET and VEL		ng of the	POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POS-		
	CMD_CANCEL_	Completion of Cancellation	0	Incomplete (when cancellation commanded)		
1	CMP	of Move Command	1	Cancellation of move command completed		
		udge the completion of cance VELCTRL commands	ellation	of the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX		
			0	No position reference filter		
	ACCFIL	Current Position Reference	1	Exponential function position reference filter		
4, 5		Filter	2	Movement average position reference filter		
			3	Reserved		
	The status used to	judge the position reference fi	Iter curr	rently being applied		
	L_CMP1	Latch Completion 1	0	Latch not completed		
8	L_CIVIP I	Laten Completion 1	1	Latch completed		
J	The status used to Up until "0" is set for	judge the completion of latchi or LT_REQ1, L_CMP1 is maint	ng requained a	ested by LT_REQ1 t "1."		
	L CMP2	Latab Completion 2	0	Latch not completed		
	L_GIVIP2	Latch Completion 2	1	Latch completed		
9	The status used to judge the completion of latching requested by LT_REQ2 Up until "0" is set for LT_REQ2, L_CMP2 is maintained at "1." In the continuous latch mode, L_CMP2 is returned to "0" after one communication cycle afte completing latching.					

2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT)

Continued from previous page.

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting				
2.11		-	0	Disabled				
	POS_RDY Position Data Enabled			Enabled				
10	The status used to judge if the position data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data is valid When an incremental encoder is used: "1" is set on completion of the CONNECT command. When an absolute encoder is used: "1" is set on completion of the SENS_ON command and "0" is set on completion of the SENS_OFF and CONFIG commands. When position data cannot be obtained properly due to an encoder error, "0" is set.							
	PON	Power ON	0	Power OFF				
11	FON	Fower ON	1	Power ON				
	The status used to	judge if the power is turned C	N or no	t				
	M_RDY	Motor Energization Ready	0	Not ready				
12	IVI_I ID I	Wotor Energization ricady	1	Ready				
	The status used to	judge if the servo can be turn	ed ON (or not				
	SV_ON	Servo ON	0	Servo OFF				
13			1	Servo ON				
	The status used to	judge if the motor is energized	d or not					
	SEL_MON1	Monitor Selection 1: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection				
16 to 19	response data (Copy of the comm Refer to the following		g monito	ored as the monitor information of the				
	SEL_MON2	Monitor Selection 2: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection				
20 to 23	The status used to judge the data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data (Copy of the command) Refer to the following section for details. 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data on page 2-28.							
	SEL_MON3	Monitor Selection 3: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection				
The status used to judge the data currently being monitored as the monitor informatio response data (Copy of the command) Refer to the following section for details. 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data on page 2-28.								

2.5.3

Supplementary Information on CMD_PAUSE and CMD_-CANCEL

CMD_PAUSE (Pausing a Command Operation)

- CMD_PAUSE is used to pause motion command operation. (Motion command processing continues. Motion command operation can be resumed by clearing CMD_PAUSE.)
- CMD_PAUSE is valid only when the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET or VELCTRL command is specified.

Pausing Procedure

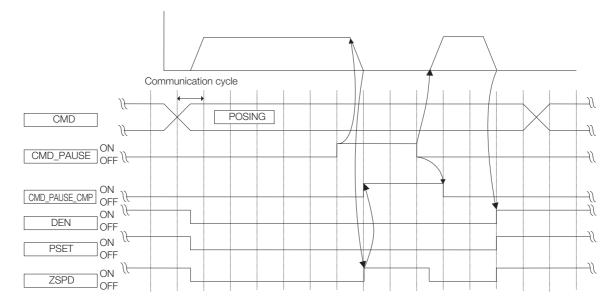
- 1. The master station sets "1" for STOP_MODE and CMD_PAUSE and transmits one of the motion commands given above.
- 2. The slave station stops in accordance with STOP_MODE. When deceleration to a stop is specified, the slave station decelerates its motion at the deceleration specified in DECR of the command.
- 3. "1" is set for CMD_PAUSE_CMP at the slave station when CMD_PAUSE and ZSPD become "1."

 Even after stopping, the slave station maintains the previous control mode and DEN remains at "0" (in the position control mode).

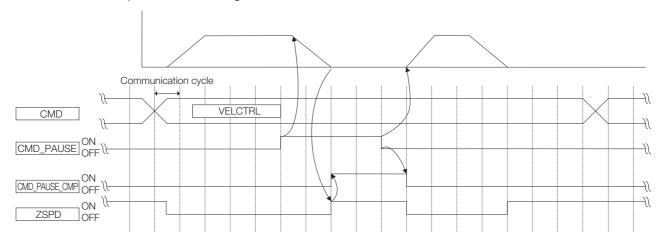


- CMD_PAUSE is disregarded for commands for which CMD_PAUSE is not valid, and CMD_PAUSE_CMP remains OFF.
- When using CMD_PAUSE, execute the relevant motion command continuously until CMD_PAUSE_CMP becomes "1."
- By setting "0" for CMD_PAUSE, the pausing operation is canceled and the motion command operation is resumed.

◆ Example of Pausing the POSING Command



◆ Example of Pausing the VELCTRL Command



CMD_CANCEL (Canceling a Command Operation)

- CMD_CANCEL is used to interrupt motion command operation. (Motion command processing is cleared.)
- CMD_CANCEL is valid only when the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET or VELCTRL command is specified.

Canceling Procedure

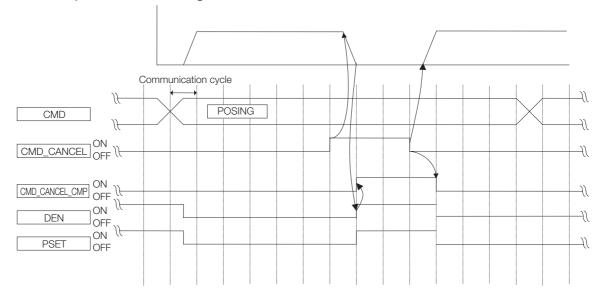
- 1. The master station sets "1" for STOP_MODE and CMD_CANCEL and transmits one of the motion commands given above.
- 2. The slave station stops in accordance with STOP_MODE. When deceleration to a stop is specified, the slave station decelerates its motion at the deceleration specified in DECR of the command.
- 3. "1" is set for CMD_CANCEL_CMP at the slave station in the following circumstances. In the position control mode: When CMD_CANCEL and DEN become "1" In the speed control mode: When CMD_CANCEL and ZSPD become "1" Even after stopping, the slave station maintains the previous control mode.



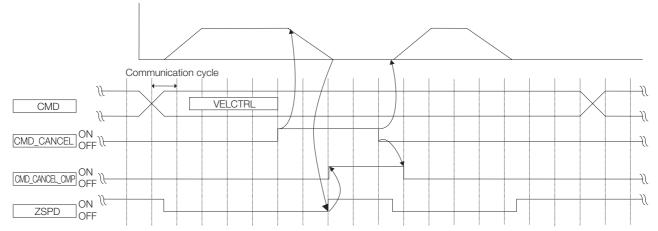
- CMD_CANCEL is disregarded for commands for which CMD_CANCEL is not valid, and CMD_-CANCEL_CMP remains OFF.
- When CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL are simultaneously turned ON or when CMD_CANCEL is turned ON after CMD_PAUSE, CMD_CANCEL takes priority.
- When using CMD_CANCEL, execute the relevant motion command continuously until CMD_-CANCEL_CMP becomes "1."
- By setting "0" for CMD_CANCEL, the cancellation operation is canceled and the motion command is processed as a new motion command.

2.5.3 Supplementary Information on CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL

◆ Example of Canceling the POSING Command



◆ Example of Canceling the VELCTRL Command



Supplementary Information on Latching Operation 2.5.4

The latch operation is enabled at the leading edge of LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2. The operations to be performed when commands are changed after enabling the latch operation are specified in the table below.

(The value of LT_SEL is an example.)

Command before Switching	Command after Switching	Latch Operation
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Common commands	Continues the latch request before switching.
Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Common commands	Interrupts operation as a command with a latch function.
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Continues the latch request before switching.
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 2 LT_REQ = 1	Continues the latch request before switching.
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Switches to a latch request for the command after switching. The servo drive executes another latch request. (Internal processing) If the status "L_CMP = 1" is established before command switching, then the status is set to "L_CMP = 0" at command switching.
Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Switches to a latch request for the command after switching. The servo drive executes another latch request. (Internal processing) If the status "L_CMP = 1" is established before command switching, then the status is set to "L_CMP = 0" at command switching.
Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Switches to a latch request for the command after switching. The servo drive executes another latch request. (Internal processing) If the status "L_CMP = 1" is established before command switching, then the status is set to "L_CMP = 0" at command switching.

Note: 1. Commands with a latch function: EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET

Commands without a latch function: POS_SET, BRK_ON, BRK_OFF, SENS_ON, SENS_OFF, SMON, SV_ON,

SV_OFF, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SVPRM_RD,

SVPRM_WR

Common commands: NOP, ID_RD, CONFIG, ALM_RD, ALM_CLR, SYNC_SET, CONNECT, DISCONNECT,

MEM_RD, MEM_WR

2. LT_SEL: LT_SEL1 or LT_SEL2 LT_REQ: LT_REQ1 or LT_REQ2

2.6

Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO)

This section describes the servo command I/O signal monitoring.

2.6.1 Bit Allocation of Servo Command Output Signals

Byte 8 to byte 11 of the command format are specified as the SVCMD_IO (output) field. The servo command output signals are signals output to the slave station.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

SVCMD_IO (Output) Field

	-						
bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
N_CL	P_CL	P_PPI	V_PPI	Reserved (0)			
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
Reserved (0)				G-9	SEL		
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
SO4*	SO3	SO2	SO1		BANK	(_SEL	
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24
EXT_TRC Reserved (0)					SO5*		

^{*} Valid only for Σ -7W SERVOPACKs.

Details of Output Signal Bits

The following table shows the details of the output signal bits.

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing
	V PPI	Speed Leap D/DL Central	0	PI control	Level
4	V_FF1	Speed Loop P/PI Control	1	P control	Level
·		I control from PI control to P on the settling time by suppressing time by suppressing time by suppressing the settling time by suppressing ti		noot during acceleration.	
	P PPI	Position Loop P/PI Control	0	PI control	Level
5	F_FF1	FOSITION LOOP F/FI CONTION	1	P control	Level
G	Switches the position control automatically from PI control to P control. Used for shortening the settling time by suppressing overshoot during positioning movement.				
	P_CL	Forward Torque Limit	0	Torque not clamped	Level
6			1	Torque clamped	Level
-	Used to select whether the forward torque is clamped or not according to the forward torque limit (common parameter: 8C).				
	N_CL	Reverse Torque Limit	0	Torque not clamped	Level
7	IN_OL		1	Torque clamped	Levei
·	Used to select whether the reverse torque is clamped or not according to the reverse torque limit (common parameter: 8D).				
			0	First gain	
	G_SEL	Gain Select	1	Second gain	Level
			2 to 15	Reserved (Do not set.)	
8 to 11	Used to select the position loop gain, speed loop gain and other settings as desired according to the G_SEL value. 0: First gain 1: Second gain 2 to 15: Reserved (Do not set.)				

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing	
		Double Colombon	0	Bank 0		
	BANK SEL		1	Bank 1	Lovol	
16 to 19	DAINN_SEL	Bank Selector	:	:	Level	
			F	Bank F		
	High-speed acceler	ation/deceleration parameter	(bank sw	vitching) function		
	SO1 to SO3	I/O Signal Output Com-	0	Signal OFF	Level	
	301 10 303	mand	1	Signal ON	Levei	
	Turns ON/OFF the signal output for I/O signal outputs (SO1 to SO3).					
20 to 22	 [Important] The OUT_SIGNAL operation is disabled when other output signals are allocated at the same time to parameters Pn50E, Pn50F and Pn510. To use OUT_SIGNAL, set all of parameters Pn50E, Pn50F and Pn510 to "0." This setting is disabled for the Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor (Model: SGF7□-□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□					
	EXT_TRC	EVT TDC Eutomol trans input		External trace input OFF	Level	
	LXI_IIIO	External trace input	1	External trace input ON	Levei	
31	Used in combination with SigmaWin+ data trace control. By using this signal as a trigger for data trace, data can be acquired at the preferred timing. Cannot be used at the same time with the motion analyze function of MPE720 at the same time.					

Continued from previous page.

2.6.2 Bit Allocation of Servo Command I/O Signal Monitoring

Can be used on SERVOPACKs with software version 002C or higher.

Byte 8 to byte 11 of the response format are specified as the SVCMD_IO (I/O signal) field. Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD ALM has occurred.

SVCMD_IO (I/O Signal) Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
ESTP	EXT3	EXT2	EXT1	N-OT	P-OT	DEC	Reserved (0)
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
ZPOINT	PSET	NEAR	DEN	N-SOT	P-SOT	BRK_ON	Reserved (0)
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
	Reser	ved (0)		ZSPD	V_CMP	V_LIM	T_LIM
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24
IO_STS8	IO_STS7	IO_STS6	IO_STS5	IO_STS4	IO_STS3	IO_STS2	IO_STS1

Details of I/O Signal Bits

The following table shows the details of the I/O signal bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
	DEC	Zero Return Deceleration	0	OFF
1		Limit Switch Input	1	ON
	The status used to j return operation	udge the state of the decel	leration li	mit switch used for zero point
	P_OT	Forward Drive Prohibition	0	OFF
	1_01	Input	1	ON
2	its range of moveme P_OT is the status u	ent.	e machin	e unit is in the forward drive prohib-PD.
	N_OT	Reverse Drive Prohibition	0	OFF
	11_01	Input	1	ON
3	its range of movements	ent.	e machin	ble machine unit if it moves beyond e unit is in the reverse drive prohib-PD.
	EXT1	External Latch 1 Input	0	OFF
	LATT	External Laterr Filiput	1	ON
4	[Important] The Σ -7F Integrated	udge the state of the extern Servomotor (Model: SGF7 it lacks external input signal	'o-ooo	□□□□□2□) does not support
	monitoring because	it lacks external input sign	0	OFF
	EXT2	External Latch 2 Input	1	ON
F	The status used to i	udge the state of the exteri		
5	[Important] The Σ -7F Integrated	_	'O-OOO	□□□□□2□) does not support
	EXT3	External Latch 3 Input	0	OFF
	LXTO	External Laterro Input	1	ON
6	[Important] The Σ -7F Integrated	udge the state of the extern Servomotor (Model: SGF7 it lacks external input sign:	'o-ooo	□□□□□2□) does not support
	ESTP	Emergency Stop	0	OFF
7	(HWBB)		1	ON
		or HWBB2 signal is input, the or stops according to the s		supply to the motor is shut OFF Pn001 = n.□□□X.
	BRK_ON	Brake Application Output	0	Brake released Brake applied
9	This is the status us		e the ser holding	vo driver controls the vertical axis. brake control signal (/BK). Note
			0	Range of motion
	P_SOT	Forward Software Limit	1	Drive prohibited due to forward software limit
10	limit range in the sai N_OT (overtravel sig	me manner as the overtrave gnals). ed to judge if the movable	el functio	it if it moves beyond the software on, with or without using P_OT and unit is in the Forward Software Continued on next page.

2.6.2 Bit Allocation of Servo Command I/O Signal Monitoring

Continued from previous page.

				Continued from previous page.
Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
			0	Range of motion
	N_SOT	Reverse Software Limit	1	Drive prohibited due to reverse software limit
11	limit range in the sa N_OT (overtravel sig	me manner as the overtrav gnals). sed to judge if the movable	el functio	it if it moves beyond the software on, with or without using P_OT and unit is in the Reverse Software
	DEN	Distribution Completed	0	During distribution
12	DLIN	(Position Control Mode)	1	Distribution completed
. –		udge if the position referen in the position control mod		he servo drive has been completed
	NEAR	Near Position	0	Outside the near-position range
	NLAN	(Position Control Mode)	1	Within the near-position range
13	Width (common par		ı is withir	the range of the NEAR Signal
	PSET	Positioning Completed	0	Outside the positioning completion range
	I OLI	(Position Control Mode)	1	Within the positioning completion range
	Refer to the following	in the position control moding section for details. the Positioning Completed St		T = 1) is Established while Canceling a
	ZPOINT	Zero Point	0	Outside the zero point position range
15			1	Within the zero point position range
	The status used to Range (common pa		ı is withir	the range of the Origin Detection
	T_LIM	Torque Limit	0	Not in the torque limited state
16			1	In the torque limited state
	The status used to Reverse Toque (force		ed at the	e Forward Toque Limit or the
	V_LIM	Speed Limit	0	Speed limit not detected
47		(Torque Control Mode)	1	Speed limit detected
17	mand or parameter	judge if the speed is clamp in the torque control mode		limit value specified in the com-
	V CMD	Speed Match	0	Speed not matched
	V_CMP	(Speed Control Mode)	1	Speed match
18	(common paramete		·	ed Match Signal Detection Range
			0	Zero speed not detected
10	ZSPD	Zero Speed	1	Zero speed detected
19	The status used to	judge if the current speed is	s within t	he Zero Speed Detection Range
	(common paramete			

2.6.2 Bit Allocation of Servo Command I/O Signal Monitoring

Continued from previous page.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
	IO_STS1 to	I/O Signal Monitor	0	Signal OFF
	IO_STS8	1/O Signal Monitor	1	Signal ON
24 to 31	Allocate the input si [Important] The Σ -7F Integrated		860 to P	n866, Pn868, and Pn869. DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD

2.7 Command Data

This section describes the servo-specific data used with servo commands.

2.7.1 Data Order

Data in commands and responses is stored in little endian byte order.

For example, 4-byte data "0x1234ABCD" in hexadecimal is stored from the least significant byte as shown below.

Byte	Data
1	CD
2	AB
3	34
4	12

2.7.2 Specifying Units

The units for the user command and parameter data can be selected.

The system of units is set in the common parameters. For the details on the common parameters, refer to the following chapter for details.

Chapter 8 Common Parameters

Speed

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 41 and 42.

Unit	Remark
Reference unit/s (default)	×10 ⁿ [reference unit/s] can be set.
Reference unit/min	×10 ⁿ [reference unit/min] can be set.
"%" of rated speed	×10 ⁿ [%] can be set.
min ⁻¹ (rpm)	$\times 10^{n}$ [min ⁻¹] can be set.
Max. motor speed/40000000 (h)	Set "0" for common parameter 42.

Position

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 43 and 44.

Unit	Remark
Reference unit (default)	[Reference unit] Fixed Set "0" for common parameter 44.

Acceleration

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 45 and 46.

Unit	Remark
Reference unit/s ² (default)	×10 ⁿ [reference unit/s ²] can be set.

2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data

Torque

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 47 and 48.

Unit	Remark		
% of rated torque (default)	×10 ⁿ [%] can be set.		
Max. torque/40000000 (h)	Set "0" for common parameter 48.		

2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data

The master station sets the selection code of the monitor data to be read from a slave station at monitor selection bits SEL_MON1 to 3 in the servo command control field (SVCMD_CTRL) and at monitor selection bits SEL_MON4 to 6 in the subcommand control field (SUB_CTRL). The slave station sets the specified monitor selection code and the monitor data in the response.

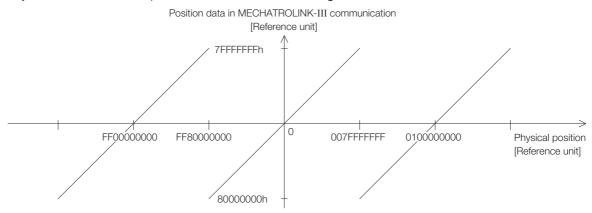
The following table lists the monitor data.

Selection Code	Monitor Name	Description	Remark		
0	APOS	Feedback Position	-		
1	CPOS	Command Position	-		
2	PERR	Position Error	Valid only when performing position control		
3	LPOS1	Latched Position 1	_		
4	LPOS2	Latched Position 2	-		
5	FSPD	Feedback Speed	-		
6	CSPD	Reference Speed	-		
7 TRQ Reference Torque		Reference Torque	-		
8 ALARM Detailed Information on the Current Alarm		Botomod IIII of III ott	When an alarm has occurred after the occurrence of a warning, the information on the alarm is displayed.		
9 MPOS Command Position		Command Position	Input reference position in a position control loop MPOS = APOS + PERR		
A – Reserved		Reserved	-		
B – Reserved		Reserved	_		
C CMN1 Common Moni		Common Monitor 1	Selects the monitor data specified at common parameter 89.		
D CMN2 Common Monitor 2		Common Monitor 2	Selects the monitor data specified at common parameter 8A.		
E OMN1 Optional Monitor 1		Optional Monitor 1	Selects the monitor data specified at parameter Pn824.		
F OMN2 Optional Monitor 2		Optional Monitor 2	Selects the monitor data specified at parameter Pn825.		

2

2.7.4 Position Data

Servo commands use 4-byte data as position data. For infinite length operation, position data beyond this limit are expressed as shown in the diagram below.



3.1	Comm	non Commands
	3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3	No Operation Command (NOP: 00h) 3-3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h) 3-4 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04h)
	3.1.4	Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05h)
	3.1.5	Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06h)
	3.1.6	Start Synchronous Communication Command (SYNC_SET: 0Dh)
	3.1.7	Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0Eh)
	3.1.8	Disconnection Command (DISCONNECT: 0Fh)
	3.1.9 3.1.10	Read Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1Dh) 3-20 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1Eh) 3-21
	0.1.10	Write Memory Command (MEM_With Ten) 5 21
3.2	Servo	Commands

3.2.12	External Input Feed Command
	(EX_FEED: 37h)
3.2.13	External Input Positioning Command
	(EX_POSING: 39h)
3.2.14	Zero Point Return Command (ZRET: 3Ah)3-45
3.2.15	Velocity Control Command (VELCTRL: 3Ch)3-48
3.2.16	Torque Control Command
	(TRQCTRL: 3Dh)
3.2.17	Read Servo Parameter Command
	(SVPRM_RD: 40h)
3.2.18	Write Servo Parameter Command
	(SVPRM_WR: 41h)
3.2.19	Motion Command Data Setting Method 3-52
3.2.20	Restrictions in Using Servo Commands 3-54

3.1 Common Commands

3.1.1 No Operation Command (NOP: 00h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used					
D. NO)P	Description					
Byte	Command	Response						
0	00h	00h	You cannot use the NOP command during network					
1	WDT	RWDT	control. • The response returns the current status.					
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	 Confirm that RCN 	MD = NOP (= 00h) a	and			
3		01VID_01711	CMD_STAT.CMD	CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1.				
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18	Reserved	Reserved						
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

3.1.2 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used					
Byte ID_		RD	Description					
Бую	Command	Response	Description					
0	03h	03h	The ID_RD command reads the ID of a device. This approach the product information as ID data.					
1	WDT	RWDT	command reads the product information as ID data • The ID data is selected in detail by specifying ID_C					
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Confirm the completion of the command executive checking that RCMD = ID_RD (= 03h) and		and execution by and			
4	ID_CODE	ID_CODE	CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the set for ID_CODE, OFFSET and SIZE.					
5	OFFSET	OFFSET						
6	OLZE	0.175		ses, an alarm will oc				
7	SIZE	SIZE	in the response in t be indefinite.	hose cases becaus	e the ID value will			
8			When the ID_CO	DE data is invalid:	a is invalid:			
9			CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94A)				
10				 When the OFFSET data is invalid or the SIZE data do not match: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D) 				
11			If the OFFSET or SIZE data is invalid for the specified ID_CODE, an alarm occurs. Example:Setting OFFSET = 3 and SIZE = 4 for reading the device version (4-byte data) specifies reading of data out-					
12								
13								
14			side the device ver	sion data (4 bytes) a				
15			alarm.					
16								
17			In.					
18								
19	Reserved	ID						
20	110301700	שו						
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

Command Parameters

ID_CODE: ID data selection code OFFSET: ID read offset

SIZE: Read data size [bytes]

The following tables describe details of the ID_CODE.

ID_CODE	Description	n	Data Si	ze	Data Ty	ре	Compliance
	Vendor ID Code		4 bytes	В	nary Data	-	0
01h	00000000h (YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION) An ID code used to specify the vendor. Vendor ID codes are managed by the MECHATROLINK Members Association.						
	Device Code		4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
02h	02250000h (Σ -7S SERVOPACK (SGD7S- $\square\square\square\square$ 20 \square)) 02250001h (Σ -7W SERVOPACK (SGD7W- $\square\square\square\square$ 20 \square)) 02250005h (Σ -7F Integrated Servomotor (SGF7 \square - $\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$ 2 \square) This is a code specific to each device.						
	Device Version		4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
03h	Returns the firmware Version information		his product	. Exar	nple: 001600	00h	
	Device Information F	ile Version	4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
	This is the version product.	information o	of the devic	e informa	ation (MDI) file	e supporte	ed by this
	bit7 bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
			Revisi	on No.	<u> </u>	1	
			_			1	
04h	bit15 bit14		bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8
	Maj	or version			Minor	version	
	tions and function changes, such as addition of profiles. Minor version: When there are changes to the MDI associated with minor function additions or function changes. Revision No.:Normally returns "0." Bit 16 to 31: Reserved (0)						
	Extended Address S (for Future Use)	etting	4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
05h	1 This is the number of extended addresses used. The value is always "1" because this product comprises a single axis.						
	Serial No.		32 bytes		SCII Code		0
06h		oific to cook		(L	elimiter: 00)		
	Serial number spec		4 bytes	IR	nary Data		0
10h	Profile Type 1 (Primary) 4 bytes Binary Data O 00000010h (Standard servo profile) Profile type (primary) that the device supports This product supports the following two profile types. (1) Profile type 1: Servo profile (this ID_CODE) (2) Profile type 2: None (12h) (3) Profile type 3: None (14h)						
	Profile Version 1 (Pri	mary)	4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
11h	00000030h Profile version (prin	nary) that the	e device sur	oports.			_
12h	Profile Type 2	-	4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
1211	000000FFh (Not sup	ported code)				
13h	Profile Version 2		4 bytes	В	nary Data		0
.011	00000000h						

3.1.2 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h)

Continued from previous page.

Profile Type 3	ID_CODE	Г	escription		Data Size		Data Type	trom prev	ompliance		
14h	ID_CODE							U	•		
Profile Version 3	14h			rted code)	,	Diriary	Data				
15h				rtoa ooac,		Binary	Data		0		
Minimum Value of Transmission 4 bytes Binary Data O	15h				1 by too	Biriary	Data				
The minimum transmission cycle that the device can support in the granularity level of the transmission cycle increment (18h) Maximum Value of Transmission 4 bytes Binary Data O		Minimum Va		smission	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
Cycle	16h	The minimum transmission cycle that the device can support in the granularity level of									
The maximum transmission cycle that the device can support in the granularity level of the transmission cycle increment (18h) Transmission Cycle Increment (18h) Transmission Cycle Increment (18h) O0000003h There are the following four levels of transmission cycle increment that the device supports. This product supports level 03h. 00h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 2 to 64 (ms) (2 ms increment) 01h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (2 ms increment) 02h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 03h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 0, 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 03h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 0, 750 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 03h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 750 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 05h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 750 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 07h The minimum value of Communication cycle that the device supports Maximum Value of Communication cycle that the device supports Maximum Value of Communication cycle that the device supports Number of Transmission Bytes 4 bytes Binary Data 0 0000000Eh The number of transmission bytes that the device supports The number of transmission bytes that the device supports The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. (Supported: 1, Not supported: 0) bit 7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 to 10 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			alue of Tran	smission	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
Canularity	17h	The maxir	num transm	ission cyc		evice can su	upport in th	e granulari	ty level of		
There are the following four levels of transmission cycle increment that the device supports. This product supports level 03h. 00h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 2 to 64 (ms) (2 ms increment) 01h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 02h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 03h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) 03h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 750 (µs), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment) Minimum Value of Communication cycle that the device supports The minimum communication cycle that the device supports Maximum Value of Communication cycle that the device supports Number of Transmission Bytes				rement	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
19h 12500 [0.01 μs unit] (0.125 ms) The minimum communication cycle that the device supports Maximum Value of Communication cycle that the device supports 3200000 [0.01 μs unit] (32 ms) The maximum communication cycle that the device supports Number of Transmission Bytes 4 bytes Binary Data O 0000000Eh The number of transmission bytes that the device supports The number of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. (Supported: 1, Not supported: 0) bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Bit5 to 63: Reserved (0) Number of Transmission Bytes 4 bytes Binary Data O O D bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) D D D D D D D D D	18h	There are ports. This prod 00h: 31.2 01h: 31.2 02h: 31.2	There are the following four levels of transmission cycle increment that the device supports. This product supports level 03h. 00h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (μ s), 2 to 64 (ms) (2 ms increment) 01h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (μ s), 1 to 64 (ms) (1 ms increment) 02h: 31.25, 62.5, 125, 250, 500 (μ s), 1 to 64 (ms) (0.5 ms increment)								
The minimum communication cycle that the device supports Maximum Value of Communication Cycle binary Data	19h	tion Cycle			4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
tion Cycle 3200000 [0.01 μs unit] (32 ms) The maximum communication cycle that the device supports Number of Transmission Bytes		12500 [0.0 ⁻¹ The minin	1 μs unit] (0. num commu	125 ms) nication c	ycle that the	device sup	ports				
The maximum communication cycle that the device supports Number of Transmission Bytes	1Ah		alue of Com	munica-	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
1Bh 1Bh 1Bh 1Bh 1Bh 1Bh 1Bh 1Bh	1701				cycle that the	device sup	ports				
The number of transmission bytes that the device supports The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. (Supported: 1, Not supported: 0) bit7		Number of	Transmissio	n Bytes	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Setting) 0000000h The number of transmission bytes that is currently set with DIP switch (S3). One of the bits indicated by "-" will be set to "1." The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 0 0 0 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O	1Bh	The number of transmission bytes that the device supports The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. (Supported:									
0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15.1	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Setting) 0000000h The number of transmission bytes that is currently set with DIP switch (S3). One of the bits indicated by "-" will be set to "1." The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 0 0 0 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data		Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	d 64 bytes	48 bytes	32 bytes	16 bytes	8 bytes		
Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Setting) Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Setting) Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Setting) Number of Transmission Bytes (Suppose Setting) Number of Transmission Bytes (_		0	1	1	0	0		
(Current Setting) (A bytes Set with DIP switch (S3). One of the bits indicated by "-" will be set to "1." The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. (Dit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0) Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes (Dit 5 to 63: Reserved (O)) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data (Current Selection)				• ,	Γ						
The number of transmission bytes that is currently set with DIP switch (S3). One of the bits indicated by "-" will be set to "1." The numbers of bytes to be transmitted are allocated to the following bits. bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 0 0 0 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O				n Bytes	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0 Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes 0 0 0 0 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O	1Ch	The numb	ated by "-" v	vill be set	to "1."			, ,	ne of the		
Reserved Reserved Reserved 64 bytes 48 bytes 32 bytes 16 bytes 8 bytes			-					_	bit0		
0 0 0 0 0 bit 5 to 63: Reserved (0) Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O											
Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O		I					-	-			
Profile Type (Current Selection) 4 bytes Binary Data O			B: Reserved			1	1	1			
11)h				` '	4 bytes	Binary	Data		0		
	1Dh		•		the CONNEC			ı			

			revious page.				
scription	Data Size	Data Type	Compliance				
ommunication	4 bytes	Binary Data	0				
0000002h (Cyclic communication) The communication mode that the device supports The communication modes are allocated to the following bits. (Supported: 1, Not supported: 0) bit 1: Cyclic communication							
S							
ed							
orted Main Com-	32 bytes	Array	0				
	unication mode that unication modes are	Ommunication 4 bytes Cyclic communication) unication mode that the device support of t	ommunication 4 bytes Binary Data Cyclic communication) unication mode that the device supports unication modes are allocated to the following bits. (Supported: c communication s ed				

The list of the main commands that the device supports The commands are allocated as shown below.

....

bit 0 to 255: 0: Command not supported

1: Command supported

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Reserved (0)	ALM_ CLR	ALM_ RD	CONFIG	ID_RD	PRM_ WR	PRM_RD	NOP
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1

bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8
DISCON- NECT	CON- NECT	SYNC_ SET	Reserved (0)				
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

bit 16 to 23: Reserved (0)

bit31	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit27	bit26	bit25	bit24
Reserved (0)	MEM_ WR	MEM_ RD	PPRM_W R	PPRM_ RD	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

bit39 bit38 bit37 bit36 bit35 bit34 bit33 bit32 BRK_ SENS_ SENS_ POS_ Reserved Reserved Reserved BRK_ON OFF ON OFF SET (0)(O) (0)1 1 1

bit 40 to 47: Reserved (0)

30h

bit55	bit54	bit53	bit52	bit51	bit50	bit49	bit48	
EX_ FEED	FEED	POSING	INTER- POLATE	Reserved (0)	SV_OFF	SV_ON	SMON	
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	

bit63	bit62	bit61	bit60	bit59	bit58	bit57	bit56
Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	TRQC- TRL	VELCTRL	Reserved (0)	ZRET	EX_ POSING	Reserved (0)
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0

bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bit67	bit66	bit65	bit64
Reserved (0)	SVPRM_ WR	SVPRM_ RD					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

bit 72 to 255: Reserved (0)

3.1.2 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h)

Continued from previous page.

ID_CODE	Г	Description		Data Siz	7e	Data Typ		Compliance			
10_0002	List of Supp	-	com-	32 bytes	Arra			0			
	mands			-							
	The list of the subcommands that the device supports The commands are allocated as shown below.										
	bit 0 to 255: 0: Command not supported										
		and suppor		supported							
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
	Reserved (0)	ALM_ CLR	ALM_ RD	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	PRM_ WR	PRM_RC	NOP			
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1			
	hit 9 to 9	3: Reserved	1 (O)								
	bit 8 to 2.	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit27	bit26	bit25	bit24			
	Reserved	MEM_	MEM_	PPRM_	PPRM_	Reserved	Reserved				
38h	(0)	WR 1	RD 1	WR 0	RD 0	(O) O	(0)	(0)			
		Į į	ı	U	U	U	0	0			
	bit 32 to	47: Reserve	ed (0)								
	bit55	bit54	bit53	bit52	bit51	bit50	bit49	bit48			
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	SMON			
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
	bit 56 to	bit 56 to 63: Reserved (0)									
	bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bit67	bit66	bit65	bit64			
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	SVPRM_ WR	_ SVPRM_ RD			
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
	hit 72 to 1	bit 72 to 255: Reserved (0)									
	List of Supp			20 by too	Arro	,					
	Parameters			32 bytes	Arra			0			
	The list of The comm	f the comm mon param	on paramet eters are al	ter numbers located as	s that the c shown belo	levice suppo w.	orts				
		55: 0: Com on parame			pportea						
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
40h	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	Reserved (0)			
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0			
	bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8			
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	0C	0B	0A	09	08			
	(0)	(0)	(0)	1	1	1	1	1			
		0	0	1	1	1	1	1			
						Co	ontinued o	n next page.			

Continued	from	nrevious	nage
Continueu	11 0111	previous	paye.

ID_CODE	Г	Description		Data Siz	'A	Data Type		ompliance		
ID_OODE		31: Reserve		Data Oiz	.6	Data Type		ompliance		
	bit39	bit38	bit37	bit36	bit35	bit34	bit33	bit32		
	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit47	bit46	bit45	bit44	bit43	bit42	bit41	bit40		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	29	28		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	bit 48 to	63: Reserve	ed (0)							
	bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bit67	bit66	bit65	bit64		
	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit79	bit78	bit77	bit76	bit75	bit74	bit73	bit72		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	49	48		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	bit 80 to	95: Reserve	ed (0)							
40h	bit103	bit102	bit101	bit100	bit99	bit98	bit97	bit96		
(Continued)	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit111	bit110	bit109	bit108	bit107	bit106	bit105	bit104		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	bit 112 to 127: Reserved (0)									
	bit135	bit134	bit133	bit132	bit131	bit130	bit129	bit128		
	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit143	bit142	bit141	bit140	bit139	bit138	bit137	bit136		
	8F	8E	8D	8C	8B	8A	89	88		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	bit151	bit150	bit149	bit148	bit147	bit146	bit145	bit144		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	93	92	91	90		
	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1		
	bit 152 to 2	255: Reserv	red (0)							
	Main Devic	e Name		32 bytes		Code niter: 00)		0		
80h	Product model Example: SGD7S-1R6A20A The main device name (ASCII code) <notice> To judge the device with the host device, use the device code (02h) instead of this ID_CODE.</notice>									

3.1.2 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h)

Continued from previous page.

ID_CODE	Description	Data Size	Data Type	Compliance						
	Sub Device 1 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
90h	Motor model Example: SGM7J-01A7A21 The name of sub device 1 (ASCII code) For the Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor (Model: SGF7□-□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□									
	Sub Device 1 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
98h	Firmware version of the motor en The version number of sub dev		ole: 00000001h							
A0h	Sub Device 2 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
AUII	External encoder model Example: The name of sub device 2 (ASCII code)									
	Sub Device 2 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
A8h	The software version of the external encoder Example: 0000001h The version number of sub device 2									
DOb	Sub Device 3 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
B0h	Not supported: NULL The name of sub device 3 (ASC	(
	Sub Device 3 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
B8h	Not supported: 0000000h The version number of sub dev	ice 3								
BCh to BFh	Reserved									
C0h	Sub Device 4 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
COIT	The safety option module model The name of sub device 4 (ASCII code)									
	Sub Device 4 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
C8h	The software version of the safety The version number of sub dev		Example: 00000001h							
D0h	Sub Device 5 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
DOIT	The feedback option module model The name of sub device 5 (ASCII code)									
	Sub Device 5 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
D8h	The software version of the feedby The version number of sub dev		dule Example: 00000001	h						
F0b	Sub Device 6 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0						
E0h	Reserved The name of sub device 6 (ASC	CII code)								
-	Sub Device 6 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0						
E8h	Reserved The version number of sub device 6									

Note: The ID_CODE values of C0h and above are the vendor-specific area.

3.1.3 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04h)

	es in which the nmand can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Pro	cessing Time	Refer to the specifications of CONFIG_MOD.	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used			
Duto	CON	NFIG		Description				
Byte	Command	Response	Description					
0	04h	04h	The CONFIG com	mand sets up devid	ces.			
1	WDT	RWDT	 Confirm the comp 	letion of the comm	and execution by			
2				MD = CONFIG (= 04 RDY = 1, and also ch				
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	for CONFIG_MOD		lecking the setting			
4	CONFIG_MOD	CONFIG_MOD	CMD_STAT: Indefinite until the	completion of the	nommand			
5				completion of the o	COMMINANO			
6			In the following case		cur and the com-			
7			mand will not be ex		lid.			
8			CMD_ALM = 9h(A	_MOD data is invalid: 94B)				
9			· While in the servo					
10			CMD_ALM = Ah (A	ROLINK-II com- stablished and the				
11			command is exec	stablished and the				
12			While editing using		al operator:			
13			CMD_ALM = Ah (A	4.95A)				
14								
15								
16								
17								
18	Reserved	Reserved						
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

3.1.3 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04h)

Command Parameters

CONFIG_MOD: Configuration mode

- 0: Parameter re-calculation and setup, processing time: 5 seconds or less
- 1: Not supported (CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B))
- 2: Initialization to the factory-set parameter setting values, processing time: 20 seconds or less Turn the power OFF after completion of the process and turn it back ON.

State of Each Status during CONFIG Command Execution

The following tables show the state of each status before, during and after CONFIG command processing.

◆ When Re-calculating and Setting up the Parameters

Status and Output Signal	Before CONFIG Pro- cessing	During CONFIG Pro- cessing	After CONFIG Pro- cessing
ALM	Current state	Current state	Current state
CMDRDY	1	0	1
M_RDY	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
Other Statuses	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
ALM (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	Current state	Current state
/S-RDY (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	OFF	Current state
Other Output Signals	Current state	Indefinite	Current state

◆ When Initializing to the Factory-set Parameter Settings

Status and Output Signal	Before CONFIG Pro- cessing	During CONFIG Pro- cessing	After CONFIG Pro- cessing
ALM	Current state	Current state	Current state
CMDRDY	1	0	1
M_RDY	Current state	0	0
Other Statuses	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
ALM (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	Current state	Current state
/S-RDY (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	OFF	OFF
Other Output Signals	Current state	Indefinite	Current state

3.1.4 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Processing Time		Refer to the spec- ifications of ALM_RD_MOD	Subcommand Cannot be used					
Byte	ALM	I_RD	Description					
Dyto	Command	Response		Bootiption				
0	05h	05h		nmand reads the al	arm or warning			
1	WDT	RWDT	state. • The current alarm	n or warning state is	read to ALM -			
2	- CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	DATA.	TOT Warring State is	Tead to ALIVI			
3	OND_OTTL	OND_OTAT	Confirm the comp					
4	ALM_RD_MOD	ALM_RD_MOD		$MD = ALM_RD (= 0)$ RDY = 1, and also c				
5	ALW_ND_WOD	ALW_ND_WOD	for ALM_RD_MO		ricording the cetting			
6	ALM_INDEX	ALM_INDEX	ALM_INDEX is not	ot used. Its setting is	s ignored.			
7	ALW_INDEX	ALW_INDEX	In the following cas	ses, an alarm will oc	cur. Do not read			
8			ALM_DATA in the r	esponse in these cases because the				
9			ALM_DATA value will be indefinite. • When the ALM_RD_MOD data is invalid:					
10			(A.94B)	irivaliu.				
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19	Reserved	ALM_DATA						
20	- 1.000.100	, <u>_</u> ,						
21								
22								
23								
24	_							
25	_							
26	_							
27	_							
28	_							
29	_							
30	_							
31								

Note: 1. ALM_DATA specifies an alarm using 2 bytes.

^{2.} The alarm history arranges alarms in the order of occurrence starting from the latest alarm.

^{3. 0000}h is set in the normal state.

3.1.4 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05h)

Command Parameters

The details of ALM_RD_MOD are described below.

ALM_RD_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Current alarm/warning state Max. 10 items (byte 8 to 27) (00h is set for the remaining bytes (byte 28 to 31).)	Within communication cycle
1	Alarm occurrence status history (Warnings are not retained in the history.) Max. 10 items (byte 8 to 27) (00h is set for the remaining bytes (byte 28 to 31).)	Within 60 ms

For Σ -7-Series SERVOPACKs, alarm codes are defined as 2-byte data with the following configuration.

	Bit 15 to 12	Bit 11 to 0
	0	Alarm code
Example: A.94B	0h	94Bh

3

Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06h)

Data Format

3.1.5

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command				
Pro	cessing Time	Refer to the specifications of ALM_CLR_MOD.	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used				
Byte	ALM_	_CLR	Description						
Бусе	Command	Response		Description					
0	06h	06h	The ALM_CLR co						
1	WDT	RWDT		the state of a slave cause of the alarm					
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT			e after the cause of				
3	OIVID_OTTIL	OND_STAT		ning has been elimir					
4	ALM_CLR_MOD	ALM_CLR_MOD	When a commun chronous communication	ication error (recept inication error (wato					
5	ALIVI_OLI I_IVIOD	ALIVI_OLI I_IVIOD		nchronous commun					
6				tion must be recove					
7			has been execute	nand after the ALM	_CLR command				
8			Confirm the company	oletion of the comm					
9			checking that RCMD = ALM_CLR (= 06h) and CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the for ALM_CLR_MOD. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the						
10									
11									
12									
13			mand will not be executed. • When the ALM_CLR_MOD data is invalid:						
14			CMD_ALM = 9h	A.94B)					
15			• While editing using SigmaWin or digital operator: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A)						
16			OND_ALM = AT	A.90A)					
17			Use this command	with CMD_CTRL.A	LM_CLR set to "0."				
18	Reserved	Reserved							
19	rioscrvoa	110301700							
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

Command Parameters

The details of ALM_CLR_MOD are described below.

ALM_CLR_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Clearance of the current alarm or warning state	Within 200 ms
1	Clearance of the alarm history	Within 2 s

3.1.6

Start Synchronous Communication Command (SYN-C_SET: 0Dh)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Pro	cessing Time	Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand Cannot be used					
Byte SYN		S_SET		Description				
Dyto	Command	Response		Description				
0	0Dh	0Dh		command starts syr				
1	WDT	RWDT		em will be in the syinase 3) when the ex	nchronous commu-			
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		pleted and watchdo				
4 5			(phase 3), for exa asynchronous co	return to synchrond mple, when a shift mmunication (phase	has been made to			
6			communication e	rror. nmunication is estal	blished by taking			
7			the transition of the	ne watchdog data ('	WDT) during the			
9				command as the re				
10			 Maintains this command at the master station until processing has been completed. Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = SYNC_SET (= 0Dh) and 					
11								
12			CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1.					
13			• If the system is in communication phase 2, it will est					
14			lish the servo OFF state and shift to communication phase 3.					
15				communication ph				
16			returned.	ered and a normal re	esponse will be			
17	Reserved	Reserved		OMM_ALM has occ				
18	110301700	110301700		ication phase 2. In s	such a case, restart ding this command.			
19				-	_			
20			In the following cas	se, an alarm will occ	cur and the com-			
21			When editing usir	ng SigmaWin or a d	igital operator:			
22			CMD_ALM = Ah	(A.95A)				
23								
24 25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

3

Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0Eh)

Data Format

3.1.7

	es in which the d can be Executed	1	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Pro	cessing Time	Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used			
Byte CON		NECT		Description				
Бусе	Command	Response		Description				
0	0Eh	0Eh		ommand establishe				
1	WDT	RWDT		tion. When the execompleted, the conti				
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	is started by mea tion.	ns of MECHATROL	INK communica-			
4	VER	VER	Confirm the company that BC	oletion of the comm MD = CONNECT (=				
5	COM_MOD	COM_MOD		RDY = 1, and also t				
6	COM_TIM	COM_TIM	VER, COM_MOD	E, COM_TIME, and	PROFILE_TYPE of			
7	PROFILE_TYPE	PROFILE_TYPE	the response agre	ee with the set data	l.			
8			In the following cas	es, an alarm will oc	cur and the system			
9			will remain in comn	nunication phase 1.				
10			When the VER data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)					
11			• When the COM_TIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)					
12								
13			• When the PROFIL CMD_ALM = 9h (LE_TYPE data is invalid: (A 94R)				
14			When the number		rtes is 32			
15			and SUBCMD = 1					
16			CMD_ALM=9h (AWhile editing usin		tal operator:			
17			CMD_ALM = Ah		to. opolato.			
18								
19	Reserved	Reserved						
20	neserveu	neserved						
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

3.1.7 Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0Eh)

Command Parameters

◆ VER: MECHATROLINK application layer version

For servo profile: VER = 30h

◆ COM_MOD: Communication mode

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
_	SUBCMD	0	0	0	DTM	ODE	SYNCMODE	0

SYNCMODE: Synchronization setting

1: Performs synchronous communication.

(Watchdog data error detection enabled. Synchronous communication commands can be used.)

0: Performs asynchronous communication.

(Watchdog data error detection disabled. Synchronous communication commands cannot be used.)

• DTMODE: Data transfer method

00: Single transmission

01: Consecutive transmission

10: Reserved11: Reserved

• SUBCMD: Subcommand setting

0: Subcommand disabled

1: Subcommand enabled

◆ COM_TIM: Communication cycle setting

Sets the number by which to multiply the transmission cycle to get the communications cycle. The setting range is 1 to 255.

The setting must meet the following conditions.

• Σ-7S SERVOPACKs

0.125 [ms] ≤ Transmission cycle [ms] × COM_TIME ≤ 32 [ms]

• Σ-7W SERVOPACKs

0.25 [ms] ≤ Transmission cycle [ms] × COM_TIME ≤ 32 [ms]

Example

If you use a communications cycle of 2 ms for a transmission cycle of 0.5 ms, COM_TIME will be 4 (2/0.5).

◆ PROFILE_TYPE: Profile type setting

Sets the profile type to be used.

PROFILE_TYPE = 10h (Standard servo profile)

3.1.8 Disconnection Command (DISCONNECT: 0Fh)

	es in which the d can be Executed	All phases	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command			
Processing Time		Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand Cannot be used					
Byte	DISCO	NNECT		Description				
Буге	Command	Response		Description				
0	0Fh	0Fh		connection, the ma				
1					r two or more com-			
2				s. At this time, the s processing and the				
3			tialization required	d to reestablish the	connection. It then			
4				nect establishment	request from the			
5			master station.The DISCONNECT	T command can be	sent regardless of			
6			the state of the C	MD_STAT.CMDRD	/ bit. If the DIS-			
7				nand is sent when the				
8			CMD_STAT.CMDRDY state bit is 0, processing is in rupted and this command is processed.					
9			Control with the command sending time of the ma					
10			station as two or more communication cycles.					
11			 Upon receipt of this command, the following operation is performed. Shifts the communication phase to phase 1. Establishes the servo OFF state. Disables reference point setting. 					
12								
13								
14			- Initializes the po					
15				power is turned OF				
16	Reserved	Reserved	is indefinite.	T command is sent,	tne response data			
17			io iridominto.					
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								

3.1.9 Read Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1Dh)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3			Asynchronous command
Prod	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Subcommand Cannot be used	
Byte	MEN	I_RD		Description	
Dyte	Command	Response		Description	
0	1Dh	1Dh	The MEM_RD con		
1	WDT	RWDT	memory by specifsize for reading.	ying the initial addr	ress and the data
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Confirm the comp	letion of the comm	and execution by
3	OMD_OTTLE	OND_OTAT	checking that RCI	MD = MEM_RD (=	1Dh) and
4	Reserved	Reserved		RDY = 1, and also d ZE and MODE/DAT	hecking the setting A TYPE.
5	MODE/DATA TYPE	MODE/DATA TYPE	In the following case		
6	SIZE	SIZE	DATA in the respons		ecause the DATA
7	SIZE	SIZE	value will be indefini • When the ADDRE		
8			$CMD_ALM = 9h (A)$	A.94A)	
9	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the SIZE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D)		
10	ABBITEOU	7 IDDI ILOO			
11			While editing using	g SigmaWin or digi	
12			$CMD_ALM = Ah (A)$	4.95A)	
13			Refer to the following section for details.		
14				cess Virtual Memory	Areas on page 3-23.
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21	Reserved	DATA			
22					
23 24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
	l .	<u> </u>	ļ		

Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE					DAT	A_TYPE	

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Not supported

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

SIZE: Data size for reading (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for reading

DATA: Read data

3.1.10 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1Eh)

			-		1	
	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command	
Processing Time		Refer to ◆ Executing the Adjustment Operation on page 3- 22.	Subcommand	Cannot	be used	
Б.	MEM	_WR		D ' '		
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
0	1Eh	1Eh			data in virtual mem-	
1	WDT	RWDT	ory by specifying the data for writir	the initial address,	the data size and	
2	- CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	This command pr	rovides an adjustme ADJ command of t		
4	Reserved	Reserved	TROLINK-II comp			
5	MODE/DATA TYPE	MODE/DATA TYPE	 Confirm the completion of the command execution checking that RCMD = MEM_WR (= 1Eh) and CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the set for ADDRESS, SIZE, MODE/DATA_TYPE and DATA. 			
6	SIZE	SIZE				
7	OIZL	OIZL	In the following cas	es, an alarm will oc	cur and the com-	
8			mand will not be ex			
9	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	When the ADDRESS data is invalid: CMD ALM = 9b (A.94A).			
10) ADDITIESS	ADDITEGO	CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94A) • When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)			
11						
12				ata is invalid: CMD_		
13			 When the DATA data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the conditions for executing the adjustment oper- 			
14			ation in the next page are not satisfied: CMD_ALM=Ah (A.95A) • While editing using SigmaWin or digital operator:			
15						
16			CMD_ALM = Ah		tai operator.	
17						
18				ng section for detail	S. Areas on page 3-23.	
19			■ Wethod to At	cess virtual Memory	Areas on page 5-25.	
20						
21	DATA	DATA				
22	Driiri	Drift				
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

3.1.10 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1Eh)

Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE					DAT	A_TYPE	•

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Non-volatile memory (Non-volatile memory can be selected only

for common parameters)

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported SIZE: Data size for writing (type specified by DATA TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for writing DATA: Data to be written

Executing the Adjustment Operation

The table below lists the adjustment operations that can be executed.

Adjustment	Request Code	Preparation before Execution	Processing Time	Execution Conditions
Normal mode	0000h	None	200 ms max.	_
Parameter ini- tialization	1005h	None	20 s max.	Initialization impossible while the servo is ON. After initialization, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Absolute encoder reset	1008h	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, impossible to reset the encoder while the servo is ON. After execution, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Automatic offset adjustment of motor current detection signals	100Eh	None	5 s max.	Adjustment is disabled: • While the main circuit power supply is OFF • While the servo is ON • While the servomotor is running
Multiturn limit setting	1013h	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, the setting is disabled unless A.CCO (Multiturn Limit Disagreement) occurs. After execution, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.

■ Details of Command for Adjustment

1. Send the following data and set the request code of the adjustment to be executed.

Command = MEM_WR ADDRESS = 80004000h MODE/DATA_TYPE = 12h

SIZE = 0001h

DATA = Request code of the adjustment to be executed

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

2. For adjustment that requires a preparation process in the table, send the following data.

Command = MEM_WR ADDRESS = 80004002h

MODE/DATA_TYPE = 12h

SIZE = 0001h

DATA = 0002h

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

3.1.10 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1Eh)

3. Send the following data to execute adjustment.

Command = MEM_WR ADDRESS = 80004002h

MODE/DATA_TYPE = 12h

SIZE = 0001h

DATA = 0001h

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

4. Send the following data to abort the execution.

Command = MEM_WR ADDRESS = 80004000h MODE/DATA_TYPE = 12h SIZE = 0001h DATA = 0000h

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1.

Method to Access Virtual Memory Areas

For the information on the allocation of virtual memory areas, refer to the following chapter for details.

Chapter 9 Virtual Memory Space.

The details of the units (DATA_TYPE) for accessing the virtual memory areas are described below.

Area Name	Details	DATA_TYPE	SIZE*	Accessible/inaccessible	
	Reserved			Inaccessible	
Vendor-specific area	Register area	Short, long	Number of data	Accessible	
Reserved	Reserved			Inaccessible	
Common parameter area	Common parameters	Long	Number of data	Accessible	
ID area	Reserved	Byta short long	Number of	Accessible	
ID alea	ID	Byte, short, long	data	Accessible	

^{*} Set the number of data of the data type specified by DATA_TYPE.

The details of CMD_ALM of the MEM_RD/MEM_WR command are described below.

CMD_ALM	Displayed Code	Error Details
		When an initial address outside the defined areas is specified
	A.94A	When an address within the reserved ranges of common parameter or vendor-specific areas is specified
9h		When a value other than a multiple of the data size specified in DATA_TYPE is set for ADDRESS
911	A.94B	When the MODE or DATA_TYPE data is invalid
	A.94D	When the initial address is within the defined areas but the specified size goes beyond those areas
		When a data size beyond the specification of the command format is set for SIZE

3.2

Servo Commands

3.2.1 Set Coordinates Command (POS_SET: 20h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification			
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used	
Byte	POS_	SET	Description			
2,10	Command	Response		<u>'</u>		
0	20h	20h		mmand sets the co		
1	WDT	RWDT		Specify the type of ction code using PO		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	This command a	lso provides a funct ifying this command	ion to set the refer-	
4			= 1 sets the mac	hine zero point acco	ording to the coor-	
5	0) (0) (5)	0.4045 0747	(software limit) fu	ues and enables the	e stroke check	
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	Confirm the com	pletion of the comm		
7				CMD = POS_SET (=		
8			CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting for POS_SEL and POS_DATA.			
9	01/01/10	01/01/10				
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	In the following cas mand will not be ex	se, an alarm will occ	cur and the com-	
11			When the POS_SET_MOD data is invalid:			
12			CMD_ALM = 9h	(A.94B)		
13	POS_SET_MOD	POS_SET_MOD				
14	FUS_SET_INIOD	POS_SET_IVIOD				
15						
16						
17	POS DATA	POS_DATA				
18	I OO_DAIA	I OO_DAIA				
19						
20						
21		MONITOR1				
22						
23						
24						
25	Reserved	MONITOR2				
26						
27						
28						
29		MONITOR3				
30						
31						

3.2.1 Set Coordinates Command (POS_SET: 20h)

Command Parameters

POS SET MOD: Coordinates Setting Mode

			J				
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
REFE	0	0	0		POS_	_SEL	
							_
bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8
			Rese	erved			
bit23	bit22	bit21	bit20	bit19	bit18	bit17	bit16
			Rese	erved			
bit31	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit27	bit26	bit25	bit24
			Rese	erved			

- POS_SEL: Select coordinates system (specify using the monitor selection code). When APOS (feedback position of the machine coordinates system) = 0 is selected, the command/machine coordinates system is set at POS_DATA.
- REFE: Enable/Disable setting of reference point
 - 0: Disables setting of a reference point.
 - 1: Enables setting of a reference point. The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective.
- POS DATA: Coordinates set value
- Set the reserved bits to "0."

3.2.2 Apply Brake Command (BRK_ON: 21h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command
Prod	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Cannot	be used
Byte	BRK	_ON		Description	
Dyto	Command	Response		·	
0	21h	21h		mmand outputs a b	rake operation sig-
1	WDT	RWDT	nal. Confirm the com	pletion of the comm	and execution by
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	checking that RC	MD = BRK_ON (= 2	
3	0b_0L		CMD_STAT.CMDValid only in the s		
4			valid of ity in the s	servo Orr State.	
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		ind, set Pn50F = n. [
6	_	_		BK) signal. If you do N in SVCMD_IO wil	
7			/BK signal will not		r onango, bat tho
8					
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO			
10					
11					
12		00014 051			
13		CPRM_SEL_ MON1			
15		WOTT			
16					
17		CPRM_SEL_			
18		MON2			
19					
20					
21	_				
22	Reserved	MONITOR1			
23					
24					
25		MONITODO			
26		MONITOR2			
27					
28					
29		MONITOR3			
30		IVIOIVITONO			
31					

3

3.2.3 Release Brake Command (BRK_OFF: 22h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command
Prod	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand Cannot be used		
Byte	BRK_	OFF		Description	
Dyte	Command	Response		Description	
0	22h	22h		mmand releases th	
1	WDT	RWDT		pletion of the comm MD = BRK_OFF (=	
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.	
3	OWID_OTTIL	01VID_01711		enabled when Pn5	
4			set to a value of	er than 0 (allocation	101/BK).
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT			
6		0.0 <u>-</u> 0			
7					
8					
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO			
10					
11					
12					
13		CPRM_SEL_ MON1			
14		IVION I			
15					
16		00011.05			
17		CPRM_SEL_ MON2			
<u>18</u> 19		WOINE			
20					
21					
22	Reserved	MONITOR1			
23					
24					
25					
26		MONITOR2			
27					
28					
29					
30		MONITOR3			
31					

3.2.3 Release Brake Command (BRK_OFF: 22h)

Brake Signal Output Timing







- Normally, brake signals are controlled by the SERVOPACK parameters.
- BRK_ON and BRK_OFF commands are always valid as command as long as no warning occurs.
- Always make sure of the status of brake control command when using BRK_ON or BRK_OFF command.

Sending BRK_OFF command while the servomotor is being powered (servo ON) will not change the operation status. However, it is very dangerous to send SV_OFF command in the above status since the brake is kept released.

◆ Operation for MECHATROLINK Communications Errors

If any of the MECHATROLINK communications errors listed in the following table occurs when the brake signal is being controlled by the BRK_OFF or BRK_ON command, the brake signal will be output according to the setting of Pn884 = $n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ X (MECHATROLINK Communications Error Holding Brake Signal Setting). If any other alarm occurs, the status that is set for the BRK_ON or BRK_OFF command will be maintained regardless of the setting of Pn884 = $n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ X.

Alarm Number	Alarm Name
A.E50	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error
A.E60	Reception Error in MECHATROLINK Communications
A.E61	Synchronization Interval Error in MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle
A.E62	FCS Error in MECHATROLINK Communications
A.E63	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Frame Not Received

■ Parameter Setting

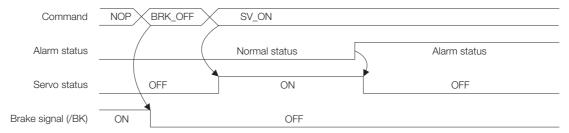
Set the operation for a MECHATROLINK communications error using the following parameter.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn884	n.□□□0 [Factory set- ting]	Maintain the status set by the BRK_ON or BRK_OFF command when a MECHATROLINK communications error occurs.	Immediately	Setup
	n.□□□1	Apply the holding brake when a MECHA-TROLINK communications error occurs.		

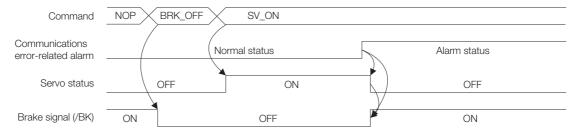
3.2.3 Release Brake Command (BRK_OFF: 22h)

Main Commands

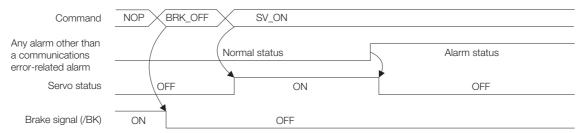
• When Pn884 = n.□□□X Is Set to 0



- When Pn884 = n.□□□X Is Set to 1
- MECHATROLINK Communications Error-Related Alarm



• Alarm Other Than a MECHATROLINK Communications Error-Related Alarm



3.2.4 Turn Sensor ON Command (SENS_ON: 23h)

Byte SENS_ON Description 0 23h 23h 1 WDT RWDT 2 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 3 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 7 SVCMD_STAT CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1. 8 SVCMD_STAT CPRM_SEL_MON1/OPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. 9 SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO 10 SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO 11 CPRM_SEL_MON1 to encoder: Sused, the initial position is acquired from the encoder: When an absolute encoder is used, the initial position is acquired from the encoder: The current position is taken to be: acquired encoder position + zero point position offset (common parameter 23). The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. 16 Tr MONITOR1 18 MONITOR2 23 MONITOR3 30 MONITOR3	Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Command Response	Prod	cessing Time	Within 2 s	Subcommand	Cannot	be used		
Command Response	Byto	SENS	S_ON		Description			
The confirmation of the common parameters of the common parameters of the common parameters of the common parameters.	Буге	Command	Response		Description			
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT SVCMD_IO SVCMD_	0	23h	23h					
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD_STAT. CMD_STAT. CMD_STAT. CMD_STAT. CMD_STAT. CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. Chapter 8 Common Parameters. When an absolute encoder is used, the initial position is acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired encoder position + zero point position offset (common parameter 23). The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. CPRM_SEL_MON2 Reserved MONITOR1 MONITOR2 MONITOR3 MONITOR3	1	WDT	RWDT					
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT CMD_STAT. SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO		CMD CTBI	CMD STAT	checking that RC	MD = SENS_ON (=			
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_IO SVCMD_I		OWID_OTTIE	01415_01741			MO.		
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_IO SCAPATE & Common Parameters Legulire for obetal council position is taken to be: acquired encoder position teacquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired encoder position position is taken to be: acquired encoder position position is taken to be: acquired encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. MONITOR1 MONITOR2 MONITOR3 MONITOR3	4							
6 7 8 9 SVCMD_IO SVC	5	SVCMD CTRI	SVCMD STAT	parameter setting				
SVCMD_IO SCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SCMD_IO The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an absolute encoder is used, the initial position is acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the	6	000000_01112	0 V 0 I V I D _ 0 I / V I					
SVCMD_IO Staken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position is taken to be: acquired from the encoder. The current position of fiset (common parameter 23). The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. MONITOR1 MONITOR2 MONITOR2 MONITOR3	7					bo initial position is		
To svcMD_IO	8				,	the initial position is		
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3	9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO					
The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. CPRM_SEL_MON1 Reserved MONITOR1 MONITOR2 MONITOR3	10		0.00000	position + zero point position offset (common parameter 23)				
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3 The ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective. When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing.					ference point settin	ng is confirmed and		
14				the ZPOINT (zero	point position) and	software limit		
14								
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30			is returned without processing.					
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3				_				
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3								
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3								
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3			IVIONZ					
21 Reserved MONITOR1 22 MONITOR2 24 MONITOR2 26 MONITOR2 28 MONITOR3				_				
22								
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		Reserved	MONITOR1					
24 25 26 27 28 29 30								
25 26 27 28 29 30				-				
26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3								
27 28 29 30 MONITOR3			MONITOR2					
28 29 30 MONITOR3								
29 30 MONITOR3				-				
MONITOR3								
			MONITOR3					

3.2.5 Turn Sensor OFF Command (SENS_OFF: 24h)

Phases in which the		2, 3	Command	Common	Asynchronous	
	d can be Executed cessing Time	Within 2 s	Classification command comma Subcommand Cannot be used		command	
F100	SENS		Subcommand	Carnot	be used	
Byte	Command	Response	_	Description		
0	24h	24h	The SENS_OFF of			
1	WDT	RWDT		d. It is used to turn	OFF the power to	
2	CMD CTDI	CMD CTAT	the sensor.Confirm the comp	oletion of the comm	nand execution by	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	checking that RC	$MD = SENS_OFF (=$	= 24h) and	
4			CMD_STAT.CMDCPRM_SEL_MON		NO.	
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	Monitor data can	be selected by cha	nging the common	
6	3VOIVID_OTTL	SVOIND_STAT		g. Refer to the follow	ving chapter for	
7			details.	mmon Parameters.		
8			When an absolute		he position data is	
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	indefinite. "0" is s	et for POS_RDY.		
10		0 V 0 IVI D_10	The coordinate reference point setting becomes invalid and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit			
11			also become inva		and software iiiiii	
12			When an increme		d, only a response	
13		CPRM_SEL_	is returned without processing. In the following case, an alarm will occur and the com-			
14		MON1				
15			mand will not be exIn the servo ON s		Λb (Λ ΩΕΛ)	
16			• III the servo on s	state. CIVID_ALIVI = .	AII (A.95A)	
17		CPRM_SEL_				
18		MON2				
19						
20						
22	Reserved	MONITOR1				
23						
24			-			
25						
26		MONITOR2				
27						
28						
29		MONUTORS				
30		MONITOR3				
31						

3.2.6 Servo Status Monitor Command (SMON: 30h)

			Asynchronous command			
Prod	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	nand Can be used		
Byte	SM	ON		Description		
Dyto	Command	Response		Beschption		
0	30h	30h		mand reads the alar		
1	WDT	RWDT		on (position, speed monitor setting, and		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	O signals of the s	servo drive.		
3	OWB_OTTLE	01010_01711		pletion of the comm		
4			CMD_STAT.CMD	CMD = SMON (= 301 RDY = 1.	n) and	
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	CPRM_SEL_MOI	N1/CPRM_SEL_MO		
6				be selected by cha g. Refer to the follov		
7			details.	g. Helef to the follow	virig chapter for	
8			Chapter 8 Co	mmon Parameters.		
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO				
10	_					
11			_			
12						
13		CPRM_SEL_ MON1				
14		MONT				
15			_			
<u>16</u>		ODDM OF				
18		CPRM_SEL_ MON2				
19						
20						
21						
22	Reserved	MONITOR1				
23						
24			-			
25						
26	MONITOR2					
27						
28			-			
29		MONUTODO				
30		MONITOR3				
31						

3.2.7 Servo ON Command (SV_ON: 31h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Prod	cessing Time	Normally 50 ms (10 s max.)	Subcommand	Can b	e used	
Duto	SV_	ON		Description		
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
0	31h	31h	The SV_ON compared to the state of the	mand supplies the p	ower to the servo-	
1	WDT	RWDT		s it ready for operation of the comm		
2	CMD CTDI	CMD CTAT		SMD = SV_ON (= 31		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.	,	
4				N1/CPRM_SEL_MO be selected by cha		
5	OVOMB OTBI	0) (0) 40, 0747		g. Refer to the follow		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	details.		9 1	
7				mmon Parameters.		
8				servo ON state after command other the		
9	0)/01/45 10	SVCMD_IO	the SV OFF com	mand, and then ser	an Sv_ON, such as and the SV ON com-	
10	SVCMD_IO		mand.			
11			Upon completion of execution of this command, the erence position (CPOS) must be read, and the control.			
12				n must be set up.	i, and the controller	
13		CPRM_SEL_	• Confirm that M_RDY = 1 before sending this command. In the following cases, Ah (A.95A) will be set for			
14		MON1				
15				command will not		
16				$COM_ALM = 8h or g$	reater, or D_ALM =	
17		CPRM_SEL_	1) has occurred • When PON = 0			
18		MON2		on of the SENS_ON	command has not	
19			completed with an absolute encoder used			
20			 When ESTP (HW When parameters 	BB signal off) = 1 s have been initialize	2d	
21		MONUTODA	vviion paramotore	Thave been initialize	,	
22	Reserved	MONITOR1				
23						
24						
25		MONUTODO				
26		MONITOR2				
27						
28						
29		MONUTODO				
30		MONITOR3				
31						

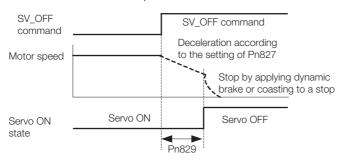
3.2.8 Servo OFF Command (SV_OFF: 32h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Time set with Pn506 500 ms max.	Subcommand Can be used				
Byte	SV_0	OFF		Description			
Dyto	Command	Response		Boothplion			
0	32h	32h		nmand shuts the po	wer to the servo-		
1	WDT	RWDT	motor. • Confirm the com	pletion of the comm	nand execution by		
3	- CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	checking that RC CMD_STAT.CMD	MD = SV_OFF (= 3 RDY = 1.	2h) and		
4			CPRM_SEL_MOI Monitor data can	N1/CPRM_SEL_MC be selected by cha	N2:		
5	CVCMD CTDI	SVCMD_STAT	parameter setting	g. Refer to the follow	ving chapter for		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	3VCIVID_3TAT	details.				
7				mmon Parameters.	0.4055 + 5 +		
8					or SVOFF at Decel-		
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	eration to Stop) is set to a value other than "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor deceler-				
10	3VCIVID_IC	300000_10	ates to a stop according to the deceleration constant				
11			for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.)				
12			When Pn829 (SV)	OFF Waiting Time (f	or SVOFF at Decel-		
13		CPRM_SEL_	eration to Stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned				
14		MON1	OFF immediately after reception of this command (default setting).				
15			(The control mod	e before receiving the	he SV_OFF com-		
16			mand remains ur • Executing the SV	icnanged.) '_OFF command wil	I cancel the speed		
17		CPRM_SEL_	reference, speed	feedforward, torque	e feedforward, and		
18		MON2	torque limits set	by a position/speed	control command.		
19							
20							
21	Reserved	MONITOR1					
22							
23							
24							
25		MONITOR2					
26							
27							
28	-						
29		MONITOR3					
30							
31							

◆ Related Parameters

Parameter No.	Description
Pn829	SVOFF Waiting Time (for SVOFF at Deceleration to Stop)
Pn827 (Pn840)	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping (Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping)

Note: Parameter numbers in parentheses are those when $Pn833 = n.\square\square\squareX$ is set to 1.



3.2.9 Interpolation Command (INTERPOLATE: 34h)

	es in which the d can be Executed	3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Synchronous command		
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Subcommand Can be used			
Duto	INTERP	OLATE		Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description			
0	34h	34h		TE command perfor			
1	WDT	RWDT		ying the interpolation cycle set in the CON			
2	CMD CTDI	CMD STAT		pletion of the comm			
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	checking that RC	MD = INTERPOLAT			
4			CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1. eference output con	nnlation by chack-		
5	CVCMD CTDI	CVCMD CTAT	ing that SVCMD	IO.DEN = 1, and the	e completion of		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	positioning by ch	ecking that SVCMD	_IO.PSET = 1.		
7				N1/CPRM_SEL_MO be selected by char			
8				g. Refer to the follow			
9	OVOMD 10	CVCMD IO	details.				
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	Chapter 8 Co	mmon Parameters.			
11			<notes command="" on="" the="" using=""></notes>				
12			TPOS (target position):				
13	TDOC	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	Set the target position with a signed value. • VFF (velocity feedforward): Set the speed feedforward value with a signed value.				
14	TPOS						
15			Use it as a speed feedforward function.				
16			TFF (torque feedforward):				
17	\/⊏⊏	CPRM_SEL_		edforward value witle e feedforward functi			
18	VFF	MON2	TLIM (torque limit	t):			
19				nit with an unsigned			
20			data.	wing section for the	above reference		
21	TEE	MONUTOD1	3.2.19 Motion	Command Data Sett	ing Method on page		
22	TFF	MONITOR1	3-52.				
23			 Refer to the followants in the community 	wing section for the	reterence value		
24				ing Units on page 2-2	7.		
25	Doorrad	MONITODO	. ,				
26	Reserved	MONITOR2		ses, an alarm will oc	cur and the com-		
27			mand will not be ex	xecuted. mmunication phase	2.		
28			CMD_ALM = Ch		۷.		
29			 In the servo OFF state: CMD_ 				
30	T.	1401117070		nce relative to the pr value: CMD ALM =			
31	TLIM	MONITOR3	exceeds the limit value: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. • When the VFF data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B) • When the TFF data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)				

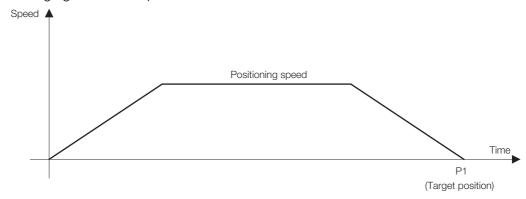
3.2.10 Positioning Command (POSING: 35h)

	s in which the downward can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command			
Proce	essing Time	Within communica-tion cycle	Subcommand	Subcommand Can be used				
Byte	POS			Description				
Бую	Command	Response		Везеприон				
0	35h	35h	 The POSING composition. 	mand executes position	ning to the specified			
1	WDT	RWDT	Positioning is executed as a second sec	cuted to the target posi	tion (P1) at the posi-			
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	tioning speed. • You can set Pn84	6 to a value other than () to use S-curve accel-			
3			eration/decelerationYou can set Pn84	on for positioning. 6 to 0 to use linear acce	eleration/deceleration			
4			for positioning.	eletion of the command				
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	that RCMD = POS	SING (= 35h) and CMD_	STAT.CMDRDY = 1.			
6	_	_	SVCMD_IO.DEN :	eference output complet = 1, and the completion				
7			checking that SV0Confirm the comp	CMD_IO.PSET = 1. Detion of the cancellatio	n of the command by			
8			checking that RCI	MD = POSING (= 35h), STAT.CMD_CANCEL_C	CMD_STAT.CMDRDY			
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	 Confirm the comp 	oletion of pausing of the POSING (= 35h), CMD	command by check-			
10			and SVCMD_STA	T.CMD_PAUSE_CMP =				
11			 CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common para 					
12			eter setting. Refer	to the following chapte Inmon Parameters.	r for details.			
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	<notes on="" td="" the<="" using=""><td></td><td>on with a signed value</td></notes>		on with a signed value			
14			TPOS (target position): Set the target position with a signed value.TSPD (target speed): Set the target speed with an unsigned value.					
15			ACCR (acceleration Set the acceleration	on): on with an unsigned val	ue.			
16			 DECR (deceleration Set the deceleration Set the dec	on): on with an unsigned val	ue.			
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_	When both ACCR	R and DECR are "0", acceleration/deceleration ording to the parameter settings.				
18		MON2	To perform two-st	ep acceleration/deceler	ation, set both ACCR			
19			and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. 6.1.2 Positioning Command on page 6-2.					
20			TLIM (torque limit) Set the torque lim	ı: it with an unsigned valu	Φ.			
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	When not applying	g the torque limit, set th	e maximum value.			
22				ving section for the abov Command Data Setting N				
23			Refer to the follow command area.	ring section for the refer	ence value units in the			
24			🍞 2.7.2 Specifyir	ng Units on page 2-27.				
25	DECR	MONITOR2	In the following cas not be executed.	es, an alarm will occur a	and the command will			
26	- BESTT INIGIATIONE		In the servo OFF sWhen the TSPD of	state: CMD_ALM = Ah (lata is invalid:	A.95A)			
27			$CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)$					
28			When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) ACCR OF DECRETARY ACCRD.					
29	TLIM	MONITOR3	= 9h (A.94B)	ACCR or DECR data is				
30			In the following cas will be clamped at t	e, an alarm will occur ar he limit value.	nd the relevant value			
31				ata is invalid: CMD_ALM	1 = 1h (A.97B)			

3.2.10 Positioning Command (POSING: 35h)

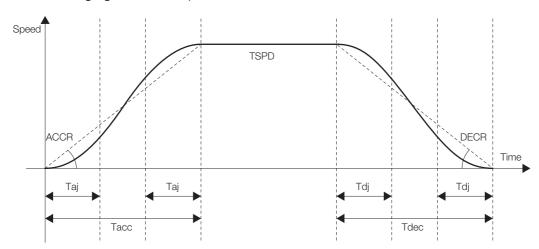
Operation for Linear Acceleration/Deceleration

The following figure shows operation for linear acceleration/deceleration.



Operation for S-Curve Acceleration/Deceleration

The following figure shows operation for S-curve acceleration/deceleration.



Acceleration time: Tacc = TSPD/ACCR S-curve acceleration time: Taj = S_RATIO × Tacc Deceleration time: Tdec = TSPD/DECR S-curve deceleration time: Taj = S_RATIO × Tdec



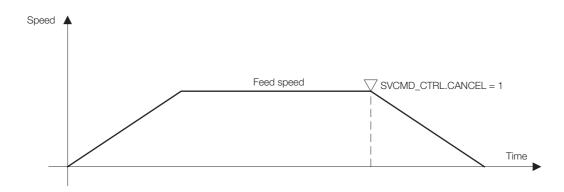
- 1. If the TPOS, TSPD, ACCR, or DECR command is changed during positioning, the change will be made when positioning is stopped or during constant-speed movement.
- If the acceleration/deceleration time is too long, linear acceleration/deceleration will be used. Linear acceleration/deceleration will be used when the rate of acceleration/deceleration meets the following condition for the target speed (TSPD). Acceleration/deceleration rate [ref/s²] < 700 × √(TSPD)
- 3. Set the S-curve acceleration/deceleration ratio (S_RATIO) in Pn846 (S-Curve Acceleration/Deceleration Ratio).

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Bytes)	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting
Pn846	S-Curve Acceleration/ Deceleration Ratio	2	0 to 50	%	0

3.2.11 Feed Command (FEED: 36h)

	s in which the nd can be Exe- cuted	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Proce	essing Time	Within communica-tion cycle	Subcommand	Can be	e used	
Byte	FEE Command			Description		
0	36h	Response 36h	The FEED comman	nd performs constant	speed feed control at	
1	WDT	RWDT	the specified feed	speed.		
2	0.45 0.75	0.45 0.74	 To change the spe speed setting. 	ed and direction of fe	ed, change the feed	
3	- CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		t speed feed, set SVC	MD_CTRL.CMD	
4			 To pause constant TRL.CMD_PAUSE 	speed feed, set SVC	MD_C-	
5	OVONAD OTDI	OVONAD OTAT		to 1. letion of the cancellati	on of the command	
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		RCMD = FEED (= 36h)		
7			$CEL_CMP = 1.$	$SDY = 1$ and $SVCMD_S$		
8				erence output comple 1, and the completio		
9			checking that SVC	$MD_IO.PSET = 1.$		
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO		letion of pausing of the MD = FEED (= 36h), CN		
11			1 and SVCMD_ST	AT.CMD_PÀUSE_CMF	P = 1.	
12			CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common			
-			parameter setting.	Refer to the following	chapter for details.	
13	Reserved	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	<notes on="" td="" the<="" using=""><td></td><td></td></notes>			
14			TSPD (target spee	ed):		
15			Set the target spe- • ACCR (acceleration	ed with a signed value n):).	
16			Set the acceleration	on with an unsigned va	alue.	
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_		on with an unsigned va		
18		MON2	When both ACCR and DECR are "0", acceleration/dec is performed according to the parameter settings.			
19			To perform two-ste	p acceleration/deceleration	ation, set both ACCR	
20				Refer to the following send on page 6		
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	TLIM (torque limit):	:		
22	ACCIT	WONTON		t with an unsigned val ing section for the abo		
23				Command Data Setting	Method on page 3-52.	
24			 Refer to the follow the command area 	ing section for the refe a.	erence value units in	
25	DEOD	MONUTODO		g Units on page 2-27.		
26	DECR	MONITOR2		es, an alarm will occur	and the command	
27			will not be executedIn the servo OFF s	tate: CMD_ALM = Ah	(A.95A)	
28			When the TSPD date	ata is invalid: CMD_AL r DECR data is invalid	$_{M} = 9h (A.94B)$	
29			$CMD_ALM = 9h (A$	A.94B)		
30	TLIM	MONITOR3	$CMD_ALM = 9h (A$			
31			will be clamped at the	e, an alarm will occur a ne limit value. ta is invalid: CMD_ALI		

3.2.11 Feed Command (FEED: 36h)



3.2.12 External Input Feed Command (EX_FEED: 37h)

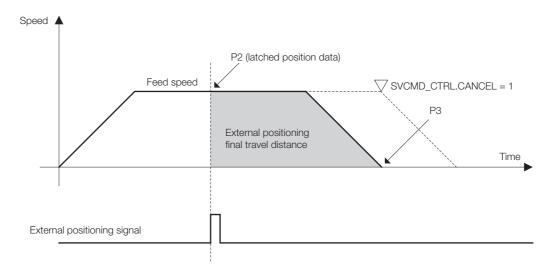
Processing Time		es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Servo standard Asynchron command command		
Description Property Proper	Pro	cessing Time	communication	Subcommand Can be used		e used
Command Response The EX_FEED command performs positioning in response to the input of the personal positioning signal during constant specified by the input of the personal positioning signal during constant specified by the input of the personal positioning signal during constant specified by the input of the personal positioning signal during constant specified by the input of the personal positioning signal during constant specified by the input of the personal position of feed, change the feed specified by the input of the command execution by checking that RCMD = XFEED (= 37h) and CMD_STAT.CMDFRY = 1. To cancel constant speed feeding, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANCEL to 1.11. Set on the input of the command execution by checking that RCMD = XFEED (= 37h) and CMD_STAT.CMDFRY = 1. Confirm the completion of latching by the latch signal by checking that SVCMD_LOPSET = 1. Confirm the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD_LOPSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_DANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_DANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY = 1 and SVCMD_DANCEL_CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDFRDY =	Durka	EX_FE	ED		Description	
the input of the external positioning signal during constant speed of ede at the speed fleed at the speed. CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT SVCMD_CTRL. SVCMD_STAT CMD_STAT CMD STAT CMD	Буге	Command	Response		Description	
2 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 3 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 4 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 5 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 7 Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h) and CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1. Confirm the completion of latching by the latch signal by checking that SVCMD_STAT.L CMD = 1. CANCEL to 11. CANCEL to 1	0	37h	37h			
2	1	WDT	RWDT	speed feed at the speed To change the speed	ecified feed speed. and direction of feed	, change the feed
3 Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that ROMD = EX. FEED [= 37h] and CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1. 5 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT. SVCMD_CTRL.CMDCANCEL. to 1. 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT. CMDRDY = 1. 7 Confirm the completion of latching by the latch signal by checking that SVCMD_STATL.CMD = 1. 8 Confirm the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD_STATL.CMDRDY = 1. 9 SVCMD_IO_EXTATL.CMD_STATL.CMD.PAUSE_CMDR_STATL.CMDRDY = 1. 10 SVCMD_IO_EXTATL.CMD_STATL.CMD.PAUSE_CMDR_STATL.CMDRDY = 1. 11 COnfirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED [= 37h], CMD_STAT.CMD.PAUSE_CMDR_STATL.PAUSE_CMDR_STATL.PA	2	CMD CTRI	CMD STAT	 To pause external inp 	ut feed, set SVCMD_	CTRL.CMD_PAUSE
**To cancel constant speed feeding, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMDCANCEL to **I	3	OWID_OTTILE	010112_01711	 Confirm the completion 		
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT Onnim the completion of latching by the latch signal by checking that SVCMD_ISTAT_CMP1 = 1. Confirm motion reference output completion by checking that SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDRDP = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDP = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STAT.CMDRDP = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CONFIRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. CPRM_SEL_MON2 TSPD CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 TSPD CPRM_SEL_MON2 ACCR (acceleration): Set the target speed with a signed value. ACCR (acceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): TSPD (decelerat	4			 To cancel constant sp 	eb (= 37h) and CMD_ beed feeding, set SVC	STAT.CMDRDY = 1. CMD_CTRL.CMD
Confirm motion reference output completion by checking that SVCMD Jo DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD Jo DEST = 1. SVCMD JO DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning by checking that SVCMD JO PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = K, FEED (= 37h), CMD STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD STAT.CMD = 27h, CMD STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD STAT.CMD PAUSE CMP = 1. Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX FEED (= 37h), CMD STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD STAT.CMD PAUSE CMP = 1. CONFIRM SEL MON1/CPRIA SEL	5	SVCMD CTRI	SVCMD STAT	 Confirm the completion 	on of latching by the later	atch signal by check-
checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD, CANCEL_CMP = 1. SVCMD_IO_STATCMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. COnfirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. COnfirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. COnfirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = EX_FEED (= 37h), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD_RDY = 1 and SV	6		0 v 0 m 2 _ 0 m m	 Confirm motion refere 	ence output completion	
section of the following section of the following section for details. Section S	7			checking that SVCMD	$0_{IO.PSET} = 1.$	
SVCMD_IO Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. SCMD_IO Chapter 8 Common Parameters. SVCMD_IO	8			checking that RCMD	= EX_FEED (= 37h), C	CMD_STAT.CMDRDÝ
and SYCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. CPRM_SEL_MON1	9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	 Confirm the completion 	on of pausing of the o	command by check-
eter setting. Refer to the following chapter for details. CPRM_SEL_MON1	10	_	_	and SVCMD_STAT.CN	MD_PAUSE_CMP = 1	i.
13	11					
Notes on using the command> Notes on using the command on select the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and use in the command, select the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and use in the target speed with a signed value. Notes on using the command value in the latch request by setting the this command value. Notes on using the command value in the latch request by setting the l				Chapter 8 Comm	on Parameters.	
14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	13	Reserved				
TSPD (target speed): Set the target speed with a signed value. ACCR (acceleration): Set the acceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration with an unsigned value. When both ACCR and DECR are "0", acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings. To perform two-step acceleration/deceleration, set both ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. 19			WONT	• To send this command, select the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of		
ACCR (acceleration): Set the acceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. When both ACCR and DECR are "0", acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings. To perform two-step acceleration/deceleration, set both ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. Calcumpter 10. ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. Calcumpter 21. ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. Calcumpter 3.2.19 Morion Command on page 6-2. TILIM (torque limit): Set the torque limit with an unsigned value. Refer to the following section for the above reference data. Calcumpter 3.2.19 Motion Command Data Setting Method on page 3-52. Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. Calcumpter 3.2.19 Motion Command Data Setting Method on page 3-52. Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. Calcumpter 2.7.2 Specifying Units on page 2-27. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-			• TSPD (target speed):		
DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. When both ACCR and DECR are "0", acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings. To perform two-step acceleration/deceleration, set both ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. ACCR MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR2 DECR MONITOR3 DECR MONITOR3 DECR MONITOR3 DECR DECR DECR MONITOR3 DECR MONITO				 ACCR (acceleration): 	-	
• When both ACCR and DECR are "0", acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings. 20 21 ACCR MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR2 • When both ACCR are "0", acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings. To perform two-step acceleration/deceleration, set both ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. Call Command on page 6-2. • TLIM (torque limit): Set the torque limit with an unsigned value. • Refer to the following section for the above reference data. Call Command Data Setting Method on page 3-52. • Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. Call Command AccR In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. • In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) • When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) • When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. • When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-	TSPD		 DECR (deceleration): 	J	
To perform two-step acceleration/deceleration, set both ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the following section for details. Comparison of the property of the				 When both ACCR and 	d DECR are "0", acce	leration/deceleration
ACCR MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR1 MONITOR2 ACCR MONITOR2 ACCR MONITOR2 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR1 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR MONITOR3 ACCR A	-			To perform two-step a	acceleration/decelera	ition, set both ACCR
ACCR MONITOR1 Set the torque limit with an unsigned value. Refer to the following section for the above reference data. 3.2.19 Motion Command Data Setting Method on page 3-52. Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. 25 DECR MONITOR2 In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-			6.1.2 Positioning		
23 24 25 DECR MONITOR2 Non the following section for the reference value units in the command area. 27 28 29 TLIM MONITOR3 Non the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-	ACCR	MONITOR1	Set the torque limit w		
24 25 DECR MONITOR2 • Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. □ 2.7.2 Specifying Units on page 2-27. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. • In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) • When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) • When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. • When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-			3.2.19 Motion Co		
command area. 25 DECR MONITOR2 In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the FSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-				section for the refere	nce value units in the
DECR MONITOR2 In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	-				Units on page 2-27.	
In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)		DECR	MONITOR2		-	
 In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A) When the TSPD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B) 					an alarm will occur ar	nd the command will
 When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following case, an alarm will occur and the relevant value will be clamped at the limit value. When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B) 	-			 When the TSPD data 	is invalid:CMD_ALM	
will be clamped at the limit value. • When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97B)	29			$CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94)$	1B)	
_ ` '	30	TLIM	MONITOR3	will be clamped at the I	imit value.	
	31			• vvnen the TLIM data I	s invalia: CiviD_ALM	= III (A.97B)

3.2.12 External Input Feed Command (EX_FEED: 37h)

Operating Sequence

The following describes the operating sequence for external input positioning operation using the EX_FEED command.

- 1. The master station sends the EX_FEED command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1.
- **2.** The slave station starts feeding at the specified speed when it receives the EX_FEED command. At the same time, it enters the external signal positioning mode.
- **3.** When the external positioning signal is input, the slave station sets latch completion status L_CMP1 to "1" to notify the master station that current position latching by the external positioning signal is completed.
- **4.** The slave station calculates "(External input positioning target P3) = (Position P2 latched by the external positioning signal) + (Travel distance for external input positioning (common parameter 83))" and performs positioning to external input positioning target P3.
- 5. After the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3, the slave station sets the motion reference output completed flag (DEN) to "1" to notify the master station of the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3.



Information

- To cancel the external input feed, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANCEL to "1."
- The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the external positioning final travel distance.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.

3.2.13 External Input Positioning Command (EX_POSING: 39h)

Data Format

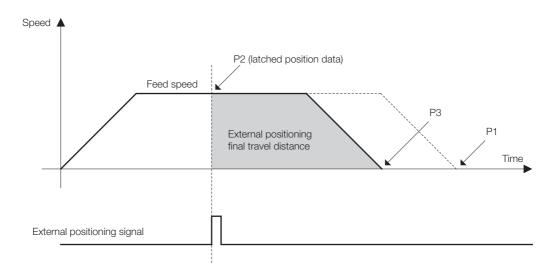
	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	CommandServo standardAsynchronousClassificationcommandcommand		Asynchronous command	
Pro	Processing Time Wi		Subcommand	Can b	e used	
Puto	EX_PC	DSING		Description		
Byte	Command	Response	Description			
0	39h	39h	The EX_POSING command performs positioning in response to the input of the external positioning signal.			
1	WDT	RWDT	To pause the external input positioning, set SVCMD_C-TRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1."			
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = EX_POSING (= 39h) and			
3	OND_OTTLE	OIVID_O1711		letion of latching by		
4			 Confirm the completion of latching by the latch signal by checking that SVCMD_STAT.L_CMP1 = 1. Confirm motion reference output completion by checking that SVCMD_IO.DEN = 1, and the completion of position. 			
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	ing by checking th	iat SVCMD_IO.PSET letion of the cancellat	= 1.	
6			by checking that F	RCMD = EX_POSING RDY = 1 and SVCMD	i (= 39h),	
7			$CEL_CMP = 1.$	letion of pausing of t		
8			checking that RCN	MD = EX_POSING (= RDY = 1 and SVCM-		
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	D_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. • CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. Refer to the following chapter for			
10	_					
11			details. Chapter 8 Co.	mmon Parameters.		
12			<notes command="" on="" the="" using=""></notes>			
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	 To send this comm 	 To send this command, select the latch signal with LT SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and output the latch request by 		
14		WOIVI	setting LT_REQ1 = 1. • TPOS (target position): Set the target position with a signed value. • TSPD (target speed):			
15						
16			 ACCR (acceleration) 			
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_ MON2	 DECR (deceleration) 	on with an unsigned on):		
18			Set the deceleration with an unsigned va • When both ACCR and DECR are "0", ac ation is performed according to the para			
19			To perform two-st	according to the pa ep acceleration/dece to "0." Refer to the f	eleration, set both	
20			details.	ing Command on pag	.	
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	TLIM (torque limit)	:		
22			 Refer to the follow 	it with an unsigned ving section for the al	oove reference data.	
23			3.2.19 Motion 3-52.	Command Data Sett	ting Method on page	
25			Refer to the follow in the command a	ing section for the re	eference value units	
26	DECR	MONITOR2	2.7.2 Specifyi	ng Units on page 2-2	77.	
27			In the following case will not be executed	es, an alarm will occu	ir and the command	
28			 In the servo OFF s 	state: CMD_ALM = A ata is invalid:CMD_A	h (A.95A) LM = 9h (A.94B)	
29				or DECR data is inval		
30	TLIM	MONITOR3	In the following case value will be clampe	e, an alarm will occur ed at the limit value.		
31			value will be clamped at the limit value. • When the TLIM data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 1h (A.97)			

3.2.13 External Input Positioning Command (EX_POSING: 39h)

Operating Sequence

The following describes the operating sequence for external input positioning operation using the EX_POSING command.

- 1. The master station sends the EX_POSING command. Target position P1 is set in the "target position" field to be used as the positioning target if the external signal is not input. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1.
- 2. The slave station starts feeding toward the positioning target position P1 at the specified speed when it receives the EX_POSING command. At the same time, it enters the external input positioning mode.
- 3. When the external positioning signal is input, the slave station sets latch completion status L_CMP1 to "1" to notify the master station that current position latching by the external positioning signal is completed.
- 4. The slave station calculates "(External input positioning target P3) = (Position P2 latched by the external positioning signal) + (Travel distance for external input positioning (common parameter 83))" and performs positioning to external input positioning target P3.
- 5. After the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3, the slave station sets the motion reference output completed flag (DEN) to "1" to notify the master station of the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3.



Information

- To cancel the external input positioning, set SVCMD CTRL.CMD CANCEL to "1."
- The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the external positioning final travel distance.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.

3

3.2.14 Zero Point Return Command (ZRET: 3Ah)

Data Format

Phas	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used		e used		
Duto	ZF	RET	Di-ti				
Byte	Command	Response		Description			
0	3Ah	3Ah	The ZRET command specifies the type of zero point return operation and performs the operation using the zero point limit switch and the position latch signal.				
1	WDT	RWDT	 The signal used to latch the position is specified by "latch signal selection." To pause the zero point return operation, set SVCMD_C- 				
2	CMD CTPI	CMD STAT					
3	- CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	TRL.CMD_PAUSE • Confirm the compl	etion of the comman	d execution by		
4			CMD_SŤAT.CMDR				
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	checking that SVC	etion of motion refere MD_IO.DEN = 1, and	the completion of		
6	OVOIVID_OTTIL	0 V O W ID_0 17 (1	D_IO.ZPOINT (zero	zero point by checkin point position) = 1 a	g that SVCM- nd SVCMD_IO.PSET		
7				etion of the cancellat CMD = ZRET (= 3Ah			
8			CMD_STAT.CMDR	DY = 1 and SVCMD_	, STAT.CMD_CAN-		
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD_IO	 Confirm the complex 	etion of pausing of th	ne command by		
10	OVOIVID_IO	OVOIVID_IO	= 1 and SVCMD_S	STAT.CMD_PAUSE_C 1/CPRM_SEL_MON2	MP = 1.		
11			Monitor data can b	be selected by chang Refer to the following	ing the common		
12			Chapter 8 Con		9		
13	MODE	CPRM_SEL_	<notes command="" on="" the="" using=""> • To send this command, select the latch signal with LT_SEL1</notes>				
14	WODE	MON1		and, select the latch and output the latch i			
15			 TSPD (target spee 	d): ed with an unsigned v	مبادر		
16			 ACCR (acceleratio 				
17	- TSPD	CPRM_SEL_	 DECR (deceleratio 				
18		MON2	 When both ACCR 	and DECR are "0", a according to the para	cceleration/decelera-		
19			To perform two-step acceleration/de ACCR and DECR to "0." Refer to the		celeration, set both		
20			details. I ⊋ 6.1.2 Position	<i>ing Command</i> on pag	e 6-2.		
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	TLIM (torque limit):				
22	_		 Refer to the follow 	ing section for the ab	ove reference data.		
23			3-52.	Command Data Setti			
24	_		the command area				
25	DECR	MONITOR2	2.7.2 Specifyii	ng Units on page 2-27	7.		
26			In the following case will not be executed	s, an alarm will occui	and the command		
27			In the servo OFF s	tate: CMD_ALM = Ah ata is invalid:CMD_AL	n (A.95A) _M = 9h (A.94B)		
28			When the ACCR of CMD_ALM = 9h (A)	r DECR data is invalid	d:		
29	TLIM	MONITOR3		, an alarm will occur	and the relevant		
30			When the TLIM da	ta is invalid: CMD_AL	M = 1h (A.97B)		
31							

3.2.14 Zero Point Return Command (ZRET: 3Ah)

Command-specific Data

The following describes the data specific to the ZRET command.

MODE (Lower 1 byte)

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
HOME_DIR	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved		TY	PE	

• MODE.HOME_DIR (Zero point return direction)

Selects the zero point return direction.

MODE.HOME_DIR = 0:Positive direction

MODE.HOME_DIR = 1:Negative direction

MODE.TYPE (Zero point return type)

Sets the zero point return type on selection of the type from the patterns below.

MODE.TYPE = 0:Latch signal

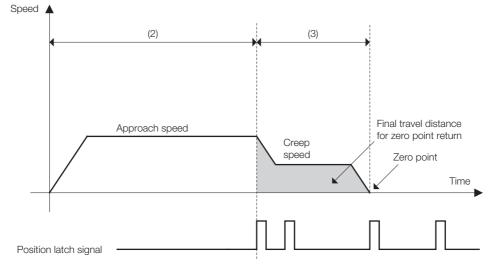
MODE.TYPE = 1:Deceleration limit switch + Latch signal

Operating Sequence

The following describes the zero point return operating sequence for each of the zero point return modes.

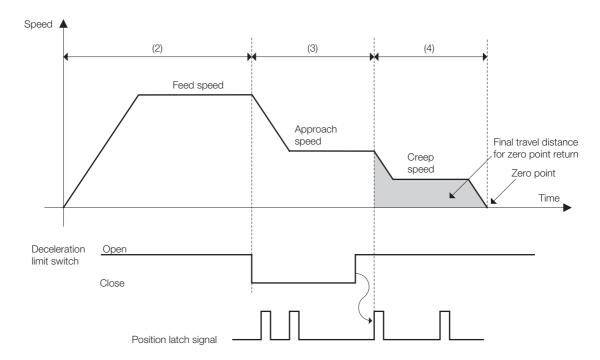
◆ MODE = 0 (Latch Signal)

- The master station sends the ZRET command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1.
- 2. The slave station starts feeding in the direction specified by MODE.HOME_DIR at the speed set for the Homing Approach Speed (common parameter 84).
- 3. When the current position latch signal, specified by LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL, is input, the slave station executes positioning through the movement of the Final Travel Distance for Homing (common parameter 86) at the Homing Creep Speed (common parameter 85). After the completion of positioning, the slave station sets the zero point of the reference coordinate system.



◆ MODE = 1 (Deceleration Limit Switch Signal + Latch Signal)

- 1. The master station sends the ZRET command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT REQ1 = 1.
- 2. The slave station starts feeding in the direction specified by MODE.HOME_DIR at the speed set in the "TSPD" field.
- 3. When the "deceleration limit switch" is closed (DEC = 1), the feed speed is switched to the Homing Approach Speed (common parameter 84).
- 4. When the current position latch signal, specified by LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL, is input after the "deceleration limit switch" is opened (DEC = 0), the slave station executes positioning through the movement of the Final Travel Distance for Homing (common parameter 86) at the Homing Creep Speed (common parameter 85). After the completion of positioning, the slave station sets the zero point of the reference coordinate system.



Information

The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the Final Travel Distance for Homing.

If the Final Travel Distance for Homing is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning. (With ZRET in the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.)

If the Final Travel Distance for Homing is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning. (With ZRET in the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.)

3.2.15 Velocity Control Command (VELCTRL: 3Ch)

Data Format

Processing Time Within communication cycle	reference to a e slave station			
Byte Command Response O 3Ch 3Ch I WDT RWDT CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT CMD_STAT To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANC To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command ex	e slave station			
 Command Response 3Ch 3Ch 1 WDT RWDT 2 CMD_CTRL 3 CMD_STAT 4 The VELCTRL command sends the speed residue station to perform speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose. To cancel the speed control, set the speed vREF = 0 or set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANCE. To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command extends the speed residue station to perform speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose. To cancel the speed control, set SVCMD_CANCE. To pause the speed control of the command extends the speed residue station to perform speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose. Confirm the completion of the command extends the speed residue station to perform speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose. 	e slave station			
slave station to perform speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose To cancel the speed control, set the speed to VREF = 0 or set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANCE To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command extends to the speed control of the command extends to the speed control of the command extends to the speed control of the command extends to the speed control. The performs speed control of the speed control of the speed control. The performs speed control directly without pose to cancel the speed control of the sp	e slave station			
performs speed control directly without pos To cancel the speed control, set the speed of the speed control, set the speed of the speed control, set the speed of the speed control, set SVCMD_CANCE To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_CANCE TRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command ex				
3 VREF = 0 or set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANC To pause the speed control, set the speed to the speed control, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command ex				
To pause the speed control, set SVCMD_C-TRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command ex				
Confirm the completion of the command explanation is a second secon				
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT checking that RCMD = VELCTRL (= 3Ch) ar CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1.	ana			
Confirm the completion of command execution of command execution.				
Sy Checking that GMD = VECCTAE (= SCH), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and SVCMD_STA				
CANCEL_CMP = 1. • Confirm the arrival of the feedback speed at the	the speed ref-			
SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO svcMD_IO erence (VREF) by checking that SVCMD_IO.V. Confirm the completion of pausing of the completion of pausing of the completion.				
checking that RCMD = VELCTRL (= 3Ch), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCM-				
D_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2:				
13 CPRM SEL Monitor data can be selected by changing t				
14 MON1 parameter setting. Refer to the following character setting.	napter for			
15 Chapter 8 Common Parameters.				
• VREF (Velocity reference):	SPRM_SEL_ MON2 Set the speed reference with a signed value. • TFF (torque feedforward): Set the torque feedforward value with a signed value.			
VPEE CPRM_SEL_ • TEF (torque feedforward):				
18 MON2 Set the torque feedforward value with a sign Use it as a torque feedforward function.				
19 • ACCR (acceleration):				
Set the acceleration with an unsigned value • DECR (deceleration):	9.			
21 Set the deceleration with an unsigned value ACCR MONITOR1 • TLIM (torque limit):	e.			
Set the torque limit with an unsigned value. • Refer to the following section for the above re				
23 (3.2.19 Motion Command Data Setting Met				
24 3-52. • Refer to the following section for the referen	nce value			
DECR MONITOR2 units in the command area.				
• If the command is sent in the servo OFF sta	ate (SVON =			
27 0), the command becomes effective next tin				
	the com			
In the following case, an alarm will occur and mand will not be executed.	a ti le COIII-			
TLIM MONITOR3 • When the ACCR or DECR data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B) In the following cases, an alarm will occur and value will be clamped at the limit value. • When the VREF data is invalid:CMD_ALM = • When the TLIM data is invalid:CMD_ALM =	= 1h (A.94B)			

3.2.16 Torque Control Command (TRQCTRL: 3Dh)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Pro	Processing Time cor		Subcommand Can be used			
Byte	TRQC	CTRL		Description		
Буге	Command	Response		Description		
0	3Dh	3Dh		mmand sends the to		
1	WDT	RWDT		erforms torque contro		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	 performs torque control directly without speed control and position control. 			
3	OMD_OTTL	OIVID_STAT		oletion of the comma		
4			CMD_STAT.CMDI	MD = TRQCTRL (= 3 RDY = 1	3Dh) and	
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	 CPRM_SEL_MON 	N1/CPRM_SEL_MON		
6	OVOIVID_OTTIL	OVOIND_OTAT		be selected by char		
7			parameter setting details.	. Refer to the following	ing chapter for	
8				is. Chapter 8 Common Parameters.		
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO				
10	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Notes on using the command> TQREF (torque reference): Set the torque reference with a signed value. 			
11						
12			VLIM (Velocity limit): Set the anged limit with an unsigned value.			
13	VLIM	CPRM_SEL_				
14	V E IIVI	MON1				
15				Command Data Setti	ng Method on page	
16			 3-52. Refer to the following section for the reference value units in the command area. 			
17	TQREF	CPRM_SEL_				
18	7 37 121	N/(NN/)	I and the second	2.7.2 Specifying Units on page 2-27.		
19			If the command is sent in the servo OFF state (SVON =			
20				becomes effective r = 1) is established.	next time the servo	
21		MONITOR1	ON State (SVON	= 1) is established.		
22				es, an alarm will occ	cur and the relevant	
23				ed at the limit value. data is invalid: CMD) ΔIM = 1h (Δ 97R)	
24				ata is invalid: CMD_/		
25	Reserved	MONITOR2		_	, ,	
26						
27	,					
28						
29		MONITOR3				
30						
31						

3.2.17 Read Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM_RD: 40h)

Data Format

	nases in which the nand can be Executed 2, 3		Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Cannot	be used		
Byte SVPRM_RD			Description				
Буге	Command	Response		Description			
0	40h	40h	The SVPRM_RD c				
1	WDT	RWDT	on specification of	the servo paramete	er number, data		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	size, and the read mode.Select the parameter type (common parameter or de				
3	OWID_OTTIL	01VID_01711		read mode to read t	he corresponding		
4			servo parameter.Confirm the comp	letion of the comma	nd execution by		
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	checking that RC	MD = SVPRM_RD (=	: 40h) and		
6	OVOIVID_OTTIL	0 V O W D_O 17 (1	CMD_STAT.CMDF	RDY = 1, and also ch	necking the setting		
7			for NO, SIZE and	MODE.			
8	In the following cases, an alarm will oc PARAMETER in the response in these SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO PARAMETER value will be indefinite.						
9			PARAMETER in the response in these cases because the				
10	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	When the NO data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9h (A.94A)				
11			 When the SIZE da 	ta is invalid: CMD_A	ALM = 9h (A.94D)		
12	NO	NO	When the MODE of the While additing using the property of				
13	110	110	While editing using SigmaWin or digital operator: CMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A)		ai operator.		
14	SIZE	SIZE	_	,			
15	MODE	MODE					
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23	Reserved	PARAMETER					
24	110301700	170 V OVICE I CIT					
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							

Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter read mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00h
Device Parameter	RAM area	10h

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

3.2.18 Write Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM_WR: 41h)

Data Format

	Phases in which the ommand can be Executed 2, 3		Classification command command		Asynchronous command	
Pro	Processing Time Within		Subcommand	Cannot	be used	
Byte	SVPR	M_WR		Description		
Буге	Command	Response		Description		
0	41h	41h	The SVPRM_WR (
1	WDT	RWDT		f the servo paramete	er number, data	
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	size, and write mode.Select the parameter type (common parameter or devi			
3	OMD_OTTL	OIVID_OTAT	parameter) and the writing destination (RAM area or retentive memory area) in the write mode to write the			
4			retentive memory responding servo		ade to write the cor-	
5	SVCMD CTRI	SVCMD STAT	 When specifying of 	offline parameters, th		
6	OVOIVID_OTTIL	/CMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT		nt to set up after the	parameters are	
7			written. However the follo	wing parameters are	not enabled even	
8			if the CONFIG con	nmand is sent. You	must turn the	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO		power supply OFF and ON again after you change either		
10	OVOIVID_IO	OVOIVID_IO	of these paramete	rs. I□ (External Encode	r Usage)	
11			Pn00C (Application Function Selections C)			
12	NO	NO NO		Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = SVPRM_WR (= 41h) and		
13	NO	INO	CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting			
14	SIZE	SIZE		DE and PARAMETER		
15	MODE	MODE	In the following case	oc on alarm will occ	ur and the com	
16			mand will not be ex		ur and the com-	
17			When the NO data			
18			When the SIZE daWhen the MODE of			
19			When the PARAM			
20		CMD_A				
21			While editing using CMD_ALM = Ah (A)		al operator:	
22			OND_ALM = AN (4. <i>50A</i>)		
23	PARAMETER	PARAMETER				
24		1700 WILLER				
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter write mode

Servo Parameter Type	Writing Destination	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00h
Continon Farameters	Retentive memory area	01h
Device Parameter	RAM area	10h
Device Farantetel	Retentive memory area	11h

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

3.2.19 Motion Command Data Setting Method

This subsection provides information on the settings of the following data fields of the motion commands: TSPD, VREF, VFF, TREF, TFF, TLIM, VLIM, ACCR and DECR.

Name	Description	Setting	CMD_ALM Warning Code	Operation for the Setting	
		FEED, EX_FEED: Set signed 4	1-byte data.		
		-Maximum commandable speed*1 to + Maximum com- mandable speed	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
	Target	Other than above	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.	
TSPD	speed	POSING, EX_POSING, ZRET:	Set unsigned	d 4-byte data.	
	·	0 to Maximum command- able speed and also TSPD ≤ 7FFFFFFFh	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
		Other than above	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.	
	Velocity	Set signed 4-byte data.			
VREF VFF	reference, Velocity	-Maximum output speed*2 to +Maximum output speed	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
•••	feedforward value	Other than above	1h A.97B	Operates with the speed clamped at the maximum output speed.	
	TORGEF TEF TORQUE	Set signed 4-byte data.			
TQREF TFF		-Maximum torque to +Maximum torque	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
	feedforward value	Other than above	1h A.97B	Operates with the torque clamped at the maximum torque.	
		Set the limit with unsigned 4-I	oyte data.		
		0 to Maximum torque	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
TLIM	Torque limit	Maximum torque or greater	1h A.97B	Operates with the torque clamped at the maximum torque.	
i Liivi	Torquo iiiriit	80000000h to FFFFFFEh	1h A.97B	SERVOPACK processes as TLIM = 7FFFFFFh internally.	
		FFFFFFFh	0h Normal	No torque limit applies. (The torque is clamped at the maximum torque and the alarm CMD_ALM does not occur.)	
		Set the limit with unsigned 4-byte data.			
		0 to Maximum output speed*2	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.	
VLIM	Speed limit	Maximum output speed or greater	1h A.97B	Operates with the speed clamped at the maximum output speed.	
		80000000h to FFFFFFEh	1h A.97B	SERVOPACK processes as VLIM = 7FFFFFFh internally.	
		FFFFFFFh	0h Normal	No speed limit applies. (The speed is clamped at the maximum output speed and the alarm CMD_ALM does not occur.)	

Continued on next page.

		Continued from previous page.				
Name	Description	Setting	CMD_ALM Warning Code	Operation for the Setting		
		Set the acceleration/deceleration	tion with uns	igned 4-byte data.		
		1 to Maximum acceleration*3 Maximum deceleration	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.		
ACCR DECR	Accelera- tion, Deceleration (position	Maximum acceleration or greater Maximum deceleration or greater	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.		
	control)	0, 80000000h to FFFFFFEh	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.		
		FFFFFFFh	0h Normal	Operates at the maximum acceleration/deceleration and the alarm CMD_ALM does not occur.		
		Both ACCR and DECR are set at "0."	0h Normal	Acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the parameter settings.		
		Set the acceleration/deceleration with unsigned 4-byte data. Unit: × 10 ⁿ [Reference unit/s ²]				
	ACCR DECR Acceleration, Deceleration (speed	1 to Maximum acceleration Maximum deceleration	0h Normal	Operates according to the setting.		
		Maximum acceleration or greater Maximum deceleration or greater	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.		
	control)	0, 80000000h to FFFFFFEh	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.		
		FFFFFFFh	0h Normal	Operates at the maximum acceleration/deceleration and the alarm CMD_ALM does not occur.		
		Both ACCR and DECR are set at "0."	9h A.94B	Ignores the command and continues the previous command.		

- *1. Maximum commandable speed = 2097152000 [Reference unit/s]
- *2. Maximum output speed = Common parameter 05
- *3. Maximum acceleration/deceleration = 209715200000 [Reference unit/s²]

3.2.20 Restrictions in Using Servo Commands

Travel Distance Restrictions for the ZRET (Zero Point Return) Command

If you use the ZRET (Zero Point Return) command for a Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor, the following restrictions apply according to the setting of the electronic gear ratio.

Electric Gear Ratio (Pn20E/Pn210)	Travel Distance
1/1	Distance equivalent to ±64 rotations
2/1	Distance equivalent to ±128 rotations
4/1	Distance equivalent to ±256 rotations
16/1	Distance equivalent to ±1,024 rotations

Travel Distance Restrictions for the EX_POSING (External Input Positioning) and EX_FEED (External Input Feed) Commands

If you use the EX_POSING (External Input Positioning) or EX_FEED (External Input Feed) command for a Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor, the following restrictions apply according to the setting of the electronic gear ratio.

Electric Gear Ratio (Pn20E/Pn210)	Travel Distance
1/1	Distance equivalent to ±64 rotations
2/1	Distance equivalent to ±128 rotations
4/1	Distance equivalent to ±256 rotations
16/1	Distance equivalent to ±1,024 rotations

Travel Distance Restrictions for the TPOS (Target Position)

If you use TPOS (Target Position) for a Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor, the following restrictions apply according to the setting of the electronic gear ratio.

Electric Gear Ratio (Pn20E/Pn210)	Travel Distance		
1/1	Distance equivalent to ±128 rotations		
2/1	Distance equivalent to ±256 rotations		
4/1	Distance equivalent to ±512 rotations		
16/1	Distance equivalent to ±2,048 rotations		

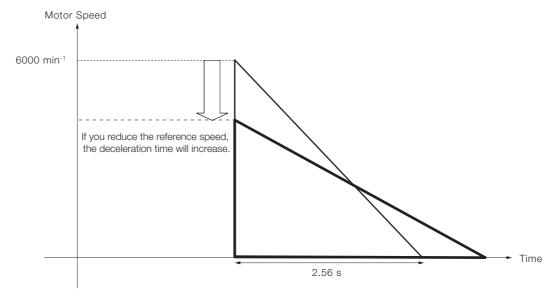
Deceleration Time Restrictions during Position Control

If you use a positioning command (i.e., POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, or ZRET) for a Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor, the following restrictions apply to the deceleration time.

Electric Gear Ratio (Pn20E/Pn210)	Deceleration Time at 750 min ⁻¹ [s]	Deceleration Time at 1,500 min ⁻¹ [s]	Deceleration Time at 3,000 min ⁻¹ [s]	Deceleration Time at 6,000 min ⁻¹ [s]
1/1	20.48	10.24	5.12	2.56
2/1	40.96	20.48	10.24	5.12
4/1	81.92	40.96	20.48	10.24
16/1	327.68	163.84	81.92	40.96

Main Commands

The following figure shows the relationship between the reference speed and deceleration time.



Subcommands

4

4.1	Subcommands4-2
4.2	No Operation Subcommand (NOP: 00h)4-3
4.3	Read Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_RD: 05h) 4-4
4.4	Clear Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_CLR: 06h) 4-5
4.5	Read Memory Subcommand (MEM_RD: 1Dh) 4-6
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Subcommands

The following table shows the subcommands.

Refer to the following section for information on combining main commands and subcommands.

1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands on page 1-9.

Profile	Command Code	Command	Operation	Communication Phases*2		
	Code			1	2	3
	00h	NOP	No operation	1	0	0
Servo Com-	05h	ALM_RD*1	Read alarm/warning	_	0	0
	06h	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	_	0	0
	1Dh	MEM_RD*1	Read memory command	ı	0	0
mands	1Eh	MEM_WR*1	Write memory command	1	0	0
	30h	SMON	Monitor servo status	1	0	0
	40h	SVPRM_RD*1	Read servo parameter	1	0	0
	41h	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	1	0	0

^{*1.} Specification restrictions apply (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

^{*2.} O: Can be executed, Δ : Ignored, \times : Command error, -: Indefinite response data

No Operation Subcommand (NOP: 00h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Clas-	Common	Asynchronous	
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	sification	command	command	
Duto	NC)P	Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
32	00h	00h		nmand is used for n		
33				oletion of the subco		
34	SUB_CTRL		_STAT.SBCMDRE	at RSUBCMD = NOP (= 00h) and SUE RDY = 1.		
35			_			
36						
37						
38						
39						
40						
41	Reserved	Reserved				
42	neserveu	neserveu				
43						
44						
45						
46						
47						

Read Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_RD: 05h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Clas-	Common	Asynchronous	
Processing Time		Refer to the specifications of ALM_RD_MOD	sification command		command	
Duto	ALM	_RD	5			
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
32	05h	05h	_	ocommand reads the		
33				an alarm or warning		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	Confirm the completion of the subcommand executive by checking that RSUBCMD = ALM_RD (= 05h) are subcommand executive.			
35			SUB_STAT.SBCMDRDY = 1.			
36	ALM RD MOD	ALM RD MOD	ALM_INDEX is not used. Its setting is ignored.		s ignored.	
37	ALIVI_I ID_IVIOD	ALIVI_I ID_IVIOD	In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the sub-			
38	ALM_INDEX	ALM_INDEX	command will not b		- II al -	
39	ALIVI_INDEX	ALW_INDEX	When the ALM_FSUBCMD ALM =	RD_MOD data is inva = 9h (A.94B)	alia:	
40			OODONID_XEN	011 (x 11.0 11.5)		
41						
42						
43	Reserved	ALM DATA				
44	1 16361 VGU	ALIVI_DATA				
45						
46						
47						

Note: 1. In ALM_DATA, each two bytes provide the information for one alarm.

Command Parameters

The details of ALM_RD_MOD are described below.

ALM_RD_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Current alarm or warning state Maximum of 4 records (from byte 40 to byte 47)	Within communication cycle
1	Alarm occurrence status history (Warnings are not retained in the history.) Maximum of 4 records (from byte 40 to byte 47)	Within 60 ms

 Σ -7-Series alarm codes are two bytes in length. The data structure is given below.

	Bits 12 to 15	Bits 0 to 11
	0	Alarm Code
Example for A.94B	0h	94Bh

^{2.} The most recent alarms come first in the history data.

^{3.} Normal status is indicated by 0000h.

Clear Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_CLR: 06h)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	- Common Asynchrono	
Pro	cessing Time	Refer to the specifications of ALM_RD_MOD	Subcommand	command	command
Byto	ALM_	CLR		Description	
Byte	Command	Response		Description	
32	06h	06h		bcommand clears th	
33				the state of a slave cause of the alarm of	
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT		sed to clear the state	
35			 the alarm or warning has been eliminated. Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by checking that RSUBCMD = ALM_CLR (= 06h) and SUB_STAT.SBCMDRDY = 1. 		
36	ALM_CLR_MOD	ALM_CLR_MOD			
37	ALIVI_CLN_IVIOD	ALIVI_OLN_IVIOD			
38			In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the sub-		
39					
40				CLR_MOD data is inv	/alid:
41			SUBCMD_ALM =		
42	Reserved	Reserved	While editing using SigmaWin or digital operator: SUBCMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A)		al operator:
43	neserveu	neserveu			
44					
45					
46					
47					

Command Parameters

The details of ALM_CLR_MOD are described below.

ALM_CLR_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Clearance of the current alarm or warning state	Within 200 ms
1	Clearance of the alarm history	Within 2 s

Read Memory Subcommand (MEM_RD: 1Dh)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command
Prod	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Command	Command
Byte	MEN	I_RD		Description	
Dyto	Command	Response		Bootingsion	
32	1Dh	1Dh		ocommand reads th	
33			data size for read	/ specifying the initia	al address and the
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	Confirm the comp	oletion of the subco	mmand execution
35				RSUBCMD = MEM_	
36	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	SUB_STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting for ADDRESS and SIZE.		
37	MODE/DATA TYPE	MODE/DATA TYPE	In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the sub-command will not be executed. • When the ADDRESS data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94A) • When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid:		
38	SIZE	SIZE			
39	SIZE	SIZL			
40			• When the SIZE da	ata is invalid:	
41	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D) • While editing using SigmaWin or digital operator:		
42	ADDITESS	ADDRESS		ng sèction for detail	
43				ccess Virtual Memory	Areas on page 3-23.
44					
45	Reserved	DATA			
46	neserveu	DAIA			
47					

Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE					DAT	A_TYPE	_

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Not supported

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

SIZE: Data size for reading (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for reading

DATA: Read data

Write Memory Subcommand (MEM_WR: 1Eh)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification				
Processing Time		Refer to 3.1.10 Command Parameters ◆ Executing the Adjustment Operation on page 3- 22.	Subcommand Common command		Asynchronous command		
Byte	MEM	_WR		Description			
Буге	Command	Response		Description			
32	1Eh	1Eh		bcommand writes t			
33			memory by speci	fying the initial addr	ess, the data size		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	 This subcommand provides an adjustment fun 				
35			 equivalent to that of the ADJ command of the MECHA-TROLINK-II compatible profile. For the operation procedure, refer to the MEM_WR main command. Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by checking that RSUBCMD = MEM_WR (= 1Eh) and SUB_STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1, and also checking the 				
36	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)					
37	MODE/DATA TYPE	MODE/DATA TYPE					
38	SIZE SIZE		setting for ADDRESS, SIZE and DATA.				
39	SIZL	SIZL	In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the sub- command will not be executed.				
40			When the ADDRE SUBCMD_ALM =	ESS data is invalid:			
41	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)				
42	ADDITEGO	ADDITEGO	When the SIZE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D)				
43			When the conditions for executing the adjustment of ation are not satisfied: SUBCMD_ALM = Ah (A.95A)				
44				ng SigmaWin or digi			
45	DATA	DATA	Refer to the followi	ng section for detail	s. Areas on page 3-23.		
46	DAIA	DAIA			, 0		
47							

Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE					DAT	A_TYPE	

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Non-volatile memory (Non-volatile memory can be selected only for common parameters)

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported SIZE: Data size for writing (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for writing

DATA: Data to be written

Servo Status Monitor Subcommand (SMON: 30h)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common com-	Asynchronous			
Processing Time		Within communication cycle			command			
Byte	SMC	NC	Description					
Буге	Command	Response	Description					
32	30h	30h		mmand reads the al				
33				on (position, speed, o or setting, and the st				
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	nals of the servo	tate of the I/O sig-				
35			Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution					
36				JBCMD = SMON (= 30h) and SUB-				
37		MONITOD 4	_STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1.					
38		MONITOR4						
39								
40								
41	Decembed	MONITODE						
42	Reserved	MONITOR5						
43								
44								
45		MONITORO						
46		MONITOR6						
47								

Read Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_RD: 40h)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	command con		Asynchronous command		
Prod	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	COMMINANA	Communa		
Byte	SVPRI	M_RD	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response		Description			
32	40h	40h		subcommand reads			
33			ters on specificat data size, and the	ion of the servo par	ameter number,		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT		pletion of the subco	mmand execution		
35				RSUBCMD = SVPF			
36	NO	NO	setting for NO, SI	CMDRDY = 1, and a IZE and MODE.	iso checking the		
37	INO	NO	In the following cases, an alarm will occur. Do not read PARAMETER in the response in these cases because the PARAMETER value will be indefinite. • When the NO data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h(A.94A) • When the SIZE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D)				
38	SIZE	SIZE					
39	MODE	MODE					
40			 When the MODE SUBCMD_ALM = While editing usin 		tal operator:		
41			SUBCMD_ALM =				
42							
43	Reserved	PARAMETER					
44	Ticoci vca						
45							
46							
47							

Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter read mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00h
Device Parameter	RAM area	10h

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

Write Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_WR: 41h)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Prod	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Command	Command		
Byte	SVPRI	M_WR		Description			
	Command	Response	Becompact				
32	41h	41h		subcommand write			
33			data size, and wr	ation of the servo pa ite mode	irameter number,		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	Confirm the company	oletion of the subco			
35				RSUBCMD = SVPR			
36	NO	NO	SUB_STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting for NO, SIZE, MODE and PARAMETER. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the subcommand will not be executed. • When the NO data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94A) • When the SIZE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94D) • When the MODE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9h (A.94B)				
37	NO	NO					
38	SIZE	SIZE					
39	MODE	MODE					
40			When the PARAN SUBCMD_ALM =	/IETÈR datá is invalid - 9h (A.94B)			
41			SUBCMD_ALM =	ng SigmaWin or digi - Ah (A.95A)	tal operator:		
42							
43	PARAMETER	PARAMETER					
44	FANAIVILILN	FANAIVILILN					
45							
46							
47							

Note: If the main command and subcommand specifying the same NO are received at the same time as new commands, the main command takes precedence and the alarm specified by SUBCMD_ALM occurs for the subcommand

Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter write mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00h
Common Farameters	Nonvolatile memory area	01h
Device Parameter	RAM area	10h
Device Faraineter	Nonvolatile memory area	11h

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

This chapter describes basic operation sequences using MECHATROLINK-III communications.

5.1	Prepa	aring for Operation5-2
	5.1.1 5.1.2	Setting MECHATROLINK-III Communications 5-2 Checking the Communications Status 5-4
5.2	Param	eter Management and Operation Sequence5-6
	5.2.1	Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller
	5.2.2	Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK
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5.5	Operation	n Sequence when OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal is Input 5-10
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5.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-III Communications

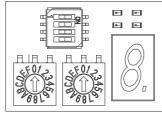
5.1 Preparing for Operation

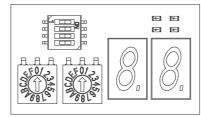
This section describes how to set communications specifications before starting communications, and how to confirm the communications status.

5.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-III Communications

Σ -7S SERVOPACKs and Σ -7W SERVOPACKs

The rotary switches (S1 and S2) and DIP switch (S3), which are located near the top under the front cover of the SERVOPACK, are used as shown below to set the MECHATROLINK-III communications specifications.





Σ-7S SERVOPACKS

 Σ -7W SERVOPACKs

Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications using the DIP switch (S3)

			Factory			
S3	Function	1	2	Number of transmission bytes	setting	
Pins 1 and 2		OFF	OFF	Reserved. (Do not use this setting.)		
	Sets the number of transmission bytes.	ON	OFF	32 byte	1: OFF 2: ON	
FIIIS I allu 2		OFF	ON	48 byte		
		ON	ON	Reserved. (Do not use this setting.)		
Pin 3	Pin 3 Reserved. (Do not change.)					
Pin 4	Pin 4 Reserved. (Do not change.)					



- When using the MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile, set the number of transmission bytes to either 32 or 48.
- If you change the settings of the communications switches (S1, S2, and S3), turn the power supply OFF and ON again to enable the new settings.

Setting the Station Address

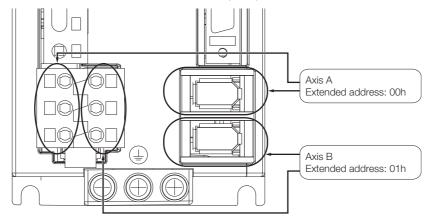
Set the station address using the rotary switches (S1 and S2).

Station Address	S1	S2
00h to 02h: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	0	0 to 2
03h (Factory setting)	0	3
04h	0	4
:	:	:
EFh	Е	F
F0h to FFh: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	F	0 to F

5.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-III Communications

◆ Extended Address Setting (Σ-7W SERVOPACKs Only)

Extended addresses are determined by the Servomotor connection terminals. The UA, VA, and WA terminals are for axis A. The UB, VB, and WB terminals are for axis B.



Σ -7F Integrated Servomotor

Setting the Station Address

Set the station address in Pn880 (Station Address Setting).

	Station Address So	etting	Speed Position Torque		
Pn880	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification
	03h to EFh	_	03h	After restart	Setup

[Important]

After you change Pn880, turn the power supply to the Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor OFF and ON again to enable the new setting.

Setting the Number of Transmission Bytes

Set the number of transmission bytes in Pn881 (Number of Transmission Bytes Setting).

	Number of Transm	ission Bytes Settin	Speed Position Torque		
Pn881	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification
	32 or 48	_	48	After restart	Setup

[Important]

After you change Pn881, turn the power supply to the Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor OFF and ON again to enable the new setting.

5.1.2 Checking the Communications Status

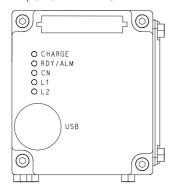
Σ -7S SERVOPACKs and Σ -7W SERVOPACKs

To confirm that the SERVOPACK is in the communication enabled state, check the L1, L2 and CN LEDs.

	Description			
D3 (L1 LED) D4 (L2 LED)	When communications in the data link layer have started, these LEDs are lit. The L1 LED indicates the status of the communication port at the CN6A connector and the L2 LED that at the CN6B connector. Lit: In normal communication Unlit: Communication not in progress due to disconnected cable, etc.			
D2 (CN LED)	When the connection in the application layer has been established, this LED is lit. Lit: In the CONNECT command completed state Unlit: In the CONNECT command uncompleted state			
D1 (POWER LED)	Lit while the control power is being supplied normally.			
7-segment LED	In normal state: Indicates the status. In alarm/warning state: Indicates the alarm/warning code. Lights when the control power is ON.			

Σ -7F Integrated Servomotor

To confirm that the Integrated Servomotor is in the communication enable state, check the CN, L1, and L2 LEDs.



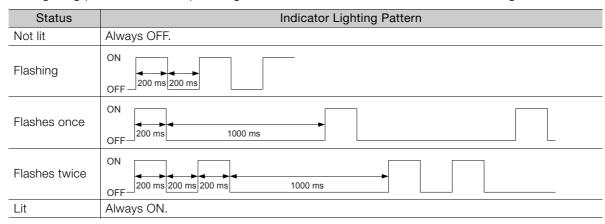
Indicator Name	Color	Description	Status	Operating Status	
CHARGE	Orange	Main circuit status	Lit	The main circuit DC power supply is ON.	
		Servo operating/ error status	Not lit	Initializing (booting)	
			Flashing	The servo device is in the alarm state.	
RDY/ALM	Red		Flashes once	MECHATROLINK-III command error (CMD_ALM)	
			Flashes twice	MECHATROLINK-III communications error (COMM_ALM)	
			Lit	CPU is operating normally or a warning occurred.	
	Green	MECHATROLINK-III communications status	Not lit	Power ON	
CN			Lit	The Establish Connection command (CONNECT: 0Eh) is currently being received normally.	
L1	Green	mechatrolink-iii	Not lit	No MECHATROLINK-III link (no MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connection)	
		port 1 link status	Lit	MECHATROLINK-III link (electrical connection to device)	

Continued on next page.

Continued from previous page.

Indicator Name	Color	Description	Status	Operating Status
L2	Green	MECHATROLINK-III port 2 link status	Not lit	No MECHATROLINK-III link (no MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connection)
			Lit	MECHATROLINK-III link (electrical connection to device)

The lighting patterns of the operating status indicators are shown in the following table.



5.2.1 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller

5.2

Parameter Management and Operation Sequence

5.2.1 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller

When the parameters are managed by a controller, the parameters are automatically transmitted from the controller to the SERVOPACK when the power is turned ON. Therefore, the settings of SERVOPACK do not need to be changed when the SERVOPACK is replaced.

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	_
2	Confirm the completion of the initialization process of the SERVO-PACK.	NOP
3	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
4	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
5	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
6	Read device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
7	Set the parameters required for the device.	SVPRM_WR
8	Enable the parameter settings (Setup).	CONFIG
9	Turn ON the encoder power supply to obtain the position data.	SENS_ON
10	Turn the servo ON.	SV_ON
11	Start operation.	POSING, INTERPOLATE, etc.
12	Turn the servo OFF.	SV_OFF
13	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
14	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	_

^{*} When starting the operation sequence with turning the power ON as the first step, it is not necessary to send the DISCONNECT command.

Note: This example sequence shows the steps to enable starting of communications regardless of the status at that point.

Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK

To manage the parameters by using SERVOPACK's non-volatile memory, save the parameters in the non-volatile memory at setup and use an ordinary operation sequence.

Setup Sequence

5.2.2

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
3	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
6	Save the parameters required for the device in the non-volatile memory.	SVPRM_WR Note: Do not use RAM.
7	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
8	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	_

^{*} If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communication cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

Ordinary Operation Sequence

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
3	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
6	Turn ON the encoder power supply to obtain the position data.	SENS_ON
7	Turn the servo ON.	SV_ON
8	Start operation.	POSING, INTERPOLATE, etc.
9	Turn the servo OFF.	SV_OFF
10	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
11	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	_

^{*} If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communication cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

Setting the Zero Point before Starting Operation

When Using an Incremental Encoder

When an incremental encoder is used in the slave station, carry out a zero point return operation after turning ON the power supply.

After the zero point is set, set the reference coordinate system to determine the work coordinate zero point as required:

1. Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using ZRET Command

Use the ZRET command to return the slave station to the zero point and set the reference coordinate system based on the zero point.

2. Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using POS_SET Command

Use the POS SET command to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station.

- Perform positioning to the reference position using a positioning command such as EX_POSING.
- Send the POS_SET command with POS_SET_MODE.POS_SEL = APOS (= 0), POS_SET_MODE.REFE = 1, and POS_DATA = reference position.

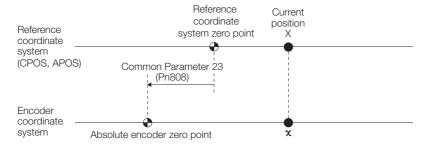
ZPOINT and software limits are enabled after the reference coordinate system has been set.

When Using an Absolute Encoder

When an absolute encoder is used in the slave station, the SENS_ON command can be used to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station. The reference coordinate system will be set according to the position detected by the absolute encoder and the coordinate system offset of the encoder (i.e., the offset between the encoder's coordinate system and the reference coordinate system (device built-in parameter)).

The relationship between the reference coordinate system (CPOS and APOS), the encoder's coordinate system, and the coordinate system offset of the encoder are shown in the following figure.

CPOS: Reference position APOS: Feedback position



X= x+ Common Parameter 23 (Pn808) Common parameter 23 (Pn808): Absolute encoder origin offset

5.4 Operation Sequence when Turning the Servo ON

Motor control using a host controller is performed using motion commands only in the servo ON state (motor power ON).

In the servo OFF state (when the power to the motor is shut OFF), the SERVOPACK manages position data so that the reference coordinate system (CPOS, MPOS) and the feedback coordinate system (APOS) are equal. For correct execution of motion commands, therefore, it is necessary to use the SMON (status monitoring) command after the servo ON state has been established, to read the servo reference coordinates (CPOS) and send an appropriate reference position. Set the coordinate system of the SERVOPACK using the POS_SET command as necessary.

After completing the setting of the coordinate systems, carry out machine operation using motion commands.

Operation Sequence when OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal is Input

When an OT signal is input, the SERVOPACK prohibits the motor from rotating in the way specified in parameter Pn001. The motor continues to be controlled by the SERVOPACK while its rotation is prohibited.

When an OT signal is input, use the following procedure to process the OT signal.

Procedure	Operation
1	Monitor OT signals. When an OT signal is input, send an appropriate stop command: While an interpolation command (INTERPOLATE) is being executed: Continues execution of the interpolation command while stopping updating of the interpolation position. Or, sends an SMON command. While a move command (such as POSING) other than interpolation commands is being executed: sets CMD_CANCEL = 1.
2	Check the output completion flag DEN. If DEN = 1, the SERVOPACK completed the OT processing. At the same time, check the flag ZSPD. If ZSPD = 1, the motor is completely stopped. Keep the command used in procedure 1 active until both of the above flags are set to 1.
3	Read out the current reference position (CPOS) and use it as the start position for retraction processing.
4	Use a move command such as POSING or INTERPOLATE for retraction processing. Continue to use this command until the retraction is finished. If the move command ends without finishing the retraction, restart the move command continuously from the last target position.



- When an OT signal is input during execution of a motion command such as ZRET, EX_FEED or EX_POSING, the execution of the command will be cancelled.
- During the overtravel state (P-OT = 1 or N-OT = 1), the servomotor is not positioned to the target position specified by the host controller. Check the feedback position (APOS) to confirm that the axis is stopped at a safe position.



If the state of an OT signal varies over a short time (in a pulsing manner for example), the host controller may not be able to monitor the variation of the OT signal properly. Take due care about the selection of limit switches and their mounting and wiring to avoid chattering of OT signals and malfunctioning.

5.6 Operation Sequence at Emergency Stop (Main Circuit OFF)

For circuits incorporating the recommended processing that the control and main circuit power supplies turn OFF on occurrence of an emergency stop, no specific process is required.

For circuits that turn OFF only the main circuit power supply, follow the procedure below.

After confirming that the SV_ON or PON bit in the STATUS field of the response data is OFF (= 0), send an SV_OFF command. While in an emergency stop state, always monitor the SERVO-PACK status using a command such as the SMON (status monitoring) command.

For recovery from an emergency stop state, follow the action to be taken on occurrence of an alarm.

Operation Sequence when a Safety Signal is Input

When the HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal is input while the motor is operating, the power supply to the motor is shut OFF forcibly and the motor stops according to the setting of the 1st digit of parameter Pn001 (i.e., Pn001 = $n.\square\square\square\squareX$).

· When an HWBB signal is input after the SERVOPACK stops powering the motor

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)		OFF (The HWBB function is required.)	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)	
Command	Motion command, etc.	SV_OFF command	SMON	command, etc.	SV_ON command
SVCMD_STAT. SV_ON	1		0		1
SVCMD_IO. ESTP	0		1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status	BB status (baseblocked)	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

· When an HWBB signal is input while the SERVOPACK is powering the motor

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)	OFF ON (The HWBB function is required.) (The HWBB function is not		required.)
Command	Motion command, etc.	SMON	command, etc.	SV_ON command
SVCMD_STAT. SV_ON	1	0		1
SVCMD_IO. ESTP	0	1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

♦ When an HWBB Signal is Input

Monitor the HWBB input signal and EDM1 signal, or ESTP signal (HWBB) status in the SVCM-D_IO (servo command input signal) field. If a forced stop status is detected, send a command such as SV_OFF to stop the motor.

◆ Recovery from Stop Status

Recover from the stop status by following the procedure below.

- **1.** Reset the HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal. The HWBB state is still valid at this point.
- 2. Send an SV_OFF command to shift the SERVOPACK to the base block state.
- 3. Carry out controller and system recovery processing.
- 4. Send an SV_ON command to establish the servo ON state.
- **5.** Complete the preparation for operation after establishing the servo ON state.
- 6. Start operation.
- Note: 1. If the SERVOPACK enters the HWBB status while sending an SV_ON command, reset the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal and then send a command other than SV_ON, such as SV_OFF. Then, send the SV_ON command again to restore the normal operation status.
 - 2. If the SERVOPACK enters the HWBB status during execution of an SV_OFF, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, or ZRET command, a command warning will occur since the SERVOPACK status changes to the servo OFF state. Execute the clear alarm or warning (ALM_CLR) command to restore normal operation.

5.8

Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm

When the D_ALM bit in the CMD_STAT field of the response is 1 or a COMM_ALM field of 8 or a greater value is detected, send the SV_OFF command.

Use the ALM_RD command to check the alarm code that has occurred. To clear the alarm status, send the ALM_CLR command or set the ALM_CLR bit of the CMD_CTRL command to "1" after eliminating the cause of the alarm. However, this will not clear the alarm status that require the power supply to be turned OFF and back ON for clearance.

For Communication Error Alarms

When a communication error alarm (COMM_ALM \geq 8) occurs, the communication phase shifts to phase 2. To restore communication phase 3, send a SYNC_SET command after resetting the alarm.

For Warnings

When the D_WAR bit is 1 or the COMM_ALM field of a value from 1 to 7 is detected, a warning occurs but the servo OFF state will not be established. Check the alarm code using the ALM_RD command and perform appropriate processing. To clear the warning state, send the ALM_CLR command or set the ALM_CLR bit of the CMD_CTRL command to "1."

· For Command Errors

Check the status of CMD_ALM with the host controller in every communication cycle and perform appropriate processing because CMD_ALM will be automatically cleared on reception of the next normal command after detecting CMD_ALM \neq 0.

5.9

Notes when the Positioning Completed State (PSET = 1) is Established while Canceling a Motion Command

When the SERVOPACK enters any of the following states during execution of a motion command, it may cancel the execution of the motion command and establish the positioning completed state (PSET = 1).

- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established due to an alarm (D_ALM of CMD_STAT set to "0" or COMM_ALM ≥ 8).
- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established because the main power supply was turned OFF (PON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0").
- The motor has stopped due to overtravel (P-OT or N-OT of SVCMD_IO set to "1") or a software limit (P_SOT or N_SOT of SVCMD_IO set to "1").
- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established because the HWBB signal was turned OFF (ESTP of SVCMD_IO set to "1").

In this case, the motor has not reached the target position specified by the host controller even though PSET is set to "1." Check the feedback position (APOS) to confirm that the axis is stopped at a safe position.



If the state of an OT signal varies over a short time (in a pulsing manner for example), the host controller may not be able to monitor the variation of the OT signal properly. Take due care about the selection of limit switches and their mounting and wiring to avoid chattering of OT signals and malfunctioning.

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6.1.1 Interpolation Command

6.1 Position Control

This section describes the parameters related to interpolation and positioning in position control.

6.1.1 Interpolation Command

When sending the INTERPOLATE command, the speed feedforward and torque feedforward values can be specified along with the target position.

The sum of the speed feedforward value specified by the INTERPOLATE command and the (speed) feedforward value set in the parameters (common parameter 64 (Pn109) and Pn10A) will be applied.

Specifying the speed feedforward value using the INTERPOLATE command may lead to overshooting if the settings of the following parameters (common parameter 64 (Pn109) and Pn10A) are inappropriate. When specifying the speed feedforward value using the INTERPOLATE command, set the parameters to "0" (factory setting).

Common Parameters	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
64	Feedforward Compensation	4	0 to 100	%	0
Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn109	Feedforward	2	0 to 100	1%	0
Pn10A	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	2	0 to 64000	0.01 ms	0

If the speed feedforward and torque feedforward values are specified using the INTERPOLATE command, the values will be cleared when another command is executed.

6.1.2 Positioning Command

There are the following two kinds of acceleration/deceleration method for positioning commands (POSING, FEED, EX FEED, EX POSING, and ZRET).

- Using the acceleration/deceleration specified by the command
- Using the acceleration/deceleration set in the parameters

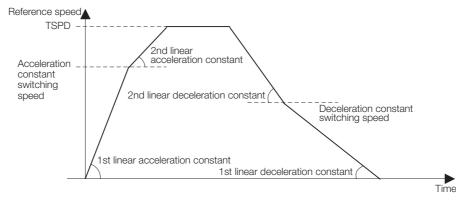
Using the Acceleration/Deceleration (ACCR and DECR) Specified by the Command

When using the acceleration/deceleration (ACCR and DECR) specified by the command, positioning will be performed with 1-step acceleration/deceleration.

When both the acceleration and deceleration (ACCR and DECR) are set to "0" in the command, positioning will be performed with 2-step acceleration/deceleration according to the parameter settings.

Using the Acceleration/Deceleration Set in the Parameters

The setting of the 1st digit of parameter Pn833 (i.e., Pn833 = $n.\Box\Box\BoxX$) determines which parameter to use for acceleration/deceleration when both the acceleration and deceleration rates (ACCR and DECR) in the command are set to 0.



Note: Make settings so that the distance required for deceleration and the deceleration satisfy the following conditions

Deceleration [reference unit/s²] \geq Maximum reference speed [reference unit/s]² / (Maximum deceleration distance [reference unit] \times 2)

◆ Acceleration/Deceleration Constant Switching Setting

Parameter		Meaning	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit
Pn833	n.□□□0 (Factory set- ting)	Use Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827. (The settings of Pn834 to Pn840 are ignored.)	2	0000h or	l <u>–</u>
	n.□□□1	Use Pn834 to Pn840. (The settings of Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827 are ignored.)		0001h	

Note: The setting will be validated by turning the power supply OFF and then ON again, or by executing the CON-

◆ Acceleration/Deceleration Parameters when Pn833=n.□□□0

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn80A	First Stage Linear Acceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80B	Second Stage Linear Acceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80C	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn80D	First Stage Linear Deceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80E	Second Stage Linear Deceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80F	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn827	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100

6.1.2 Positioning Command

◆ Acceleration/Deceleration Parameters when Pn833=n.□□□1

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn834	First Stage Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn836	Second Stage Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn838	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference units/s	0
Pn83A	First Stage Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn83C	Second Stage Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn83E	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference units/s	0
Pn840	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100

6.2 Torque Limiting Function

The torque limiting function limits the torque during position/speed control to protect the connected machine, etc. There are three ways to limit the output torque.

- Internal torque limit according to parameter settings
- External torque limit using the P_CL and N_CL bits of the SVCMD_IO field
- Torque limit by position/speed control command

If all of the above three methods are used, the smallest torque limit will be applied.

Internal Torque Limit

This method always limits the maximum output torque to the set values of the following parameters.

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn402	Forward Torque Limit (For rotational servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn403	Reverse Torque Limit (For rotational servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn483	Forward Force Limit (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	30
Pn484	Reverse Force Limit (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	30

External Torque Limit Using P_CL/N_CL Bits of SVCMD_IO Field

This method uses the P_CL and N_CL bits of the SVCMD_IO field to limit the output torque to the values set for the following parameters. Settings can be made using common parameters.

Data Size Setting

Parameters	Name	(Byte)	Range	Unit	Setting
8C	Forward Torque Limit	4	0 to 800	%	100
8D	Reverse Torque Limit	4	0 to 800	%	100
Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn404	Famous of Fotomost Tanana 1 took	0	0.4~ 0.00	0/	100
F114U4	Forward External Torque Limit	2	0 to 800	%	100

Torque Limit by Position/Speed Control Command

Torque limits can be specified using the following commands.

INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL

This method limits the torque to the value set for TLIM of the position/speed control command.

The torque limits operate based on parameter settings (i.e., $Pn002 = n.\Box\Box\Box X$). (The torque limit is enabled for the default setting.)

Parameter		Meaning	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit
	n.□□□0	Reserved			
Pn002	n.□□□1 (Factory setting)	Forward and reverse torque limits based on the setting of the TLIM field of the position/speed control commands are enabled.	2	0000h to 0003h	_
	n.□□□2	Reserved			
	n.□□□3	Reserved			

The following table shows the operation when all of the three methods are used. The smallest torque limit in each group will be applied.

Pn002 =	Forward To	orque Limit	Reverse Torque Limit		
n.□□□X	When P_CL is set to 0	When P_CL is set to 1	When N_CL is set to 0	When N_CL is set to 1	
1	Pn402 (Pn482)*	Pn402 (Pn482)* Common parameter	Pn403 (Pn483)*	Pn403 (Pn483)* Common parameter	
'	TLIM	8C (Pn404) TLIM	TLIM	8D (Pn405) TLIM	

^{*} The parameter numbers in parentheses are for linear servomotors.

When sending a command other than the commands that can specify torque limit, the last torque limit specified by the TLIM field remains valid. During execution of the SV_OFF or TRQC-TRL command, the torque limit specified by the TLIM field becomes invalid and the maximum torque will be used as the limit.

6.3 Torque Feedforward Function

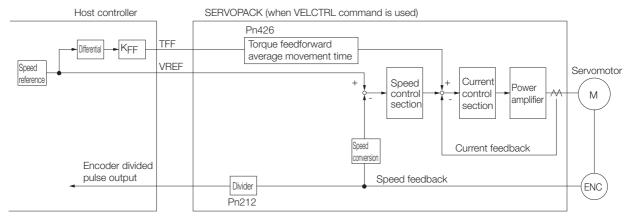
The torque feedforward function applies feedforward compensation to position control or speed control to shorten the positioning time. The torque feedforward reference is created from the differential of the position reference at the host controller. Torque feedforward is specified with TFF (torque feedforward) in the position control or speed control command.

You can specify torque feedforward for the INTERPOLATE and VELCTRL commands.

6.3.1 Relationship between the Host Controller and SERVO-PACK

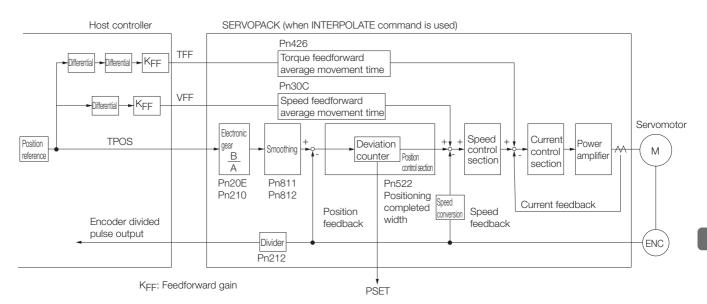
The following figures illustrate specifying torque feedforward in commands from the host controller when the SERVOPACK is performing speed control or position control.

♦ When SERVOPACK Performs Speed Control



KFF: Feedforward gain

♦ When SERVOPACK Performs Position Control

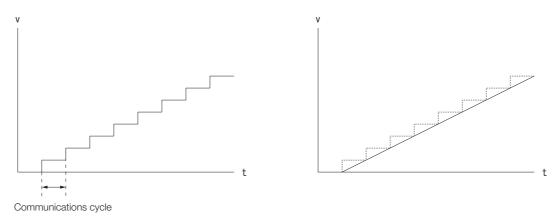


6.3.2 Setting Parameters

This section describes the parameters that are related to the torque feedforward reference.

Pn426 (Torque Feedforward Average Movement Time)

If the communications cycle with the host controller is slow, the torque feedforward reference may be applied stepwise as shown on the left in the following figure.



You can set Pn426 (Torque Feedforward Average Movement Time) to a suitable value to create a smooth torque feedforward reference, as shown on the right in the above figure.

As a guideline, set Pn426 to the same value as the communications cycle.

	Torque Feedforward Average Movement Time Speed Position						
Pn426	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification		
	0 to 5,100 - 0		0	Immediately	Setup		

6.4.1 Relationship between the Host Controller and SERVOPACK

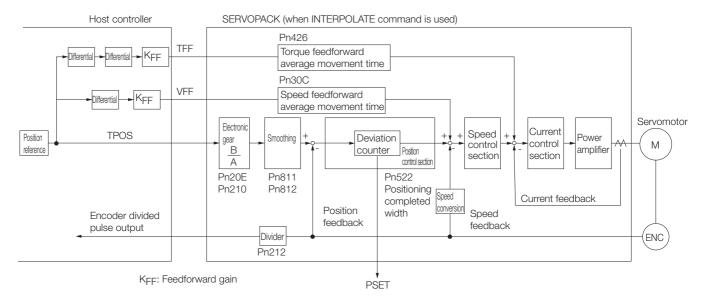
Speed Feedforward Function

The speed feedforward function applies feedforward compensation to position control to shorten the positioning time. The speed feedforward reference is created from the differential of the position reference at the host controller. Speed feedforward is specified with VFF (speed feedforward) in the position control command.

You can specify speed feedforward for the INTERPOLATE command.

6.4.1 Relationship between the Host Controller and SERVO-**PACK**

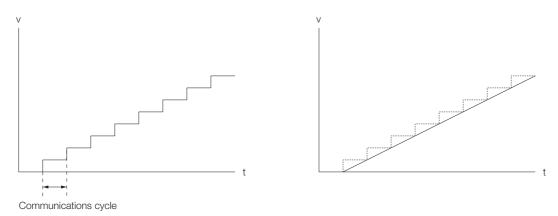
The following figure illustrates specifying speed feedforward in a command from the host controller when the SERVOPACK is performing speed control.



6.4.2 Setting Parameters

Speed Feedforward Average Movement Time (Pn30C)

If the communications cycle with the host controller is slow, the speed feedforward reference may be applied stepwise as shown on the left in the following figure.



You can set Pn30C (Speed Feedforward Average Movement Time) to a suitable value to create a smooth speed feedforward reference, as shown on the right in the above figure.

As a guideline, set Pn30C to the same value as the communications cycle.

	Speed Feedforward Average Movement Time Position						
Pn30C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification		
	0 to 5,100	_	0	Immediately	Setup		

6.5 Software Limit Function

This function forcibly stops the servomotor in the same way as the overtravel function when the moving part of the machine enters the software limit range specified by the parameters (common parameter 26 (Pn804), common parameter 28 (Pn806)).

The method for stopping the servomotor is the same as when an OT signal is input.

Conditions for Enabling the Software Limit Function

The software limit function is enabled when the following operations are completed. In other cases, the function remains disabled.

- Zero point return operation by the ZRET command is completed.
- The coordinate setting is completed after reference point setting (REFE = 1) by executing the POS_SET command.
- When using an absolute encoder, the sensor is turned on by the SENS_ON command.

Parameters Related to Software Limit Functions

Common Parameters	Name		Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
	Limit Se	etting				
	bit 0	P-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disabled)				
	bit 1	N-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disabled)				
	bit 2	Reserved				0000h
0.5	bit 3	Reserved	_	0h to 33h	-	
25	bit 4	P-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Enabled)	4			
	bit 5	N-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Enabled)				
	bit 6 to 31	Reserved				
26	Forward Software Limit		4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	1073741823
28	Reverse Software Limit		4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	-1073741823

Р	arameter	Meaning	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit
	n.□□□0	Enable both forward and reverse software limits.			
	n.□□□1	Disable forward software limit.			
	n.□□□2	Disable reverse software limit.			
	n.□□□3 (Factory setting)	Disable both forward and reverse software limits.			
Pn801	n.□□0□ (Factory setting)	Reserved	2	0000h to 0103h	-
	n.□0□□ (Factory setting)	Do not perform software limit checks for references.			
	n.□1□□	Perform software limit checks for references.			
	n.0□□□ (Factory setting)	Reserved			
Pn804		Forward Software Limit	4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit
Pn806		Reverse Software Limit	4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit

Software Limit Monitoring

Check servo command input signal monitoring bits P_SOT and N_SOT for software limits. Software limit operations are not performed in directions for which the software limit function is disabled, and the corresponding servo command input signal monitoring bit is always "0."

• Pn801 = n. \(\text{TX}\) \(\text{ (Software Limit Check for References)}\)
If the target position specified by a command such as POSING and INTERPOLATE is in the software limit range, positioning will be performed by using the software limit value as the target position.

6.6 Latch Function

Three types of current position latch function using an external signal input are available:

- Latching by using the move command with the latch function (EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET)
- Latching based on the latch request set by the LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 bits
- Continuous latch based on the latch request set by the LT_REQ2 bit

An overview of the latch operation is presented below.

Type Operation	Move Command with Latch Function	Latching Based on the Latch Request Set by the LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 Bits	Continuous Latch Based on the Latch Request Set by the LT_REQ2 Bit
Latch Operation	The slave station starts latching on reception of the command if LT_REQ1 = 1, and ends latching on input of the specified latch signal.	The slave station starts latching if LT_REQ1 = 1 and LT_REQ2 = 1, and ends latching on input of the specified latch signal.	The slave station starts latching if LT_REQ2 = 1, and repeats latching on input of the specified latch signal.
Canceling Latching	Cancelled by LT_REQ1 = 0 Cancelled when the slave station receives another command	Cancelled by LT_REQ1 = 0 and LT_REQ2 = 0	Cancelled by LT_REQ2 = 0
Checking Completion of Latching	Check L_CMP1.	Check L_CMP1 and L_C-MP2.	Check L_CMP2 and EX_STATUS.
Outputting Latched Position*	LPOS1	LPOS1, 2	LPOS2
Latching Allowable Area	According to the settings of Pr	n820 and Pn822	

^{*} The specification differs from that of the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile. Monitor the latched position by selecting the latched position with monitor selection bits SEL_MON1 to 3.

The relationship among the signals related to latching is shown in the diagram below.

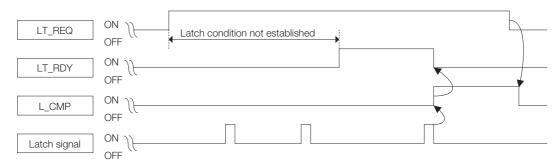
Even if a request for latching is made, latch signals will not be accepted until the latching conditions are satisfied.

Whether the latching conditions have been satisfied or not can be checked at LT_RDY1 and LT_RDY2 selected with common monitor 1 (CMN1) and common monitor 2 (CMN2). These monitors correspond to the 0th and 1st bits of the SV_STAT field of common parameter 89 (PnB12).

In either of the following cases, latching will not be performed since the latching conditions are not satisfied.

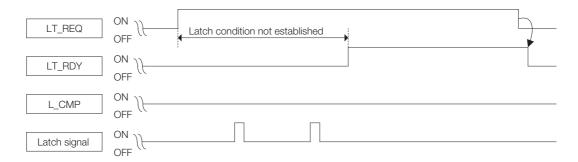
- Outside the latching allowable area set by parameters
- Inside the latching disabled area in the operation sequence for the ZRET command

Operation when Latching is Completed



6.6.1 Continuous Latch by LT_REQ2 Bit

Operation when Latching is not Completed

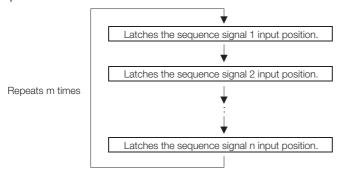


Latch Time Lag

- From reception of the command to latching start: 250 μs max.
- From completion of latching to transmission of a response: One communication cycle max.

6.6.1 Continuous Latch by LT_REQ2 Bit

This function sequentially latches the input positions of sequence signal 1 to sequence signal n (n = 1 to 8) a specified number of times. The continuous latch operation can be aborted by setting the LT_REQ2 bit to OFF (LT_REQ2 = 0). This function can shorten the time between latch completion and the start of the next latch, and enables sequential latch operations at high speed.



How to Start and Stop Continuous Latch Operation

Set the following parameters, and then set LT_REQ2 to "1" to start continuous latch operation. To abort the operation, set LT_REQ2 to "0."

Pn850: Number of Latch Sequences n

Pn851: Continuous Latch Sequence Count m (When m = 0, the continuous latch oper-

ation will be infinitely repeated.)

Pn852: Latch Sequence 1 to 4 Settings Pn853: Larch Sequence 5 to 8 Settings

Note: If Pn850 is set to "0" and LT_REQ2 to "0", normal latching will be performed.

◆ Latch Status

Latch completion can be confirmed by the following status.

[SVCMD_STAT]

L_CMP2: L_CMP2 is set to "1" for one communication cycle every time the external signal is input.

[EX_STATUS] EX_STATUS is allocated to OMN1 (Pn824) or OMN2 (Pn825). (Pn824 = 84h or Pn825 = 84h)

L_SEQ_NO (D8-D11):The latch sequence signal number (≤ n) on completion of latching of the current position

(Added on completion of position latching)

L_CMP_CNT (D0-D7): The continuous latch count (≤ m) (Added on completion of position latching when the latch sequence signal n is input.)

◆ Latched Position Data

The latest latched position data at completion of latching can be obtained by using the following monitor.

Name	Code	Remark
Feedback Latch Position	LPOS2	The latest latch signal input position

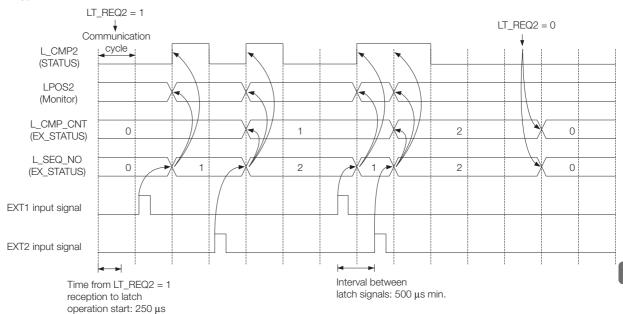
The previously latched position data can be obtained by using the following optional monitors.

Name	Code	Remark
Optional Monitor 1	OMN1	Pn824 = 81h: Previous latch (sequence) signal 2 input position (LPOS2)
Optional Monitor 2	OMN2	Pn825 = 81h: Previous latch (sequence) signal 2 input position (LPOS2)

Operation Example

An example of a continuous latch operation using two latch sequence signals EXT1 and EXT2 is illustrated below.

(The parameters are set as follows: Pn850 = 2, Pn851 = 2 or more, Pn852 = 0021h, Pn853 = any)



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6.6.1 Continuous Latch by LT_REQ2 Bit

Setting Parameters

Param	eter	Name		Data Size	Setting	Unit	Factory	
No.	Digit	INC	une		(Byte)	Range	Offic	Setting
Pn850		Number of Latch S	Sequ	ences	2	0 to 8	-	0
Pn851	1	Continuous Latch	Sequ	uence Count	2	0 to 255	_	0
		Latch Sequence 1	to 4	Settings	2	0000h to 3333h	-	0000h
			0	Phase C				
	1	Latch Sequence	1	EXT1 signal	_	0 to 3	_	0
	'	Signal Selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 0		o o
		_	3	EXT3 signal				
Pn852	2	Latch Sequence 2 Signal Selection	As	As above				
	3	Latch Sequence 3 Signal Selection	As	above				
	4	Latch Sequence 4 Signal Selection	As above					
		Latch Sequence 5	to 8 Settings		2	0000h to 3333h	-	0000H
			0	Phase C				
	1	Latch Sequence	1	EXT1 signal	_	0 to 3		0
	Į.	Signal Selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 0	_	
			3	EXT3 signal				
Pn853	2	Latch Sequence 6 Signal Selection	As above					
	3	Latch Sequence 7 Signal Selection	As	above				
	4	Latch Sequence 8 Signal Selection	As	As above				



- The minimum interval between latch signals is 500 ms. An interval between latch signals that is longer than the communication cycle is required to continuously obtain latched position data.
- If two latch signals are input without allowing the minimum required interval, only the first latch signal input position will be latched. The second latch signal will be ignored.

 The parameters Pn850 to Pn853 can be changed only while the continuous latch operation is
- stopped.

6.6.2 Setting the Latching Allowable Area

Use the following parameters to set the latching allowable area.

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn820	Forward Latching Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0
Pn822	Reverse Latching Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0

Latch signal input is enabled when the following two conditions are satisfied.

- Within the latching allowable area set by Pn820 and Pn822
- The LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 bits of the SVCMD_CTRL field is set to "1" (requesting latching).*
- * For the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile, the conditions are different.

The above conditions for enabling latch signal input are valid for the latch operation for any command.

• When Pn820 > Pn822



• When Pn820 ≤ Pn822



6.7

Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function

This function switches all of the acceleration/deceleration parameters that are used for positioning at the same time.

Register the acceleration/deceleration parameter settings in a bank before starting operation, and specify bank selector BANK_SEL1 in the data field of the command to switch the acceleration/deceleration parameter settings to those of the registered bank.

Specifying a Bank

Specify a bank with the BANK_SEL1 bits of the SVCMD_IO field of the command.

Name	Description	Setting Data
BANK_SEL1 (4 bits)	Bank selector 1 (acceleration/deceleration bank)	Bank 0 to 15

Note: If a bank number larger than the bank number set in Pn900 is specified (BANK_SEL1 ≥ Pn900), the parameter bank will not switch and the currently active bank will be used. The parameters will not switch while DEN = 0 (Distributing) either.

Parameter Bank Setting

Set the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Factory Setting
Pn900	Number of Parameter Banks	2	0 to 16	0
Pn901	Number of Parameter Bank Members	2	0 to 15	0
Pn902 to Pn910	Parameter Bank Member Definition	2	0000h to 08FFh	0
Pn920 to Pn95F*	Parameter Bank Data	2	0000h to FFFFh Depends on bank mem- ber.	0

^{*} The parameters Pn920 to Pn95F will not be stored in the non-volatile memory. They need to be set every time the power is turned ON.

◆ Parameters that can be Registered as Bank Members

The following parameters can be registered as parameter bank members by parameters Pn902 to Pn910.

For 4-byte parameters, one parameter must be registered as two consecutive members. (See Setting Example 2.)

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn80A	First Stage Linear Acceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80B	Second Stage Linear Acceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80C	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn80D	First Stage Linear Deceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80E	Second Stage Linear Deceleration Constant	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn80F	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn834	First Stage Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100

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Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn836	Second Stage Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn838	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0
Pn83A	First Stage Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn83C	Second Stage Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s ²	100
Pn83E	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0
Pn810	Exponential Acceleration/ Deceleration Bias	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn811	Exponential Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0
Pn812	Movement Average Time	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0
Pn846	S-Curve Acceleration/ Deceleration Ratio	2	0 to 50	%	0

Setting Procedure

- STEP1
- 1. Set Pn900 (Number of Parameter Banks) to m.
- **2.** Set Pn901 (Number of Parameter Bank Members) to n. Set Pn900 and Pn901 so that Pn900 × Pn901 ≤ 64.
- 3. Register bank member parameter numbers using parameters Pn902 to Pn910.
- **4.** To enable the bank function, execute the CONFIG command or turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.

■ STEP2

5. Set the data of each bank in the parameter bank data area from the leading parameter Pn920 in order as shown below.

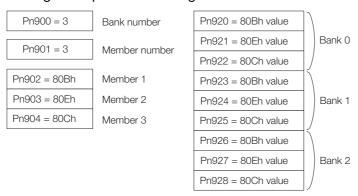
```
Bank 0: Pn920 to Pn (920 + n - 1)
Bank 1: Pn (920 + n) to Pn (920 + 2n-1)
:
Bank m - 1: Pn \{920 + (m - 1) \times n\} to Pn (920 + m \times n - 1)
```

Note: 1. If parameters Pn900 to Pn910 set in STEP 1, 2, and 3 are saved in the non-volatile memory, carry out STEP 5 only after turning the power ON the next and subsequent times.

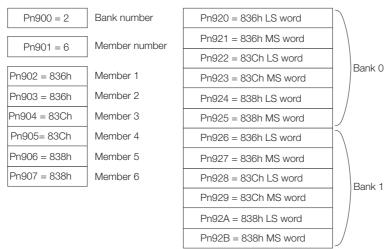
However, if you turn the power supply OFF and then ON again after saving parameters Pn900 to Pn910 in the non-volatile memory (i.e. with the bank function enabled), and start the operation without setting parameters Pn920 to Pn95F, the operation will be carried out under the condition that all bank data is set to 0 (zero) or the minimum setting.

2. If parameters Pn900 to Pn910 set in STEP 1, 2, and 3 are not saved in the non-volatile memory, carry out STEP 1 to 5 each time the power supply is turned ON.

• Setting Example 1: Switching three banks of members Pn80B, Pn80E, and Pn80C



• Setting Example 2: Switching two banks of members Pn836, Pn83C, and Pn838



Application Notes

- If Pn900 (Number of Parameter Banks) or Pn901 (Number of Parameter Bank Members) is set to 0, the bank function will be disabled.
- If one parameter is registered for more than one bank member definition, the bank data of the biggest bank member definition parameter number will be applied.
- The acceleration/deceleration parameter high-speed switching function is enabled only while DEN = 1 (distribution completed). The parameters will not switch while DEN = 0 (distributing). However, this does not apply to changing the S-curve acceleration/deceleration ratio (Pn846).
- In the following cases, error A.04A (Parameter Setting Error 2) will occur when the power supply is turned back ON or CONFIG command is executed.
 - One 4-byte parameter is not registered for two consecutive bank members.
 - The total number of bank data entries exceeds 64 (Pn900 × Pn901 > 64).
- If a parameter that is not allowed to be a bank member is registered, the bank data of the parameter-registered member will become invalid.
- Bank data that exceeds the setting range of the registered bank member parameter will be clamped to a value within the setting range.
- If a bank number larger than the bank number set in Pn900 is specified (BANK_SEL1 ≥ Pn900), the parameter bank will not switch and the currently active bank will be used.
- The parameters Pn920 to Pn95F will not be stored in the non-volatile memory. They need to be set every time the power is turned ON.

Detecting Alarms/ Warnings Related to Communications or Commands

7

This chapter describes the alarms and warnings that may occur in MECHATROLINK-III communications. For alarms and warnings that are not described in this manual, refer to the applicable manual for design and maintenance of the SERVOPACK.

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7.1

Communication Related Alarms

The table below shows the communication alarms that may occur in MECHATROLINK-III communications.

If an error is found in the command or data that a SERVOPACK receives, the SERVOPACK returns the corresponding alarm code (in the COMM_ALM bit of the CMD_STAT field of the response).

At the same time, the alarm code is displayed on the SERVOPACK.

		Alarm	ı in Response		SERV	OPACK :	Side
Category	COM- M_ALM	Name	Meaning	Remedy	Stop- ping Method	Alarm Code	Alarm Reset
Commu- nication Setting Error	0	Communication data size setting error	The received data size does not match the data size set at the local station. The communication data reception status after starting communication is abnormal.	Review the number of transmission bytes (S3). Review the communication setting of the controller.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E41	Possi- ble
	0	Station address set- ting error	The station address setting is invalid or a station assigned the same station address exists in the communication network.	Review the station addresses (S1, S2).	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E42	Impos- sible
Communication Establishment Error	В	Transmis- sion cycle setting error	An unsupported transmission cycle was set on reception of a CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle setting of the controller.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E40	Possi- ble
	С	Synchroniza- tion failure	On reception of the CONNECT command and then the SYN-C_SET command, the WDT data is not refreshed in each communication cycle and the communication timing cannot be synchronized.	Review the WDT processing of the controller. Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E51	Possi- ble

Continued from previous page

		Alarm	Continued from previous page. SERVOPACK Side				
Category	COM- M_ALM	Name	n in Response Meaning	Remedy	Stop- ping Method	Alarm Code	Alarm Reset
Communication Error	9	Data reception error	Data reception errors occurred twice consecutively after completing the execution of the CONNECT command. (Influence of noise, etc.) An error is detected on the communication LSI.	Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command. If the alarm continues, replace the SERVO-PACK.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E60	Possi- ble
	8	FCS error	FCS errors occurred twice consecutively after completing the execution of the CONNECT command. (Influence of noise, etc.)	Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E62	Possi- ble
	А	Synchro- nous frame not received	The synchronous frame not received state was detected twice consecutively after completing the execution of the CONNECT command. (Influence of noise, etc.)	Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E63	Possi- ble
	С	Synchroniza- tion error	The controller is not refreshing the WDT data in each communication cycle after completing communication synchronization (in communication phase 3).	Review the WDT processing of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E50	Possi- ble
Commu- nication	В	Transmis- sion cycle error	The transmission cycle interval varied after completing the execution of the CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle interval of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.E61	Possi- ble
Synchro- nization Error	0	Internal synchroniza- tion error	The transmission cycle interval varied after completing the execution of the CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle interval of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, turn OFF the power and then turn it back ON.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.E02	Impos- sible
	0	Internal synchroniza- tion error	The transmission cycle interval varied after completing the execution of the CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle interval of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALMCLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.EA2	Possi- ble

Continued from previous page.

		Alarm	in Response		SERVOPACK Side		
Category	COM- M_ALM	Name	Meaning	Remedy	Stop- ping Method	Alarm Code	Alarm Reset
System Error	0	Communication LSI initialization error	The initialization process of the communication LSI failed.	Replace the SERVO-PACK.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.b6A	Impos- sible
	0	Communica- tion LSI error	An error is detected on the communication LSI.	Take countermeasures against noise. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.b6b	Impos- sible
Parame- ter Error	0	Parameter setting error	The parameter settings are not correct when turning the power ON or on execution of the CONFIG command. Cause 1: There is an error in the bank parameter settings. (Refer to 6.7 Acceleration/Deceleration/Deceleration/Parameter Highspeed Switching Function for details.) Cause 2: The settings of the reserved parameters have been changed as follows. Pn200 = n.□X□□ is not set to 1. Pn207 = n.□□X□ is not set to 1. Pn50A≠*881h Pn50C≠8888h Pn50D≠88888h	Correct invalid parameter settings. Correct the settings manually or through communication as appropriate.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.04A	Possi- ble
Com- mand Execu- tion Error	0	Command timeout error	The execution of the SV_ON or SENS_ON command was not completed within the set period.	Send the command while the motor is stopped.	Zero- speed stop- ping	A.ED1	Possi- ble

7.2 Warnings Related to Communication and Commands

Warnings are divided into two categories, warnings related to data reception and procedures in MECHATROLINK-III communications and warnings related to the validity of commands.

7.2.1 Communication Errors (COMM_ALM)

The table below shows the warnings related to procedures in MECHATROLINK-III communications.

When an error of this kind is detected, the warning code is displayed on the SERVOPACK as well.

If any of these warnings occur, the relevant command will not be executed because the command data is not properly received. The operation of the servomotor continues. Therefore, the response will be the same as that of the previous command.

Category		Alarm in Respon	se	SERVOPACK Side		
	COM- M_ALM	Meaning	Remedy	Warning Code	Warning Code Reset	
Commu- nica- tions Warning	2	Communication error	Check communication	A.960	Necessary	
	1	FCS error	connections.	A.962		
	3	Synchronization frame not received	Take countermeasures against noise.	A.963	1100000019	

If a warning A.96 \square occurs during the interpolation operation (INTERPOLATE), the interpolation operation at the current feed speed continues within the communication cycle in which the warning A.96 \square was detected.

7.2.2 Command Errors (CMD_ALM)

The table below shows the warnings related to the validity of commands.

When an error of this kind is detected, the warning code is displayed on the SERVOPACK as well.

		Alarm in Response		SERVOP	ACK Side			
Category	CMD_ ALM	Meaning	Remedy	Warning Code	Warning Code Reset	Remark		
Data Setting Warning	9	Parameter numbers or data addresses are incorrect.		A.94A				
	9	The data in the command is invalid.		A.94b	- Cleared auto-matically	The command received on occurrence of the warning will be ignored. The		
	9	The combination of data settings is incorrect.	Review the content of the command data sent by the controller.	A.94C				
	The data size specified by th command is incorrect. The data is specified outside range for the relevant data.		(Refer to the setting conditions of each command and parameter.)	A.94d		servomotor continues its operation.		
	1	The data in the command is beyond the limit. It will be clamped at the limit value.		A.97b	Cleared auto- matically	The command will be executed with the data clamped at the limit value.		

7.2.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

Continued from previous page.

		Alarm in Response	SERVOP	ACK Side		
Category	CMD_ ALM	Meaning	Remedy	Warning Code	Warning Code Reset	Remark
	А	The command sequence is incorrect.		A.95A		
	8	An unsupported command has been received.		A.95b	- Cleared auto- matically	
Com-	Α	Latch command interferes.	Review the command sending sequence of	A.95d		
mand Warning	В	Subcommand and main command interfere.	the controller. (Refer to the conditions of	A.95E		_
Ü	8	An illegal command has been received.	each command.)	A.95F		
	С	A command not allowed in this communication phase has been received.		A.97A		

On reception of a normal command after a command error has occurred, CMD_ALM (A.94 \square and A.95 \square) is cleared automatically.

7.2.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

You can monitor the command data that is received when an alarm or warning occurs, such as a data setting warning (A.94 \square) or a command warning (A.95 \square) by using the following parameters. The following is an example of the data when an alarm or warning has occurred in the normal state.

Command Data Monitor during Alarm/Warning: Pn890 to Pn8A6 Response Data Monitor during Alarm/Warning: Pn8A8 to Pn8BE

Command Buta Saguenas	Command Data Storage Whe	en an Alarm or Warning Occurs
Command Byte Sequence	CMD	RSP
0	Pn890 = n.□□□□□□XX	Pn8A8 = n.□□□□□□XX
1	Pn890 = n.□□□□XX□□	Pn8A8 = n.□□□□XX□□
2	Pn890 = n.□□XX□□□□	Pn8A8 = n.□□XX□□□□
3	Pn890 = n.XX□□□□□□	Pn8A8 = n.XX□□□□□□
4 to 7	Pn892	Pn8AA
8 to 11	Pn894	Pn8AC
12 to 15	Pn896	Pn8AE
16 to 19	Pn898	Pn8B0
20 to 23	Pn89A	Pn8B2
24 to 27	Pn89C	Pn8B4
28 to 31	Pn89E	Pn8B6
32 to 35	Pn8A0	Pn8B8
36 to 39	Pn8A2	Pn8BA
40 to 43	Pn8A4	Pn8BC
44 to 47	Pn8A6	Pn8BE

Note: Data is stored in little endian byte order and displayed in the hexadecimal.

Common Parameters

8

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8.1

Overview

Common parameters are assigned common parameter numbers that are defined in the standard servo profile and are independent of individual devices. The utilization of common parameters means that parameters can be read or set without using parameter numbers or names specific to individual devices.

To read or set common parameters, select "common parameters" in the MODE field of the SVPRM_RD or SVPRM_WR command.

In the common parameters, there are various parameters that have equivalent functions to device parameters (Pn0 to Pn8 to Pn8 to Pn8 to this SERVOPACK. As shown in the following example, setting either the common parameter or the device parameter will change the value of the corresponding parameter. Refer to the following section for details.

8.3 Common Parameters and Corresponding Device Parameters on page 8-11

The units (number of significant digits) differ between common parameters and device parameters ($Pn0\square\square$ to $Pn8\square\square$). Therefore, the values are converted between them as shown in the example below so that the device can operate at the accuracy defined with the device parameters.

Example

Changing the position loop gain

Common Parameter		Σ-7 Device Parameter
No. 63 = 40.000		Pn102 = 40.00
Changed ↓		
No. 63 = <u>50.005</u>	ightarrow Converted $ ightarrow$	Pn102 = 50.00
		Changed ↓
No. 63 = 60.010	← Converted ←	Pn102 = <u>60.01</u>

.2 List of Common Parameters

The following table lists the common MECHATROLINK-III parameters. These common parameters are used to make settings from the host controller via MECHATROLINK communications. Do not change the settings with the Digital Operator or any other device.

Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication
	4	Encoder Ty tion (read o	rpe Selec- only)	Oh or 1h	_	-	All	-	
01									
PnA02		0000h	Absolute	encoder					
		0001h	Incremen	tal encoder					
	4	Motor Type (read only)	Selection	0h or 1h	_	-	All	-	
00									
02 PnA04		0000h	Rotary Se	ervomotor					
		0001h	Linear Se	ervomotor					
	4	Semi-close closed Sele (read only)		0h or 1h	_	-	All	-	
03		1			1	1.	II.	I.	
PnA06		0000h	Semi-clo	sed					atior
		0001h	Fully-clos	sed					Jr. Jr.
									infe
04 PnA08	4	Rated Moto (read only)	or Speed	0 to FFFFFFF	1 min ⁻¹	-	All	-	Device information
05 PnA0A	4	Maximum (Speed (rea	Output d only)	0 to FFFFFFF	1 min ⁻¹	_	All	-	
06 PnA0C	4	Speed Mul (read only)	tiplier	-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	-	_	All	_	
07 PnA0E	4	Rated Torq (read only)	ue	0 to FFFFFFF	1 N·m	_	All	-	
08 PnA10	4	Maximum (Torque (rea		0 to FFFFFFF	1 N·m	-	All	_	
09 PnA12	4	Torque Mul (read only)	Itiplier	-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	-	_	All	_	
0A PnA14	4	Resolution (read only)		0 to FFFFFFF	1 pulse/rev	-	Rotary	-	
0B PnA16	4	Scale Pitch	1	0 to 65,536,000	1 nm [0.01 μm]	0	Linear	After restart*1	
0C PnA18	4	Pulses per Pitch (read		0 to FFFFFFF	1 pulse/ pitch	-	Linear	_	

Continued from previous page.

								trom previo	
Parameter No.	Size	Nam	е	Setting Range	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication
21 PnA42	4	Electronic Go (Numerator)	ear Ratio	1 to 1,073,741,824	_	16	All	After restart	
22 PnA44	4	Electronic Go (Denominato		1 to 1,073,741,824	_	1	All	After restart	
23 PnA46	4	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset		-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	1 reference unit	0	All	Immedi- ately*1	
24 PnA48	4	Multiturn Lin Setting	nit	0 to 65,535	1 Rev	65535	Rotary	After restart	
	4	Limit Setting	J	0h to 33h	_	0000h	All	After restart	_
									S
		Bit 0		(0: Enabled, 1: Di					Machine specifications
		Bit 1		Г (0: Enabled, 1: D	isabled)				fica
25 PnA4A		Bit 2		rved.					eCi.
PIIA4A		Bit 3	Rese						ds e
		Bit 4		OT (0: Disabled, 1:					hin
		Bit 5		OT (0: Disabled, 1:	Enabled)				Mac
		Bits 6 to 31	Rese	rved.					_
				-1,073,741,823					
26 PnA4C	4	Forward Sof Limit	tware	to 1,073,741,823	1 reference unit	10737418 23	All	Immedi- ately	
27 PnA4E	4	Reserved pa (Do not use.		-	-	0	All	Immedi- ately	
28 PnA50	4	Reverse Software Limit		-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	1 reference unit	-1073741 823	All	Immedi- ately	
29 PnA52	4	Reserved pa (Do not use.		-	_	0	All	Immedi- ately	
	4	Speed Unit Selection*2		0 to 4	_	0	All	After restart	
		0000h	Reference	e units/s					
41		0001h	Reference	e units/min					
PnA82		0002h	Percenta	ge (%) of rated spe	eed*3				
		0003h	min ^{-1*3}						
		0004h		n motor speed/400	000000h*4				
		*== :!!							gs
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		ı	ttiu
		Speed Base Selection*3, *							Unit settings
42		(Set the valu	ie of n					After	n
PnA84	4	from the follo	owing eed unit	-3 to 3	_	0	All	restart	
		selection (41							
		× 10 ⁿ)							-
	4	Position Unit Selection	t	0	_	0	All	After restart	
43									
PnA86		0000h	Reference	e units					
							0	ad -:- ::	

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Parameter No.	Size	Nar	me	Setting Range	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled
44 PnA88	4	Position Base Unit Selection (Set the value of n from the following formula: Position unit selection (43 PnA86) × 10 ⁿ)		0	-	0	All	After restart
	4	Acceleration Selection	n Unit	0	_	0	All	After restart
45				1	1			
PnA8A		0000h	Reference	units/s ²				
46 PnA8C	4	Acceleration Base Unit Selection (Set the value of n from the following formula: Acceleration unit selection (45 PnA8A) × 10 ⁿ)		4 to 6	-	4	All	After restart
	4	Torque Uni Selection	· ·	1h or 2h	-	1	All	After restart
47				,				
+7 PnA8E		0001h	Percenta	ge (%) of rated tord	que			
		0002h	Maximum	n torque/40000000)h*5			
48 PnA90	4	Torque Base Unit Selection*5 (Set the value of n from the following formula: Torque unit selection (47 PnA8E) × 10 ⁿ)		-5 to 0	_	0	All	After restart
	4	Supported tems (read		-	_	0601011F h	All	_
	4			-	-		All	_
	4		only)	-	-		All	-
	4	tems (read	only)	- sference units/s (1:	- Enabled)		All	-
	4	tems (read	only) ts	eference units/s (1:			All	-
	4	Speed Unit	ts Re	•	(1: Enabled)	h	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1	only) ts Re Re	ference units/min	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E	h	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2	only) ts Re Re Pe mi	reference units/min or of rate	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E	h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3	ts Re Re Pe mi	ference units/min orcentage (%) of raten of the orcentage (1: Enable of the orcent of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4	only) ts Re Re Ma Ma	eference units/min ercentage (%) of rate of the following	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8	only) ts Re Re Re Re Re Ri Re	eference units/min ercentage (%) of rate of the following	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d).	h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur	only) ts Re Re Re Re Re Ri Re	oference units/min of procentage (%) of rate of the procentage (%) of rate of the procent of the	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled)	h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8	ts Re Re Mi Re	oference units/min of procentage (%) of rate of the procentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled)	h Enabled)	All	
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Un Bit 8 Bits 9 to 18	ts Re Re Re Re Re Ri Re	oference units/min of procentage (%) of rate of the procentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ted) ted/4000000h (ted/40000000h (ted/4000000h (ted/400000h (ted/4000000h (ted/400000h (ted/40000h (ted/4000h (ted/40000h (ted/4000h (ted/400h (ted/4000h (ted/400h (te	h Enabled)	All	-
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8 Bits 9 to 19 Acceleration	responsible to the control only) ts Responsible to the control only only only only only only only on	oference units/min of preentage (%) of rate of the preentage of the pree	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled)	Enabled)		
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8 Bits 9 to 18 Acceleration Bit 16	responsible to the control only) Its Responsible to the control only only only only only only only on	oference units/min of procentage (%) of rate of the procentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled) e required to re	Enabled)		
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8 Bits 9 to 19 Acceleration Bit 16 Bit 17	ts Re	oference units/min of procentage (%) of rate of the procentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled) e required to re	Enabled)		
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Unit Bit 8 Bits 9 to 18 Acceleration Bit 16 Bit 17 Bits 18 to 2	Re	oference units/min of preentage (%) of rate of a preentage of the preentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled) e required to re d).	Enabled) (1: Enabled) ach rated sp		
49 PnA92	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8 Bits 9 to 18 Acceleration Bit 16 Bit 17 Bits 18 to 2 Torque Unit	Re	oference units/min of preentage (%) of rate of a preentage of the preentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled) e required to re d).	Enabled) (1: Enabled) ach rated sp		
	4	Speed Unit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bits 5 to 7 Position Ur Bit 8 Bits 9 to 18 Acceleration Bit 16 Bit 17 Bits 18 to 2 Torque Unit Bit 24	responsible to the control only) Its Responsible to the control only only only only only only only on	oference units/min of preentage (%) of rate of a preentage of the preentage of	(1: Enabled) ted speed (1: E ed) ed/4000000h (d). nabled) d). : Enabled) e required to re d).	Enabled) (1: Enabled) ach rated sp		

Continued from previous page.

				I	1		Continued	from previo	ous page.
Parameter No.	Size	Nar	me	Setting Range	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication
61 PnAC2	4	Speed Loo	p Gain	1,000 to 2,000,000	0.001 Hz [0.1 Hz]	40000	All	Immedi- ately	
62 PnAC4	4	Speed Loo Time Cons		150 to 512,000	1 μs [0.01 ms]	20000	All	Immedi- ately	
63 PnAC6	4	Position Lo	op Gain	1,000 to 2,000,000	0.001/s [0.1/s]	40000	All	Immedi- ately	
64 PnAC8	4	Feedforwar pensation	rd Com-	0 to 100	1%	0	All	Immedi- ately	
65 PnACA	4	Position Logral Time C		0 to 5,000,000	1 μs [0.1 ms]	0	All	Immedi- ately	
66 PnACC	4	Positioning pleted Wid	Com- th	0 to 1,073,741,824	1 reference unit	7	All	Immedi- ately	
67 PnACE	4	Near Signa	ıl Width	1 to 1,073,741,824	1 reference unit	10737418 24	All	Immedi- ately	
81 PnB02	4	Exponentia ation/Dece Time Cons	leration	0 to 510,000	1 μs [0.1 ms]	0	All	Immedi- ately ^{*6}	
82 PnB04	4	Average M Time	ovement	0 to 510,000	1 μs [0.1 ms]	0	All	Immedi- ately ^{*6}	
83 PnB06	4	External Po Final Travel		-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	1 reference unit	100	All	Immedi- ately	
84 PnB08	4	Origin App Speed	roach	Oh to 3FFFFFFh	10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	5,000 ref- erence units/s con- verted to 10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	All	Immedi- ately	
85 PnB0A	4	Origin Retu Speed	ırn Creep	Oh to 3FFFFFFh	10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	500 reference units/s con- verted to 10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning
86 PnB0C	4	Final Travel for Origin F		-1,073,741,823 to 1,073,741,823	1 reference unit	100	All	Immedi- ately	
	4	Fixed Moni tion 1	tor Selec-	0 to F	-	1	All	Immedi- ately	
87 PnB0E		0000h 0001h 0002h 0003h 0004h 0005h 0006h 0007h 0008h 0009h 000Ah 000Bh 000Ch 000Dh 000Eh	Reserved CMN1 (co	(undefined value). (undefined value). common monitor 1) common monitor 2) ptional monitor 2)					
		000Fh	OMN2 (o	ptional monitor 2)					

Continued from previous page.								
pplicable	When	Classi-						
Motors	Fnahled	fication						

Parameter No.	Size	Name Fixed Monitor Selec-		Setting Ra	ange	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled
	4	Fixed Monition 2	tor Selec-	0 to F		_	0	All	Immedi- ately
88 PnB10		0000h to 000Fh	The setting	igs are the s	ame as	s those for Fixed	d Monito	Selection 1.	
	4	SEL_MON Monitor Se	(CMN1) lection 1	0 to 9)	-	0	All	Immedi- ately
	0000h 0001h 0002h 0003h 0004h 0005h		TPOS (target position in reference coordinate system) IPOS (reference position in reference coordinate system) POS_OFFSET (offset set in POS_SET (Set Coordinate System) command) TSPD (target speed) SPD_LIM (speed limit) TRQ_LIM (torque limit) SV_STAT Monitor Description Byte 1: Current communications phase 00h: Phase 0 01h: Phase 1 02h: Phase 2 03h: Phase 3 Byte 2: Current control mode 00h: Position control mode 01h: Speed control mode 01h: Speed control mode 02h: Torque control mode Byte 3: Reserved Byte 4: Expansion signal monitor						nmand)
			00h: Po 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E	osition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig	mode mode	onitor		0.111	
			00h: Po 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F	osition contro beed control rque control Reserved	mode mode gnal m	onitor Description	Value	Setting Latch detection	
89 PnB12			00h: Po 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E	osition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig	mode mode gnal me Latch cessirified b	e enitor escription detection pro- ng status spec- y LT_REQ1 in	0	Latch detection processed.	n not yet
		0006h	00h: Pc 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E	osition control deed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessii ified k SVCN Latch	onitor Description detection prong status spectoy LT_REQ1 in ID_CTRL detection pro-		Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processing later detection de	n not yet ch ogress.
		0006h	00h: Pc 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E	osition control deed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name	mode mode gnal m	e conitor description detection prong status spec- by LT_REQ1 in dD_CTRL	0	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Latch detection processed. Processing late	n not yet ch ogress. n not yet
		0006h	00h: Pc 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit	osition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal m	ponitor Description detection prong status specy LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status specy LT_REQ2 in	0 1 0	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in pro Latch detection processed.	n not yet ch ogress. n not yet
		0006h	00h: Pc 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch cessir ified to SVCN	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL	0 1 0 1	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processing late detection in processing later detection detection in processing later detection dete	ch pogress.
		0006h	O0h: Pc 01h: Sp 02h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0	osition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch cessir ified to SVCN	ponitor Description detection prong status specy LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status specy LT_REQ2 in	0 1 0 1 0	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed.	ch not yet ch not yet ch not yet ch cogress.
		0006h	O0h: Pc O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch cessir ified to SVCN	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL	0 1 0 1 0	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processing late detection in processed. Phase C External input s	ch pogress. In not yet ch pogress. In not yet ch pogress. signal 1 signal 2
		0006h	O0h: Pc O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch cessir ified to SVCN	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL	0 1 0 1 0 1 2	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed detection in processed. External input section in processed.	ch pogress. In not yet ch pogress. In not yet ch pogress. signal 1 signal 2
		0006h	O0h: Pool o1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bits 2 and 3	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL signal	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3	Latch detection processed. Processing lated detection in processed. Processing lated detection processed. Processing lated detection in processed. Processing lated detection in processed. External input selection in processed.	ch pogress. In not yet ch pogress. Signal 1 signal 2 signal 3
		0006h	O0h: Pc O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bits 2 and 3	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified to SVCN Latch	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. External input selection in processed.	ch not yet ch cogress. In not yet ch cogress. Signal 1 signal 2 signal 3 signal 1
		0006h	Oh: Po O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bits 2 and 3 Bits 4 and 5	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1 LT_SEL1R LT_SEL2R	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch Latch Latch Latch	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL signal	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. External input security in the security input security in the security in th	ch not yet ch opgress. In not yet ch opgress. Signal 1 Signal 3 Signal 1 Signal 2
			O0h: Pc O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bits 2 and 3 Bits 4 and 5	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1 LT_SEL1R LT_SEL2R Reserved (C	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch Latch Latch Latch	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL signal	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. External input settlement	ch not yet ch opgress. In not yet ch opgress. Signal 1 Signal 3 Signal 1 Signal 2
		0006h	Oh: Po O1h: Sp O2h: To Byte 3: F Byte 4: E Bit Bit 0 Bit 1 Bits 2 and 3 Bits 4 and 5	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1 LT_SEL1R LT_SEL2R Reserved (C	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch Latch Latch Latch	detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL signal	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. External input sector in processed in processed.	ch not yet ch ogress. n not yet ch ogress. signal 1 signal 2 signal 3 signal 1 signal 2 signal 3
			Oh: Pool of the Street of the Street of Street	esition control peed control rque control Reserved Expansion sig Name LT_RDY1 LT_RDY1 LT_SEL1R LT_SEL2R Reserved (C	mode mode gnal me E Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch cessir ified b SVCN Latch Latch Latch Latch	ponitor Description detection prong status spectory LT_REQ1 in MD_CTRL detection prong status spectory LT_REQ2 in MD_CTRL signal Lower 32 bits	0 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 3 3 0 of initial	Latch detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection processed. Processing late detection in processed. Processing late detection in processed. External input settlement	ch not yet ch opgress. In not yet ch opgress. Signal 1 Signal 2 Signal 3 Signal 2 Signal 3 Signal 3

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Parameter	0.				Setting Unit	Default	Applicable	When	Classi-
No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	[Resolution]	Setting	Motors	Enabled	fication
	4	SEL_MON (CI Monitor Selec	MN2) tion 2	0 to 9	_	0	All	Immedi- ately	
8A PnB14		0000hto 0009h The	e setting	gs are the same as	those for SEL	_MON Monit	tor Selection	1.	
8B PnB16	4	Origin Detection Width	on	0 to 250	1 reference unit	10	All	Immedi- ately	
8C PnB18	4	Forward Torqu	ıe Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	
8D PnB1A	4	Reverse Torqu	ie Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	
8E PnB1C	4	Zero Speed D tion Range	etec-	1,000 to 10,000,000	10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	20000	All	Immedi- ately	
8F PnB1E	4	Speed Coincidence Signal Detection Width		0 to 100,000	10 ⁻³ min ⁻¹	10000	All	Immedi- ately	ameters
	4	Control Field E	Servo Command Control Field Enable/ Disable Selections (read only)		-	OFFF3F3F h	All	_	Command-related parameters
									nd-r
		Bit 0	CI	MD_PAUSE (1: Ena	abled)				ша
		Bit 1	CI	CMD_CANCEL (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 2 and 3	S	STOP_MODE (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 4 and 5	A	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 6 and 7	Re	Reserved (0: Disabled).					
90		Bit 8	LT	_REQ1 (1: Enable	d)				
PnB20		Bit 9	LT	LT_REQ2 (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 10 and 1	l LT	_SEL1 (1: Enabled	d)				
		Bits 12 and 13	3 LT	_SEL2 (1: Enabled	d)				
		Bits 14 and 15	5 Re	eserved (0: Disable	ed).				
		Bits 16 to 19	SE	EL_MON1 (1: Enab	oled)				
		Bits 20 to 23	SE	EL_MON2 (1: Enab	oled)				
		Bits 24 to 27	SE	EL_MON3 (1: Enab	oled)				
		Bits 28 to 31	Re	eserved (0: Disable	ed).				

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Parameter					Setting Unit	Default	Applicable	When	Classi-
No.	Size	Name	S	etting Range	[Resolution]	Setting	Motors	Enabled	fication
	4	Servo Status Field Enable/Disable Selections (read only)		-	0	0FFF3F33 h	All	-	
		Bit 0	CMD_PAUSE_CMP (1: Enabled)						
		Bit 1	CMD.	_CANCEL_CMF	Control (1: Enabled)				
				rved (0: Disable	,				
		Bits 4 and 5	ACCF	FIL (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 6 and 7	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).				
		Bit 8	L_CN	1P1 (1: Enabled	l)				
91		Bit 9	L_CN	1P2 (1: Enabled	l)				
PnB22		Bit 10	POS_	_RDY (1: Enable	ed)				
		Bit 11	PON	(1: Enabled)					
		Bit 12	M_R	OY (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 13 SV_ON (1: Enabled)							
		Bits 14 and 15 Reserved (0: Disabled).							
		Bits 16 to 19 SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)							nete
		Bits 20 to 23 SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)							arar
		Bits 24 to 27 SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)							<u>p</u>
		Bits 28 to 31	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).				ate
							I		Command-related parameters
	4	Output Bit Enable/ Disable Selections (read only)		-	-	007F01F0 h	All	_	Comr
		Bits 0 to 3	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).				
		Bit 4	V_PF	l (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 5	P_PF	l (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6	P_CL	(1: Enabled)					
92		Bit 7	N_CL	(1: Enabled)					
PnB24		Bit 8	G_SE	EL (1: Enabled)					
		Bits 9 to 11	G_SE	EL (0: Disabled)					
		Bits 12 to 15	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).				
		Bits 16 to 19	BAN	K_SEL (1: Enab	led)				
		Bits 20 to 22	SO1	to SO3 (1: Enal	oled)				
		Bit 23	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).	-			
		Bits 24 to 31	Rese	rved (0: Disable	ed).				
			_						

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Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit [Resolution]	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication
	4	Input Bit Enable/Dis- able Selections (read only)					_	
93 PnB26		Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bit 5 Bit 6 Bit 7 Bit 8 Bit 9 Bit 10 Bit 11 Bit 12 Bit 13 Bit 14 Bit 15 Bit 15 Bit 15 Bit 10 Bit 11 Bit 12 Bit 11 Bit 12 Bit 13 Bit 14 Bit 15 Bit 15 Bit 16 Bit 17 Bit 18 Bit 19 Bit 19 Bit 19	Reserved (0: Disable DEC (1: Enabled) P-OT (1: Enabled) P-OT (1: Enabled) P-OT (1: Enabled) EXT1 (1: Enabled) EXT2 (1: Enabled) EXT3 (1: Enabled) EXT3 (1: Enabled) EXT9 (1: Enabled) EXT9 (1: Enabled) EXT9 (1: Enabled) EXT9 (1: Enabled) P-SOT (1: Enabled) EXT9 (1: Enabled)	ed).				Command-related parameters

- *1. The parameter setting is enabled after the SENS_ON command is received.
- *2. When using fully-closed loop control, set the reference units/s.
- *3. If you set the Speed Unit Selection (parameter 41) to either 0002h or 0003h, set the Speed Base Unit Selection (parameter 42) to a number between -3 and 0.
- *4. If you set the Speed Unit Selection (parameter 41) to 0004h, set the Speed Base Unit Selection (parameter 42) to 0.
- *5. If you set the Torque Unit Selection (parameter 47) to 0002h, set the Torque Base Unit Selection (parameter 48) to 0.
- *6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (i.e., while DEN is set to 1). If you change the setting during operation, the reference output will be affected.

Common Parameters

Q

Common Parameters and Corresponding Device Parameters

Category	Common Parameters	Meaning	Corresponding Device Parame- ter	Remark
	1	Encoder Type	_	_
	2	Motor Type	_	_
	3	Semi-Closed/Fully-Closed Type	_	_
	4	Rated Speed	_	_
Device Infor-	5	Maximum Output Speed	_	_
mation	6	Speed Multiplier	_	_
Related	7	Rated Torque	_	_
Parameters	8	Maximum Output Torque	_	_
	9	Torque Multiplier	_	_
	0A	Resolution (Rotary)	_	_
	0B	Scale Pitch (Linear)	_	_
	0C	Pulses per Scale Pitch (Linear)	_	_
	21	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	Pn20E	_
	22	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	Pn210	_
	23	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Pn808	_
Machine	24	Multiturn Limit Setting	Pn205	_
Specifica- tion Related Parameters	25	Limit Setting	Pn50A Pn50B Pn801	-
Parameters	26	Forward Software Limit	Pn804	_
	27	Reserved by System	_	_
	28	Reverse Software Limit	Pn806	_
	29	Reserved by System	_	_
	41	Speed Unit	_	_
	42	Speed Base Unit	_	_
	43	Position Unit	_	_
Unit System Related	44	Position Base Unit	_	_
Parameters	45	Acceleration Unit	_	_
i didiliotoro	46	Acceleration Base Unit	_	_
	47	Torque Unit	_	_
	48	Torque Base Unit	_	_
	61	Speed Loop Gain	Pn100	_
	62	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn101	_
Adjustment	63	Position Loop Gain	Pn102	_
Related	64	Feedforward Compensation	Pn109	_
Parameters	65	Position Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn11F	_
	66	Positioning Completed Width	Pn522	_
	67	Near Signal Width	Pn524	_

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Category	Common Parameters	Meaning	Corresponding Device Parameter	Remark
	81	Exponential Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant	Pn811	_
	82	Movement Average Time	Pn812	_
	83	External Positioning Final Travel Distance	Pn814	EX_POS- ING, EX FEED
	84*1	Origin Approach Speed	Pn817, Pn842	ZRET
	85* ²	Origin Approach Speed	Pn818, Pn844	ZRET
	86	Final Travel Distance for Origin Return	Pn819	ZRET
	87	Monitor Selection 1	_	_
	88	Monitor Selection 2	_	_
	89	Monitor Select for SEL_MON1	_	_
	8A	Monitor Select for SEL_MON2	_	_
0	8B	Origin Detection Range	Pn803	_
Command Related	8C	Forward Torque Limit	Pn404	_
Parameters	8D	Reverse Torque Limit	Pn405	_
	8E	Zero Speed Detection Range	Rotational servomotor: Pn502, Linear servomo- tor:Pn581	_
	8F	Speed Coincidence Signal Detection Width	Rotational servomotor: Pn503, Linear servomo- tor:Pn582	_
	90	Servo Command Control Field Enabled/Disabled	_	_
	91	Servo Command Status Field Enabled/Disabled	_	_
	92	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Output)	_	_
	93	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Input)	_	

^{*1.} The common parameter 84 is linked with Pn817 or Pn824. At factory setting, the value of Pn817 is effective. When Pn817 is set to zero or a value outside the allowable range, the value of Pn824 will become effective. After the value of Pn824 become effective, the value stays effective even if the value of Pn817 within the allowable range is set to parameter 84.

^{*2.} The common parameter 85 is linked with Pn818 or Pn844. At factory setting, the value of Pn818 is effective. When Pn818 is set to zero or a value outside the allowable range, the value of Pn844 will become effective. After the value of Pn844 become effective, the value stays effective even if the value of Pn818 within the allowable range is set to parameter 85.

Virtual Memory Space

9

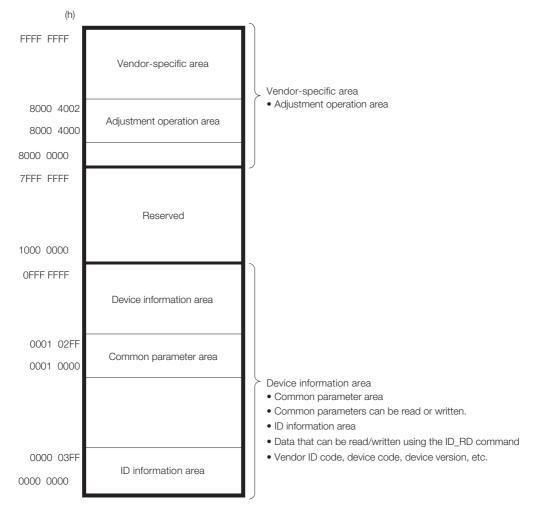
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9.1

Virtual Memory Space

The virtual memory space is the memory area that can be accessed by using the read memory command (MEM_RD: 1Dh) and write memory command (MEM_WR: 1Eh).

By adopting the concept of virtual memory, the memory areas that vary among devices and vendors can be accessed at common addresses.



9.2

Information Allocated to Virtual Memory

The ID information, common parameter and adjustment operation areas are allocated to virtual memory.

9.2.1 ID Information Area

When accessing virtual memory using the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command, use virtual memory addresses. The address map is given below.

For details, use the ID_CODE from the following table and refer to the following section.
3.1.2 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03h) on page 3-4

Data in this area can also be read by using the ID_RD command.

(h)		ID_CODE	(h)		ID_CODE	(h)		ID_CODE
0000 00DF			0000 02BF	Reserved		0000 3FFF		
			0000 02A0	Sub Device 2 Version	A8h		Reserved	
	List of Supported	30h	0000 029F					
	Main Commands	3011				0000 03A0	Sub Device 6 Version	E8h
				Outs Devices O Noves	A 01-	0000 039F		
0000 00C0				Sub Device 2 Name	A0h			
0000 00BF	Reserved	_						
0000 008C	Reserved	_	0000 0280				Sub Device 6 Name	E0h
0000 0084	MAC Address	_	0000 027F	Reserved				
0000 0004	IVIAC Address	_	0000 0260	Sub Device 1 Version	98h			
0000 0080	Supported Communication Mode	20h	0000 025F			0000 0380		
	Reserved (00000000h)							
	Reserved (00000000h)			Sub Device 1 Name	90h		Reserved	
	Profile Type (Current Value)	1Dh		Sub Device i Name	9011			
0000 0070	Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Value)	1Ch				0000 0360	Sub Device 5 Version	D8h
0000 006C	Number of Transmission Bytes	1Bh	0000 0240			0000 035F		
0000 0068	Maximum Value of Communication Cycle	1Ah	0000 023F					
0000 0064	Minimum Value of Communication Cycle	19h		Reserved				
0000 0060	Granularity of Transmission Cycle	18h	0000 0220				Sub Device 5 Name	D0h
0000 005C	Maximum Value of Transmission Cycle	17h	0000 021F					
0000 0058	Minimum Value of Transmission Cycle	16h						
0000 0054	Profile Version 3	15h				0000 0340		
0000 0050	Profile Type 3	14h		Main Device Name	80h			
0000 004C	Profile Version 2	13h					Reserved	
0000 0048	Profile Type 2	12h						
0000 0044	Profile Version 1	11h	0000 0200			0000 0320	Sub Device 4 Version	C8h
0000 0040	Profile Type 1	10h	0000 01FF			0000 031F		
0000 003C	Reserved (0000000h)			Reserved				
0000 0038	Reserved (00000000h)		0000 0120					
0000 0034			0000 011F				Sub Device 4 Name	C0h
	Serial No.	06h		List of Supported	40h			
	Serial No.	0011		Common Parameters	4011	0000 0300		
						0000 02FF	Reserved	
0000 0018			0000 0100			0000 02E0	Sub Device 3 Version	B8h
0000 0014	Supported Extended Address	05h	0000 00FF			0000 02DF		
0000 0010	Device Definition File Version	04h						
0000 000C	Device Version	03h		List of Supported	38h		Sub Device 3 Name	B0h
0000 0008	Device Code	02h		Subcommands	3011		345 501.00 0 Namo	5011
0000 0004	Vendor ID Code	01h						
0000 0000	Reserved (00000000h)		0000 00E0			0000 02C0		

9.2.2 Common Parameter Area

When accessing virtual memory using the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command, use virtual memory addresses. The address map is given below.

Data in this area can also be read using the SVPRM_RD or SVPRM_WR command.

For details, use the common parameter number from the following table and refer to the following section.

8.2 List of Common Parameters on page 8-3

(h)		Common Parameter No.	(h)		Common Parameter No.
0001 0124	Supported Unit	49h	0001 FFFF		
0001 0120	Torque Base Unit	48h			
0001 011C	Torque Unit	47h		Reserved (00000000h)	_
0001 0118	Acceleration Base Unit	46h	0001 0250		
0001 0114	Acceleration Unit	45h	0001 024C	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled	93h
0001 0110	Position Base Unit	44h	0001 0248	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled	92h
0001 010C	Position Unit	43h	0001 0244	SVCMD_STAT field Enabled/Disabled	91h
0001 0108	Speed Base Unit	42h	0001 0240	SVCMD_CTRL field Enabled/Disabled	90h
0001 0104	Speed Unit	41h	0001 023C	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	8Fh
0001 0100	Reserved (0000000h)	-	0001 0238	Zero Speed Detection Range	8Eh
0001 00FC			0001 0234	Reverse Torque Limit	8Dh
	Reserved (0000000h)	-	0001 0230	Forward Torque Limit	8Ch
0001 00A4			0001 022C	Origin Detection Range	8Bh
0001 00A0	Reverse Software Limit	28h	0001 0228	Monitor Select for SEL_MON2	8Ah
0001 009C	Reserved (0000000h)	-	0001 0224	Monitor Select for SEL_MON1	89h
0001 0098	Forward Software Limit	26h	0001 0220	Monitor Selection 2	88h
0001 0094	Limit Setting	25h	0001 021C	Monitor Selection 1	87h
0001 0090	Multiturn Limit	24h	0001 0218	Final Travel Distance for Homing	86h
0001 008C	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	23h	0001 0214	Homing Creep Speed	85h
0001 0088	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	22h	0001 0210	Homing Approach Speed	84h
0001 0084	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	21h	0001 020C	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	83h
0001 0080			0001 0208	Movement Average Time	82h
	Reserved (0000000h)	-	0001 0204	Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant	81h
0001 0034			0001 0200	Reserved (0000000h)	=
0001 0030	Pulses per Scale Pitch	0Ch	0001 01FC		
0001 002C	Linear Scale Pitch	0Bh		Reserved (0000000h)	-
0001 0028	Resolution (Rotary)	0Ah			
0001 0024	Torque Multiplier	09h	0001 01A0		
0001 0020	Maximum Output Torque	08h	0001 019C	NEAR Signal Width	67h
0001 001C	Rated Torque	07h	0001 0198	Positioning Completed Width	66h
0001 0018	Speed Multiplier	06h	0001 0194	Position Loop Integral Time Constant	65h
0001 0014	Maximum Output Speed	05h	0001 0190	Feedforward Compensation	64h
0001 0010	Rated Speed	04h	0001 018C	Position Loop Gain	63h
0001 000C	Semi-Closed/Fully-Closed Type	03h	0001 0188	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	62h
0001 0008	Motor Type	02h	0001 0184	Speed Loop Gain	61h
0001 0004	Encoder Type	01h	0001 0180	Reserved (0000000h)	
0001 0000	Reserved (0000000h)	-	0001 0128	neserveu (uuuuuuuuri)	

9

9.2.3 Adjustment Operation Area

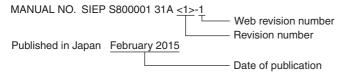
Use the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command to access this area. The address map is given below. Refer to the following section for the command communications procedure for adjustment operations.

3.1.10 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1Eh) on page 3-21.

Address		Description	Data Size (Byte)	Data Type		
8000 4000h	Name	Command code	2	Binary Data		
8000 400011	Description	The area where the command codes specifying adjustment operations are written				
8000 4002h	Name	Start command	2	Binary Data		
6000 4002H	Description	The area where commands for preparing or starting adjustment operations are written				

Revision History

The date of publication, revision number, and web revision number are given at the bottom right of the back cover. Refer to the following example.



Date of Publication	Rev. No.	Web Rev. No.	Section	Revised Contents
September 2019	<4>	0	6.2, 6.3.1	Deletion: Description of the Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Allocation (Pn81F)
March 2019	<3>	0	Preface	Partly revised.
			2.6.1	Revision: Description of the SVCMD_IO (Output) field
			Back cover	Revision: Address
October 2017	<2>	1	2.6.1	Revision: Description of the SVCMD_IO (Output) field
June 2017		0	Front cover	Revision: Format
			Preface	Partly revised.
			2.5.1, 2.6, 3.1.2, 5.1	Addition: Information on the Σ-7F Integrated Servomotor (Model: SGF7□-□□□□□□□□□□□□]
			2.7.3	Revision: Monitor data list
			3.2.18	Revision: Description of data format
			Back cover	Revision: Address and format
February 2015	<1>	-	All chapters	Complete review.
			Back cover	Revision: Address
April 2014	_	_	_	First edition

Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-III Communications Standard Servo Profile **Command Manual**

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